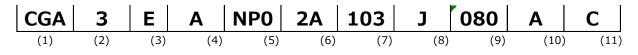
| DELIVE | ERY SPE | <u>CIFI</u> | CATIC | <u>)N</u> | | lo. A-ESD | <u> </u> |
|--|---|-------------|---|---------------------|-----------|-------------------------|----------|
| То | | | Νοι | n-Co | ntroll | ed Co | ру |
| CUSTOMER'S PR | RODUCT NAME | | Bulk and | YER CEI Tape pac | RAMIC CH | IP CAPACI CoHS compl | |
| If orders are place accepted by your s | specification to TDK d without returned s side. | pecificat | | | | t specificat | ion is |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | DATE: | ١ | /EAR | MON | NTH | DAY |
| Test conditions | in this specificatio | on base | d on AEC-C | 200 for | automotiv | ve applica | tion. |
| TDK Corporation Sales Electronic Compon Sales & Marketing | | Electr | eering onic Compon nic Capacitors | | | any | |
| APPROVED | Person in charge | AF | PROVED | CHE | CKED | Person in | charge |

| APPROVED | Person in charge | APPROVED | CHECKED | Person in charge |
|----------|------------------|----------|---------|------------------|
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |
| | | | | |

CATALOG NUMBER CONSTRUCTION



(1) Series

(2) Dimensions L x W (mm)

| Code | EIA | Length | Width | Terminal width |
|------|--------|--------|-------|-------------------|
| 3 | CC0603 | 1.60 | 0.80 | 0.20 |

(3) Thickness code Code Thickness

Code Thickness E 0.80mm

2 0.001111

| (4) Voltage | condition for life test |
|-------------|-------------------------|
| Symbol | Condition |
| А | ESD protection |
| | |

(5) Temperature characteristics

| Temperature characteristics | Temperature coefficient | Temperature range |
|--------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------|
| C0G | 0±30 ppm/℃ | -55 to +125℃ |
| NP0 | 0±30 ppm/℃ | -55 to +150℃ |

(6) Rated voltage (DC)

| Code | Voltage (DC) |
|------|--------------|
| 2A | 100V |

(7) Nominal capacitance (pF)

The capacitance is expressed in three digit codes and in units of pico Farads (pF). The first and second digits identify the first and second significant figures of the capacitance. The third digit identifies the multiplier. R designates a decimal point.

| (Example) | 0R5 = 0.5pF |
|-----------|---------------------------|
| | 101 = 100pF |
| | 225 = 2,200,000pF = 2.2µF |

(8) Capacitance tolerance Code Tolerance

Code Tolerance J ±5%

| (9) Thickness | | |
|---------------|-----------|--|
| Code | Thickness | |
| 080 | 0.80mm | |

(10) Packaging style

| Δ 178mm reel 4mm nitch | Code | Style | |
|------------------------|------|-----------------------|--|
| | А | 178mm reel, 4mm pitch | |

(11) Special reserved code

| Code | Description |
|------|--------------------|
| A,C | TDK inttermal code |

This delivery specification shall be applied to Multilayer ceramic chip capacitors to be delivered to

PRODUCTION PLACES

Production places defined in this specification shall be TDK Corporation, TDK(Suzhou)Co.,Ltd and TDK Components U.S.A.,Inc.

PRODUCT NAME

The name of the product to be defined in this specifications shall be <u>CGA3EAOOO2A</u>.

REFERENCE STANDARD

| JIS C 5101-1:2010 | Fixed capacitors for use in electronic equipment-Part 1: Generic specification |
|-----------------------|---|
| C 5101-21 : 2014 | Fixed capacitors for use in electronic equipment-Part21 : Sectional specification |
| | : Fixed surface mount multilayer capacitors of ceramic dielectric, Class1 |
| C 0806-3:2014 | Packaging of components for automatic handling - Part 3: Packaging of |
| | surface mount components on continuous tapes |
| JEITA RCR-2335 C 2014 | Safety application guide for fixed ceramic capacitors for use in electronic |
| | equipment |

CONTENTS

- 1. CODE CONSTRUCTION
- 2. OPERATING TEMPERATURE RANGE
- 3. STORING CONDITION AND TERM
- 4. INDUSTRIAL WASTE DISPOSAL
- 5. PERFORMANCE
- 6. INSIDE STRUCTURE AND MATERIAL
- 7. PACKAGING
- 8. SETTING UP FOR ESD TEST
- 9. CAUTION
- 10. TAPE PACKAGING SPECIFICATION

<EXPLANATORY NOTE>

When the mistrust in the spec arises, this specification is given priority. And it will be confirmed by written spec change after conference of both posts involved.

This specification warrants the quality of the ceramic chip capacitor. Capacitors should be evaluated or confirmed a state of mounted on your product.

If the use of the capacitors goes beyond the bounds of this specification, we can not afford to guarantee.

| Division | Date | SPEC. No. |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|-----------|
| Ceramic Capacitors Business Group | March, 2021 | A-ESD-f |

1. CODE CONSTRUCTION

| (Exa | mple) | CGA (1) | <u>3</u> (2) | <u>E</u> (3) | <u>A</u> (4) | <u>C0G</u> (5) | <u>2</u> A (6) | <u>103</u> (7) | (| <u>J</u> 8) | <u>T</u> (9) | | <u>)00</u> 10) | |
|---|---|---|---|--|--|--|--------------------------------------|--------------------|------------|--|-----------------|--------------------|--|------------------------------|
| (1) S | eries | | | | | | | Sv | mbol | | | S | Series | |
| | | | | | | | | | GA | С | eram utom | ic ch | | acitor fo ation |
| (2) C | ase siz | e | | | | | | Term | inal e | lectro | de | | | |
| | | 1 | <u> </u> | B | G | | B | × w | | | | | | |
| | | I | nterna | l electro | ode / | | | T | | | | | | |
| | | | | | Cera | mic dieleo | ctric | | | | | | | |
| | Cas | se size | | | | [| Dimensi | ons (Unit | : mn | n) | | | | |
| ymbol | TDK(E | EIA style | e) | L | | V | / | Т | | | В | | G | |
| 3 | CGA3 | (CC0603 | 3) - | 1.60±0 | .10 | 0.80± | 0.10 | 0.80± | 0.10 | 0 | .20 m | nin. | 0.30 m | nin. |
| (3) TI | hicknes | S | | | | | | | S | ymbc | bl | Dime | ension(| mm) |
| | | | | | | | | | | Е | | | 0.80 | |
| • • | | tion for I | | • | | at 5 PEI | REORM | | S | ymbc | bl | | ntificat | |
| * D | etails a s for a | re show | n in Ta | able 1 | No.16 | at 5.PEI refer to d | | ANCE. le on TDł | | | | | | |
| * D ※ A web. | etails a s for a empera | re show pplied E ture Cha | n in Ta SD le tracter | able 1 evel, p | No.16 lease | | etail pag | e on TDł | | ymbc | | | ntificat | |
| * D ※ A web. (5) Te * D | etails a s for a empera | re show pplied E ture Cha re show | n in Ta SD le tracter | able 1 evel, p | No.16 lease | refer to d | etail pag | e on TDł | < <u> </u> | ymbc | | ES | ntificat | citor |
| * D ※ A web. (5) Te * D | etails a s for a empera etails a | re show pplied E ture Cha re show | n in Ta SD le tracter | able 1 evel, p | No.16 lease | refer to d | etail pag | e on TDł | < <u> </u> | ymbc A | | ES Rat | ntificat D capa | citor age |
| * D | etails a s for a empera etails a ated Vo | ture show pplied E ture Cha tre show pltage | n in Ta SD le tracter n in Ta | able 1 evel, p istics able 1 | No.16 lease | refer to d | etail pag | e on TDł | < | ymbo A ymbo | 01 | ES Rate | ntificat D capa ed Volt C 100 | citor age V |
| * D ※ A web. (5) Te * D (6) R (7) R S T | etails a s for a empera etails a ated Vo ated Ca tated in he first | ture show pplied E ture Cha tre show oltage apacitanc three dig and Sec | n in Ta SD le racter n in Ta ce gits and ond di | able 1 evel, p istics able 1 d in uni | No.16 lease No.6 a its of p entify | refer to d at 5.PERI ico farada the first a | etail pag FORMA s (pF). and | e on TDł NCE. | | ymbo A ymbo 2 A | 01 | ES Rate | ed Volt | age V |
| * D ※ A web. (5) Te * D (6) R (7) R S Ti set | etails a s for a empera etails a ated Vo ated Ca tated in he first econd s | ture show pplied E ture Cha tre show oltage apacitanc three dig and Sec | n in Ta SD le racter n in Ta gits and ond di t figur | able 1 evel, p istics able 1 igits id es of t | No.16 lease No.6 a its of p entify he cap | ico farada the first a bacitance | etail pag FORMA s (pF). and | e on TDł NCE. | | ymbo A ymbo 2 A ymbo | 01 | ES Rate | ed Volt C 100 capa | age V |
| * D | etails a s for a empera- betails a ated Vo ated Ca tated in he first econd s he third | ture show pplied E ture Cha tre show oltage apacitand three dig and Sec ignifican | n in Ta SD le racter n in Ta jits and ond di t figur ntifies | able 1 evel, p istics able 1 igits id es of t | No.16 lease No.6 a its of p entify he cap | ico farada the first a bacitance | etail pag FORMA s (pF). and | e on TDł NCE. | | ymbo A ymbo 2 A ymbo | | ES Rate Cap | ed Volt C 100 capa | age V e 00 pF |
| * D | etails a s for a empera- betails a ated Vo ated Ca tated in he first econd s he third | ture Show pplied E ture Cha tre Show oltage apacitane three dig and Sec ignifican digit ider | n in Ta SD le racter n in Ta jits and ond di t figur ntifies | able 1 evel, p istics able 1 igits id es of t | No.16 lease No.6 a its of p entify he cap | ico farada the first a bacitance | etail pag FORMA s (pF). and | e on TDł NCE. | | ymbo A ymbo 2 A ymbo 103 | | ES Rate Capa | ed Volt C 100 capa | age V e 00 pF ce |
| * D ※ A web. (5) Te * D (6) R (7) R (7) R ST St th (8) C | etails a s for a empera- betails a ated Vo ated Ca tated in he first econd s he third | apacitane digit ider nce toler | n in Ta SD le racter n in Ta jits and ond di t figur ntifies | able 1 evel, p istics able 1 igits id es of t | No.16 lease No.6 a its of p entify he cap | ico farada the first a bacitance | etail pag FORMA s (pF). and | e on TDł NCE. | | ymbo A 2 A ymbo 103 ymbo | | ES Rate Capa | ed Volt C 100 ed acitanc 10,00 | age V e 00 pF ce |
| * D ※ A web. (5) Te * D (6) R (7) R (7) R ST St th (8) C | etails a s for a empera etails a ated Vo ated Ca tated in he first econd s ie third apacita | apacitane digit ider nce toler | n in Ta SD le racter n in Ta jits and ond di t figur ntifies | able 1 evel, p istics able 1 igits id es of t | No.16 lease No.6 a its of p entify he cap | ico farada the first a bacitance | etail pag FORMA s (pF). and | e on TDł NCE. | | ymbo A 2 A ymbo 1 0 3 ymbo J | | ES Rate Capa | ed Volt C 100 ed acitanc 10,00 oleranc ± 5 % | age V e 00 pF ce |

(10) TDK internal code

| OFLICATING | | | | | | |
|------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------|--|--|--|
| T.C. | Min. operating Temperature | Max. operating Temperature | Reference Temperature | | | |
| COG | -55°C | 125°C | 25°C | | | |
| NP0 | -55°C | 150°C | 25°C | | | |

2. OPERATING TEMPERATURE RANGE

3. STORING CONDITION AND TERM

| Storing temperature | Storing humidity | Storing term |
|---------------------|------------------|-------------------------------|
| 5~40°C | 20~70%RH | Within 6 months upon receipt. |

4. INDUSTRIAL WASTE DISPOSAL

Dispose this product as industrial waste in accordance with the Industrial Waste Law.

5. PERFORMANCE

| No. | ltem | Performance | Test or inspection method | | | |
|---------------------------------|--|---|--|--|--|--|
| 1 | External Appearance | No defects which may affect performance. | Inspect with magnifying glass(3x) | | | |
| 2 | Insulation Resistance | 10,000MΩ min. | Measuring voltage : Rated voltage Voltage application time : 60s. | | | |
| 3 | Voltage Proof | Withstand test voltage without insulation breakdown or other damage. | Apply voltage : 3 × rated voltage Voltage application time : 1s. Charge/discharge current : 50mA or lower | | | |
| 4 | Capacitance | Within the specified tolerance. | | | | |
| | | | Rated CapacitanceMeasuring frequencyMeasuring voltage | | | |
| | | | 1000pF 1MHz±10% 0.5 ~ 5V | | | |
| | | | Over 1000pF 1kHz±10% rms. | | | |
| 5 | Q | Please refer to detail page on TDK web. | See No.4 in this table for measuring condition. | | | |
| 6 | Temperature Characteristics of Capacitance | T.C.Temperature Coefficient (ppm/°C)COG 0 ± 30 NP0 0 ± 30 Capacitance driftWithin $\pm 0.2\%$ or $\pm 0.05pF$, whichever larger. | Temperature coefficient shall be calculated based on values at 25°C an 85°C temperature. Measuring temperature below 25°C shall be -10°C and -25°C. | | | |
| 7 Robustness of Terminations | | No sign of termination coming off, breakage of ceramic, or other abnormal signs. | Reflow solder the capacitors on a P.C.Board shown in Appendix 2. Apply a pushing force gradually at the center of a specimen in a horizontal direction of P.C.board. Pushing force : 17.7N Holding time : 10±1s. | | | |

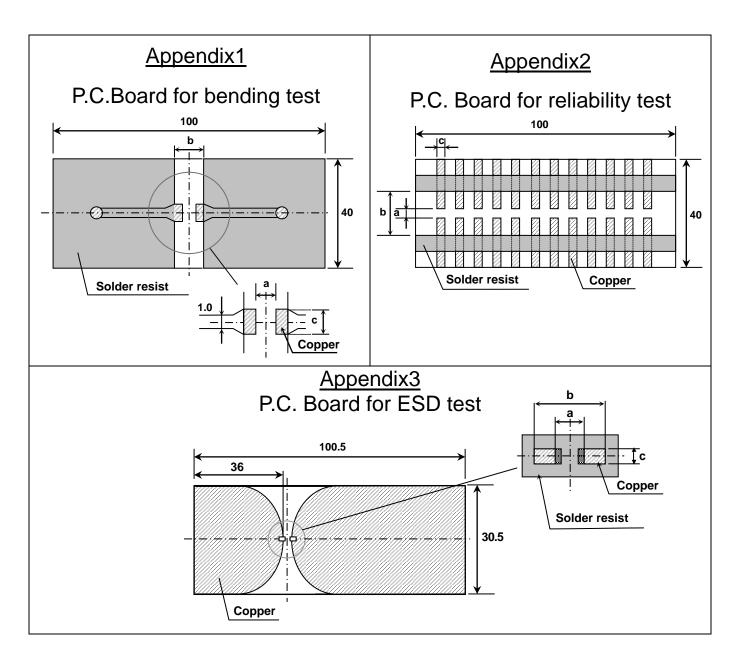
(continued)

| No. | lte | m | Perfe | ormance | Test o | r inspection method |
|-----|---------------------------------|--|---|---|--|---|
| 8 | Bending | | No mechanica | I damage. | P.C.Board sh | r the capacitor on a own in Appendix1. 50 + F R230 1 + F 1 + 2 (Unit : mm) |
| 9 | Solderability | / | termination. 25% may have rough spots bu in one spot. Ceramic surfa shall not be | at not concentrated ace of A sections exposed due to ting of termination | Solder : Flux : Solder temp. : Dwell time : Solder position : | Sn-3.0Ag-0.5Cu Isopropyl alcohol (JIS K 8839) Rosin (JIS K 5902) 25% solid solution. 245±5°C 3±0.3s. Until both terminations are completely soaked. |
| 10 | Resistance to solder heat | External appearance Capacitance Q Insulation Resistance Voltage proof | | hall be covered with new solder. Change from the value before test ±2.5% spec. | Leave the cap | Sn-3.0Ag-0.5Cu Isopropyl alcohol (JIS K 8839) Rosin (JIS K 5902) 25% solid solution. 260 \pm 5°C 10 \pm 1s. Until both terminations are completely soaked. Temp. — 110~140°C Time — 30~60s. pacitors in ambient condition pre measurement. |
| 11 | Vibration | External appearance Capacitance | No mechanica Characteristics C0G NP0 Meet the initial | Change from the value before test ±2.5% | Cycle : 12 cy perpe Reflow solde | |

(continued)

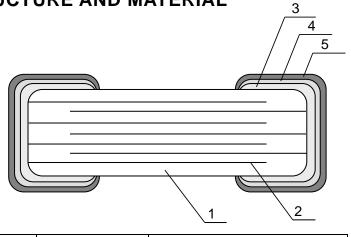
| No. | lte | em | Per | formance | | Test or inspection r | nethod | | | |
|-----|------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|---|--|--|-----------------|----------|----------------|--|
| 12 | Temperature cycle | External appearance | No mechanical | damage. | Expose the capacitors in the condition step1 through step 4 listed in the following table. | | | | | |
| | | Capacitance | Characteristics | Change from the | Temp. c | ycle: 1,000 cycles | | | | |
| | | | | value before test Please contact | Step | Temperature(°C) | Time (min.) | | | |
| | | | C0G NP0 | with our sales representative. | 1 | Min. operating temp. ±3 | 30 ± 3 | | | |
| | | 0 | Meet the initial | SDEC | 2 | Ambient Temp. | 2 ~ 5 | | | |
| | | Q | | 0000 | 3 | Max. operating temp. ±2 | 30 ± 2 | | | |
| | | | | | 4 | Ambient Temp. | 2 ~ 5 | | | |
| | | Insulation Resistance | Meet the initial | spec. | | /lin./ Max. operating "2.OPERATING TE ". | | | | |
| | | Voltage proof | No insulation damage. | breakdown or other | | Leave the capacitors in ambient condition fo 6~24h before measurement. | | | | |
| | | | | | Reflow solder the capacitors on a P.C.Board shown in Appendix 2 before testing. | | | | | |
| 13 | Moisture Resistance | External appearance | No mechanical | damage. | Test temp. : 40±2°C Test humidity : 90~95%RH | | | | | |
| | (Steady State) | Capacitance | Capacitance | Capacitance | Capacitance | | Change from the | Test tim | ne: 500 +24,0h | |
| | Olaic) | Characte | | value before test | Leave the capacitors in ambient condition 6~24h before measurement. | | | | | |
| | | | C0G NP0 | Please contact with our sales representative. | Reflow | Reflow solder the capacitors on a | | | | |
| | | | 250 min | | P.C.Board shown in Appendix2 befor testing. | | dix2 before | | | |
| | | Q | 350 min. | | | | | | | |
| | | Insulation Resistance | 1,000MΩ min. | | - | | | | | |
| 14 | Moisture Resistance | External appearance | No mechanical | damage. | Test temp. : 85±2°C Test humidity : 85%RH | | | | | |
| | | Capacitance | | | | voltage : Rated vo | ltage | | | |
| | | | Characteristics | Change from the value before test | | Test time : 1,000 +48,0h Charge/discharge current : 50mA or lov Leave the capacitors in ambient condition 6~24h before measurement. | | | | |
| | | | C0G NP0 | Please contact with our sales representative. | Leave th | | | | | |
| | | Q | 200 min. | | P.C.Boa | solder the capacito ard shown in Appen | | | | |
| | | Insulation | 500MΩ min. | | testing. | | | | | |
| | | Resistance | | | | | | | | |

| (0 | ontinued) | | r | | |
|-----|-----------|--------------------------|---|---|---|
| No. | lte | em | Pe | rformance | Test or inspection method |
| 15 | Life | External appearance | No mechanical | damage. | Test temp. : Maximum operating temperature±2°C Applied voltage : Please contact with |
| | | Capacitance | Characteristics Change from the value before test | | our sales representative. Test time : 1,000 +48,0h |
| | | | C0G NP0 | Please contact with our sales representative. | Charge/discharge current : 50mA or lower |
| | | Q | 350 min. | | Leave the capacitors in ambient condition for 6~24h before measurement. |
| | | Insulation Resistance | 1,000MΩ min. | | Reflow solder the capacitors on a P.C.Board shown in Appendix2 before testing. |
| 16 | ES | SD | breakdown. | rage capacitor | Reflow Solder the capacitors on a P.C.Board shown in Appendix3 before testing. Circuit condition : IEC 61000-4-2 (Cs : 150pF / Rd : 330 Ω) Test method : Direct contact Number of ESD pulse : ±10 times As for applied ESD level, please refer to detail page on TDK web. After each ESD pulse, dissipation of residual charge shall be done with applying 1M Ω resistance for 1 sec min. |



| | Appendix 1, 2 | | | (Unit : mm) |
|---------------------------|-----------------|-----|-------------|-------------|
| 1. Material : Glass Epoxy | Case size | 0 | b | |
| (As per JIS C6484 GE4) | TDK(EIA style) | а | d | C |
| 2. Thickness : 1.6mm | CGA3(CC0603) | 1.0 | 3.0 | 1.2 |
| Copper(Thickness:0.035mm) | Appendix 3 (ESD | | (Unit : mm) | |
| | Case size | 2 | b | 6 |
| | TDK(EIA style) | а | U | С |
| | CGA3(CC0603) | 1.0 | 3.0 | 0.75 |

6. INSIDE STRUCTURE AND MATERIAL



| No. | NAME | MATERIAL |
|-----|-------------|-------------|
| 1 | Dielectric | CaZrO₃ |
| 2 | Electrode | Nickel (Ni) |
| 3 | | Copper (Cu) |
| 4 | Termination | Nickel (Ni) |
| 5 | | Tin (Sn) |

7. PACKAGING

Packaging shall be done to protect the components from the damage during transportation and storing, and a label which has the following information shall be attached.

- 7.1 Each plastic bag for bulk packaging contains 1000pcs. And the minimum quantity for Bulk packaging is 1000pcs.
- 7.2 Tape packaging is as per 10. TAPE PACKAGING SPECIFICATION.
 - 1) Inspection No.
 - 2) TDK P/N
 - 3) Customer's P/N
 - 4) Quantity

*Composition of Inspection No.

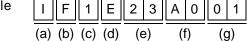
Example
$$\frac{F}{(a)} \frac{1}{(b)} \frac{A}{(c)} - \frac{23}{(d)} - \frac{001}{(e)}$$

- (a) Line code
- (b) Last digit of the year
- (c) Month and A for January and B for February and so on. (Skip I)
- (d) Inspection Date of the month.
- (e) Serial No. of the day

*Composition of new Inspection No.

(Implemented on and after May 1, 2019 in sequence)

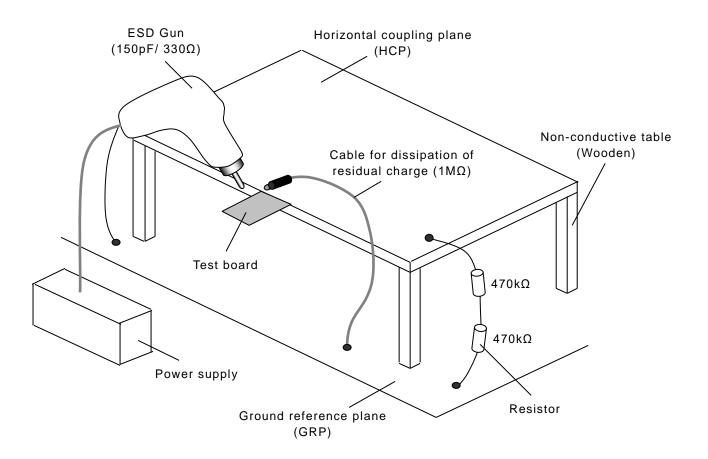




- (a) Prefix
- (b) Line code
- (c) Last digit of the year
- (d) Month and A for January and B for February and so on. (Skip I)
- (e) Inspection Date of the month.
- (f) Serial No. of the day(00 ~ ZZ)
- (g) Suffix(00 ~ ZZ)
- * It was shifted to the new inspection No. on and after May 2019, but the implementation timing may be different depending on shipment bases.

Until the shift is completed, either current or new composition of inspection No. will be applied.

8. SETTING UP FOR ESD TEST

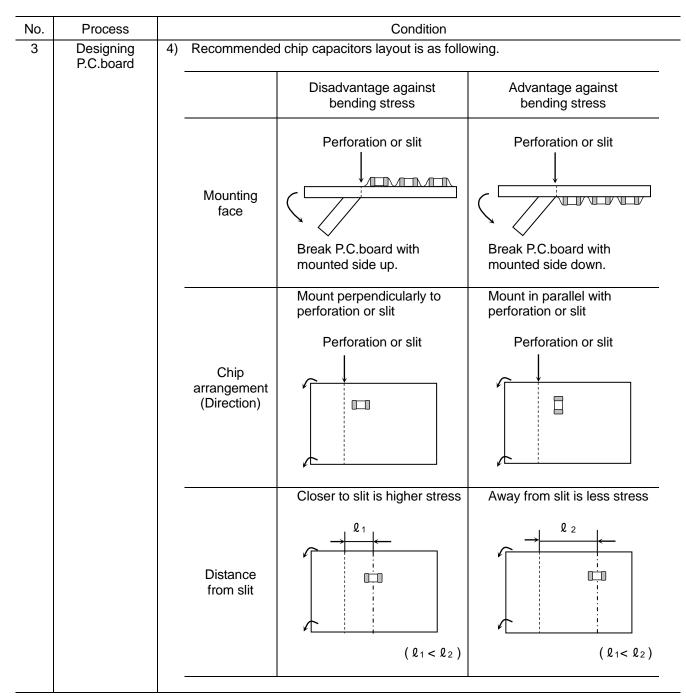


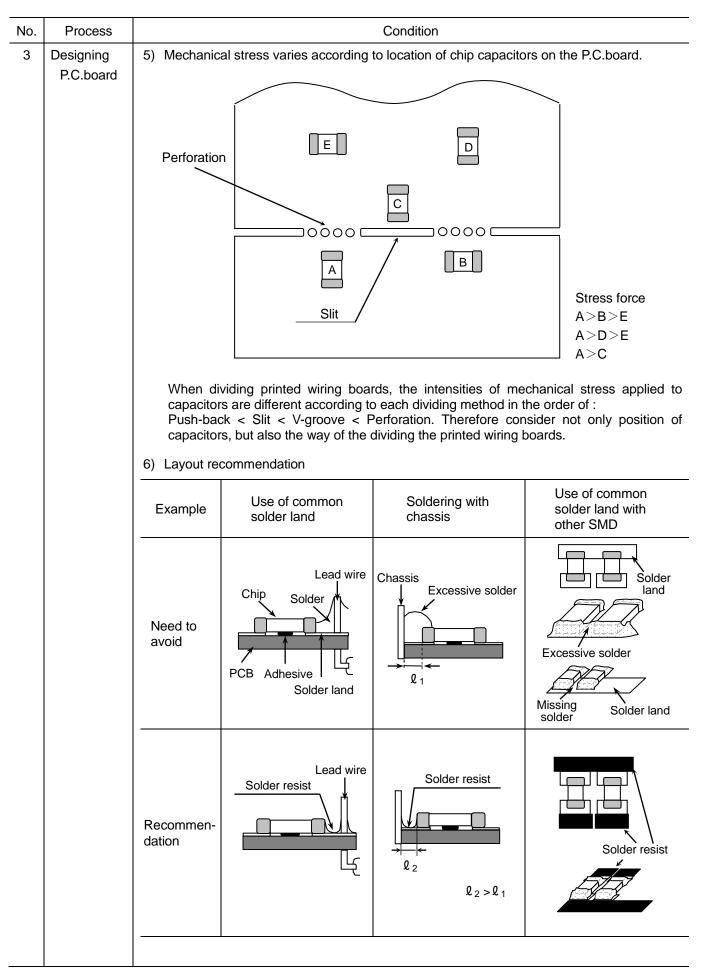
9. CAUTION

| No. | Process | Condition |
|-----|---|---|
| 1 | Operating Condition (Storage, Use, Transportation) | 1-1. Storage, Use The capacitors must be stored in an ambient temperature of 5 to 40°C with a relative humidity of 20 to 70%RH. JIS C 60721-3-1 Class 1K2 should be followed for the other climatic conditions. |
| | | High temperature and humidity environment may affect a capacitor's solder ability because it accelerates terminal oxidization. They also deteriorate performance of taping and packaging. Therefore, SMD capacitors shall be used within 6 months. For capacitors with terminal electrodes consisting of silver or silver-palladium which tend to become oxidized or sulfurized, use as soon as possible, such as within one month after opening the bag. |
| | | 2) When capacitors are stored for a longer time period than 6 months, confirm the solderability of the capacitors prior to use. During storage, keep the minimum packaging unit in its original packaging without opening it. Do not deviate from the above temperature and humidity conditions even for a short term. |
| | | Corrosive gasses in the air or atmosphere may result in deterioration of the reliability, such as poor solderability of the terminal electrodes. Do not store capacitors where they will be exposed to corrosive gas (e.g., hydrogen sulfide, sulfur dioxide, chlorine ammonia etc.) |
| | | 4) Solderability and electrical performance may deteriorate due to photochemical change in the terminal electrode if stored in direct sunlight, or due to condensation from rapid changes in humidity. The capacitors especially which use resin material must be operated and stored in an environment free of dew condensation, as moisture absorption due to condensation may affect the performance. |
| | | 5) Refer to JIS C 60721-3-1, class 1K2 for other climate conditions. |
| | | 1-2. Handling in transportation In case of the transportation of the capacitors, the performance of the capacitors may be deteriorated depending on the transportation condition. (Refer to JEITA RCR-2335C 9.2 Handling in transportation) |
| 2 | Circuit design | 2-1. Operating temperature 1) Upper category temperature (maximum operating temperature) is specified. It is necessary to select a capacitor whose rated temperature us higher than the operating temperature. Also, it is necessary to consider the temperature distribution in the equipment and seasonal temperature variation. |
| | | 2) Do not use capacitors above the maximum allowable operating temperature. Surface temperature including self heating should be below maximum operating temperature. (Due to dielectric loss, capacitors will heat itself when AC is applied. Especially for high frequency circuit, the heat might be so extreme that it may damage itself or the product mounted on. Please design the circuit so that the maximum temperature of the capacitors including the self heating to be below the maximum allowable operating temperature. Temperature rise at capacitor surface shall be below 20°C) |
| | | The electrical characteristics of the capacitors will vary depending on the temperature. The capacitors should be selected and designed in taking the temperature into consideration. |
| | | 2-2. When overvoltage is applied Applying overvoltage to a capacitor may cause dielectric breakdown and result in a short circuit. The duration until dielectric breakdown depends on the applied voltage and the ambient temperature. |

| No. | Process | Condition |
|-----|----------------|---|
| 2 | Circuit design | 2-3. Operating voltage 1) Operating voltage across the terminals should be below the rated voltage. When AC and DC are super imposed, V_{0-P} must be below the rated voltage. — (1) and (2) AC or pulse with overshooting, V_{P-P} must be below the rated voltage. — (3), (4) and (5) When the voltage is started to apply to the circuit or it is stopped applying, the irregular voltage may be generated for a transit period because of resonance or switching. Be sure to use the capacitors within rated voltage containing these Irregular voltage. |
| | | Voltage (1) DC voltage (2) DC+AC voltage (3) AC voltage |
| | | Positional Measurement (Rated voltage) |
| | | Voltage (4) Pulse voltage (A) (5) Pulse voltage (B) |
| | | Positional Measurement (Rated voltage) V_{P-P} V_{P-P} V_{P-P} |
| | | Even below the rated voltage, if repetitive high frequency AC or pulse is applied the reliability of the capacitors may be reduced. |
| | | The effective capacitance will vary depending on applied DC and AC voltages. The capacitors should be selected and designed in taking the voltages into consideration. |
| | | Abnormal voltage (surge voltage, static electricity, pulse voltage, etc.) shall no exceed the rated voltage. |
| | | 5) When capacitors are used in a series connection, it is necessary to add a balancing circuit such as voltage dividing resistors in order to avoid an imbalance in the voltage applied to each capacitor. |
| | | 2-4. Frequency When the capacitors (Class 2) are used in AC and/or pulse voltages, the capacitors may vibrate themselves and generate audible sound. |

| No. | Process | Condition | | | |
|-----|------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| 3 | Designing P.C.board | The amount of solder at the terminations has a direct effect on the reliability of the capacitors. | | | |
| | | 1) The greater the amount of solder, the higher the stress on the chip capacitors, and the more likely that it will break. When designing a P.C.board, determine the shape and size of the solder lands to have proper amount of solder on the terminations. | | | |
| | | Avoid using common solder land for multiple terminations and provide individual solder land for each terminations. | | | |
| | | 3) Size and recommended land dimensions. | | | |
| | | Chip capacitors Solder land | | | |
| | | B A A | | | |
| | | Reflow soldering (mm) | | | |
| | | Case size CGA3 (CC0603) | | | |
| | | A 0.6 ~ 0.8 | | | |
| | | B 0.6 ~ 0.8 | | | |
| | | C 0.6 ~ 0.8 | | | |
| | | Flow soldering (Unrecommend) (mm) | | | |
| | | Case size CGA3 (CC0603) | | | |
| | | A 0.7 ~ 1.0 | | | |
| | | B 0.8 ~ 1.0 | | | |
| | | C 0.6 ~ 0.8 | | | |





| No. | Process | Condition | | | | | |
|-----|----------|--------------------------|---|---|--|--|--|
| 4 | Mounting | If the mounting | Stress from mounting head ne mounting head is adjusted too low, it may induce excessive stress in the chip pacitors to result in cracking. Please take following precautions. | | | | |
| | | | Adjust the bottom dead center of the mounting head to reach on the P.C.board surface and not press it. | | | | |
| | | 2) Adjust the mo | ounting head pressure to be 1 to 3N | I of static weight. | | | |
| | | support from t | To minimize the impact energy from mounting head, it is important to provide support from the bottom side of the P.C.board. See following examples. | | | | |
| | | | Not recommended | Recommended | | | |
| | | Single sided mounting | Crack | A support pin is not to be underneath the capacitor. | | | |
| | | Double-sides mounting | Solder peeling Crack | Support pin | | | |
| | | to cause crack. Ple | g jaw is worn out, it may give mech ease control the close up dimensio preventive maintenance and replac | n of the centering jaw and | | | |

| No. | Process | | | |
|-----|-----------|---|------------------------|---------------------------------|
| 5 | Soldering | 5-1. Flux selection Flux can seriously affect the persent select the appropriate flux. 1) It is recommended to use a magnitude select flux is not recommended to use a magnitude select flux is not recommended for the select flux is not recommended flux is | | |
| | | 2) Excessive flux must be avoided | | |
| | | 3) When water-soluble flux is used | | |
| | | 5-2. Recommended soldering profi Refer to the following temperatur | | oldering. |
| | | | Reflow soldering | |
| | | 5-3. Recommended soldering peak Pb free solder is recommended, | Sec. Peak Temp time | p duration for Reflow soldering |
| | | Jemp./Duration | Reflow s | |
| | | Solder | Peak temp(°C) | Duration(sec.) |
| | | Lead Free Solder | 260 max. | 10 max. |
| | | Sn-Pb Solder | 20 max. | |
| | | Recommended solder compos Lead Free Solder : Sn-3.0Ag- | | · |

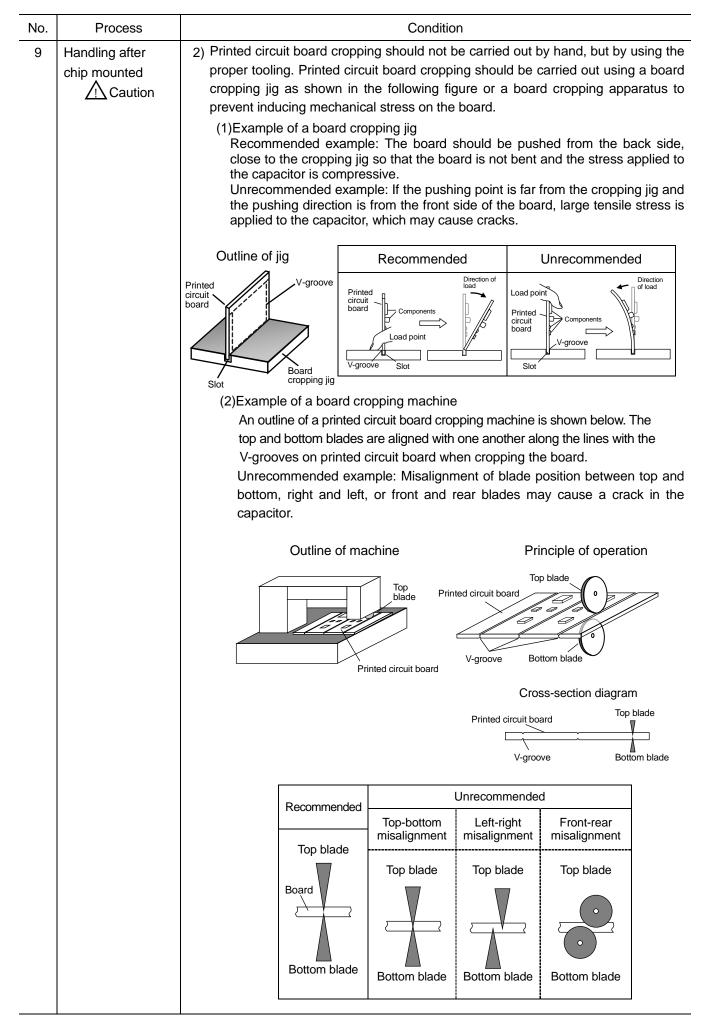
| NO. | Process | | Condition | | |
|-----|-----------|---|--|--|---|
| 5 | Soldering | 5-4. Soldering profile : Flow metho | od (Unrecommend) | | |
| | | Refer to the following temperatu | are profile at Flow sold | ering. | |
| | | F | -low soldering | | |
| | | Preheati | Soldering | oling | |
| | | | | | |
| | | Peak Temp | | | |
| | | G | | | |
| | | Temp. (°C) | | | |
| | | Le | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | 0Over 60 s | ec. → | c. | |
| | | Peak Temp time | | | |
| | | | Реак тетр тте | | |
| | | Reflow soldering is recommend 5-5. Recommended soldering pea Pb free solder is recommended | ed. Ik temp and peak temp | | - |
| | | 5-5. Recommended soldering pea | ed. Ik temp and peak temp | be used, refer to be | - |
| | | 5-5. Recommended soldering pea Pb free solder is recommended | ed. Ik temp and peak temp , but if Sn-37Pb must l | be used, refer to be | - |
| | | 5-5. Recommended soldering pea Pb free solder is recommended Temp./Duration | ed. Ik temp and peak temp , but if Sn-37Pb must l Flow sol | be used, refer to be | - |
| | | 5-5. Recommended soldering pea Pb free solder is recommended Temp./Duration Solder | ed. Ik temp and peak temp , but if Sn-37Pb must l Flow sol Peak temp(°C) | be used, refer to be dering Duration(sec.) | - |
| | | 5-5. Recommended soldering pea Pb free solder is recommended Temp./Duration Solder Lead Free Solder | ed. Ik temp and peak temp , but if Sn-37Pb must l Flow sol Peak temp(°C) 260 max. 250 max. | be used, refer to be dering Duration(sec.) 5 max. | - |
| | | 5-5. Recommended soldering pea Pb free solder is recommended Temp./Duration Solder Lead Free Solder Sn-Pb Solder | ed. k temp and peak temp , but if Sn-37Pb must l Flow sol Peak temp(°C) 260 max. 250 max. | be used, refer to be dering Duration(sec.) 5 max. | - |
| | | 5-5. Recommended soldering pea Pb free solder is recommended Temp./Duration Solder Lead Free Solder Sn-Pb Solder Recommended solder composition | ed. k temp and peak temp , but if Sn-37Pb must l Flow sol Peak temp(°C) 260 max. 250 max. | be used, refer to be dering Duration(sec.) 5 max. | - |
| | | 5-5. Recommended soldering pea Pb free solder is recommended Temp./Duration Solder Lead Free Solder Sn-Pb Solder Recommended solder compose Lead Free Solder : Sn-3.0Ag 5-6. Avoiding thermal shock | ed. k temp and peak temp , but if Sn-37Pb must l Flow sol Peak temp(°C) 260 max. 250 max. | be used, refer to be dering Duration(sec.) 5 max. | - |
| | | 5-5. Recommended soldering pea Pb free solder is recommended Temp./Duration Solder Lead Free Solder Sn-Pb Solder Recommended solder compose Lead Free Solder : Sn-3.0Ag 5-6. Avoiding thermal shock 1) Preheating condition | ed. k temp and peak temp , but if Sn-37Pb must l Flow sol Peak temp(°C) 260 max. 250 max. sitions -0.5Cu | be used, refer to be dering Duration(sec.) 5 max. | - |
| | | 5-5. Recommended soldering pea Pb free solder is recommended Temp./Duration Solder Lead Free Solder Sn-Pb Solder Recommended solder compose Lead Free Solder : Sn-3.0Ag 5-6. Avoiding thermal shock 1) Preheating condition Soldering | ed. k temp and peak temp , but if Sn-37Pb must l Flow sol Peak temp(°C) 260 max. 250 max. 3itions -0.5Cu Temp. (°C) | be used, refer to be dering Duration(sec.) 5 max. | - |
| | | 5-5. Recommended soldering pea Pb free solder is recommended Temp./Duration Solder Lead Free Solder Sn-Pb Solder Recommended solder compose Lead Free Solder : Sn-3.0Ag 5-6. Avoiding thermal shock 1) Preheating condition | ed. k temp and peak temp , but if Sn-37Pb must l Flow sol Peak temp(°C) 260 max. 250 max. sitions -0.5Cu | be used, refer to be dering Duration(sec.) 5 max. | - |

| No. | Process | Condition |
|-----|-----------|--|
| 5 | Soldering | 5-7. Amount of solder Excessive solder will induce higher tensile force in chip capacitors when temperature changes and it may result in chip cracking. In sufficient solder may detach the capacitors from the P.C.board. |
| | | Excessive solder Higher tensile force in chip capacitors to cause crack |
| | | Adequate |
| | | Insufficient solder Low robustness may cause contact failure or chip capacitors come off the P.C.board. |
| | | 5-8. Sn-Zn solder Sn-Zn solder affects product reliability. Please contact TDK in advance when utilize Sn-Zn solder. 5-9. Countermeasure for tombstone The misalignment between the mounted positions of the capacitors and the land patterns should be minimized. The tombstone phenomenon may occur especially the capacitors are mounted (in longitudinal direction) in the same direction of the reflow soldering. (Refer to JEITA RCR-2335C Annex A (Informative), Recommendations to prevent the tombstone phenomenon.) |

| No. | Process | Condition | | | | |
|-----|------------------|---|--|--|--|--|
| 6 | Solder repairing | ngSolder repairing is unavoidable, refer to below.6-1.Soldering rework using spot heater Heat stress during rework may possibly be reduced by using a spot heater (also called a "blower") rather than a soldering iron. It is applied only to adding solder in the case of insufficient solder amount. | | | | |
| | | capacitor compared to us uniformly with a small he stress caused by quick h Moreover, where ultra-sn circuit board, reworking v | heater may suppress the occurrence of cracks in the sing a soldering iron. A spot heater can heat up a capacitor at gradient which leads to lower thermal eating and cooling or localized heating. hall capacitors are mounted close together on a printed with a spot heater can eliminate the risk of direct contact ering iron and a capacitor. | | | |
| | | capacitor may occur due such an occurrence. Keep more than 5mm be The blower temperature The airflow shall be set a The diameter of the nozz standard and common. Duration of blowing hot a area of the capacitor and The angle between the n in order to work easily ar As is the case when usin capacitors and improves | ir is recommended to be 2mm(one-outlet type). The size is in is recommended to be 10s or less, considering surface melting temperature of solder. ozzle and the capacitor is recommended to be 45degrees and to avoid partial area heating. g a soldering iron, preheating reduces thermal stress on | | | |
| | | Distance from nozzle | 5mm and over | | | |
| | | Nozzle angle | 45degrees | | | |
| | | Nozzle temp. | 400°C and less | | | |
| | | Airflow | Set as weak as possible (The airflow shall be the minimum value necessary for solder to melt in the conditions mentioned above.) | | | |
| | | Nozzle diameter | ϕ 2mm (one-outlet type) | | | |
| | | Blowing duration | 10s and less | | | |
| | | Example of recommen | ded spot heater use | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | _ | One-outlet type nozzle | | | |
| | | Excess solder causes results in cracks. Insuffic the substrate and may reliability of the printed w | be suitable to from a proper fillet shape. mechanical and thermal stress on a capacitor and ient solder causes weak adherence of the capacitor to result in detachment of a capacitor and deteriorate iring board. opriate solder fillet shape for 5-5.Amount of solder. | | | |

| No. | Process | | Condi | ition | | | |
|-----------------------------|------------------|---|--|-----------------------|--------------------------|--|--|
| 6 | Solder repairing | 6-2. Solder repair by sold | der iron | | | | |
| | | Selection of the soldering iron tip Tip temperature of solder iron varies by its type, P.C.board material and solder land size. The higher the tip temperature, the quicker the operation. However, heat shock may cause a crack in the chip capacitors. Please make sure the tip temp. before soldering and keep the peak temp and time in accordance with following recommended condition. | | | | | |
| | | | Manual soldering (Solder iron) | | | | |
| | | Peak Temp O O U | | | ssible) | | |
| | | Recommended sol | Recommended solder iron condition (Sn-Pb Solder and Lead Free Sold | | | | |
| | | Temp. (°C) | Duration (sec.) | Wattage (W) | Shape (mm) | | |
| | | 350 max. | 3 max. | 20 max. | Ø 3.0 max. | | |
| | | * Please preheat the chip | o capacitors with the | condition in 6-3 to a | avoid the thermal shock. | | |
| | | Direct contact of th may cause crack. D solder iron. | e soldering iron with To not touch the cera | | | | |
| 6-3. Avoiding thermal shock | | | | | | | |
| | | Preheating condition | | | | | |
| | | Soldering | Temp. (° | °C) | | | |
| | | Manual solderin | g $\Delta T \leq 1$ | 50 | | | |
| | | | | | | | |

| No. | Process | Condition |
|-----|--|---|
| 7 | Cleaning | 1) If an unsuitable cleaning fluid is used, flux residue or some foreign articles may stick to chip capacitors surface to deteriorate especially the insulation resistance. |
| | | 2) If cleaning condition is not suitable, it may damage the chip capacitors. |
| | | 2)-1. Insufficient washing(1) Terminal electrodes may corrode by Halogen in the flux. |
| | | (2) Halogen in the flux may adhere on the surface of capacitors, and lower the insulation resistance. |
| | | (3) Water soluble flux has higher tendency to have above mentioned problems (1) and (2). |
| | | 2)-2. Excessive washing When ultrasonic cleaning is used, excessively high ultrasonic energy output can affect the connection between the ceramic chip capacitor's body and the terminal electrode. To avoid this, following is the recommended condition. |
| | | Power : 20W/ ℓ max. Frequency : 40kHz max. Washing time : 5 minutes max. |
| | | 2)-3. If the cleaning fluid is contaminated, density of Halogen increases, and it may bring the same result as insufficient cleaning. |
| 8 | Coating and molding of the P.C.board | 1) When the P.C.board is coated, please verify the quality influence on the product. |
| | | Please verify carefully that there is no harmful decomposing or reaction gas emission during curing which may damage the chip capacitors. |
| | | 3) Please verify the curing temperature. |
| 9 | Handling after chip mounted | 1) Please pay attention not to bend or distort the P.C.board after soldering in handling otherwise the chip capacitors may crack. |
| | | Bend Twist |



| No. | Process | | Condition | | | |
|-----|---|--|---|--|--|--|
| 9 | Handling after chip mounted Caution | 3) When functional check of the P.C.board is performed, check pin pressure tends to be adjusted higher for fear of loose contact. But if the pressure is excessive and bend the P.C.board, it may crack the chip capacitors or peel the terminations off. Please adjust the check pins not to bend the P.C.board. | | | | |
| | | Item | Item Not recommended Recommended | | | |
| | | Board bending | Termination peeling Check pin | Support pin | | |
| 10 | Handling of loose chip capacitors | Especial easily, so 2) Piling the | ly, the large case sized chip capa o please handle with care. | ck. Once dropped do not use it. acitors are tendency to have cracks | | |
| 11 | Capacitance aging | The capacitors (Class 2) have aging in the capacitance. They may not be used in precision time constant circuit. In case of the time constant circuit, the evaluation should be done well. | | | | |
| 12 | Estimated life and estimated failure rate of capacitors | and the voltage RCR-2335C estimated fail Temperature The failure rai | timated life and the estimated failure ge. This can be calculated by the eq Annex F(Informative) Calculation of ure rate (Voltage acceleration coeffi acceleration coefficient : 10°C rule) te can be decreased by reducing the e guaranteed. | uation described in JEITA the estimated lifetime and the icient : 3 multiplication rule, | | |

| No. | Process | Condition |
|-----|---|--|
| 13 | Caution during operation of equipment | A capacitor shall not be touched directly with bare hands during operation in order to avoid electric shock. Electric energy held by the capacitor may be discharged through the human body when touched with a bare hand. Even when the equipment is off, a capacitor may stay charged. The capacitor should be handled after being completely discharged using a resistor. |
| | | 2) The terminals of a capacitor shall not be short-circuited by any accidental contact with a conductive object. A capacitor shall not be exposed to a conductive liquid such as an acid or alkali solution. A conductive object or liquid, such as acid and alkali, between the terminals may lead to the breakdown of a capacitor due to short circuit |
| | | 3) Confirm that the environment to which the equipment will be exposed during transportation and operation meets the specified conditions. Do not to use the equipment in the following environments. (1) Environment where a capacitor is spattered with water or oil (2) Environment where a capacitor is exposed to direct sunlight (3) Environment where a capacitor is exposed to Ozone, ultraviolet rays or radiation (4) Environment where a capacitor exposed to corrosive gas(e.g. hydrogen sulfide, sulfur dioxide, chlorine. ammonia gas etc.) (5) Environment where a capacitor exposed to vibration or mechanical shock exceeding the specified limits. (6) Atmosphere change with causes condensation |
| 14 | Others | The product listed in this specification is intended for use in automotive applications under-normal operation and usage conditions. The product is not designed or warranted to meet the requirements of application listed below, whose performance and/or quality requires a more stringent level of |
| | | safety or reliability, or whose failure, malfunction or defect could cause serious damage to society, person or property. Please understand that we are not responsible for any damage or liability caused by use of the products in any of the applications below or for any other use exceeding the range or conditions set forth in this specification sheet. If you intend to use the products in the applications listed below or if you have special requirements exceeding the range or conditions set forth in this specification, please contact us. |
| | | (1) Aerospace/Aviation equipment (2) Transportation equipment (electric trains, ships etc.) (3) Medical equipment (Excepting Pharmaceutical Affairs Law classification Class1, 2) (4) Power-generation control equipment (5) Atomic energy-related equipment (6) Seabed equipment (7) Transportation control equipment (8) Public information-processing equipment |
| | | (9) Military equipment (10) Electric heating apparatus, burning equipment (11) Disaster prevention/crime prevention equipment (12) Safety equipment (13) Other applications that are not considered general-purpose applications |
| | | When designing your equipment even for general-purpose applications, you are kindly requested to take into consideration securing protection circuit/device or providing backup circuits in your equipment. In addition, although the products listed in this specification is intended for use in automotive application as described above, it is not prohibited to use for general electronic equipment, whose performance and/or quality doesn't require a more stringent level of safety or reliability, or whose failure, malfunction or defect could not cause serious damage to society, person or property. Therefore, the description of this caution will be applied, when the products are used in general electronic equipment under a normal operation and usage conditions. |

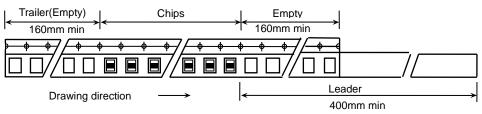
10. TAPE PACKAGING SPECIFICATION

1. CONSTRUCTION AND DIMENSION OF TAPING

1-1. Dimensions of carrier tape

Dimensions of paper tape shall be according to Appendix 4.

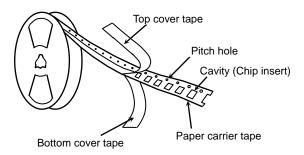
1-2. Bulk part and leader of taping



1-3. Dimensions of reel

Dimensions of ϕ 178 reel shall be according to Appendix 5. Dimensions of ϕ 330 reel shall be according to Appendix 6.

1-4. Structure of taping



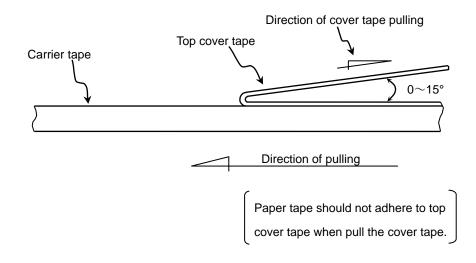
2. CHIP QUANTITY

Please refer to detail page on TDK web.

3. PERFORMANCE SPECIFICATIONS

3-1. Fixing peeling strength (top tape)

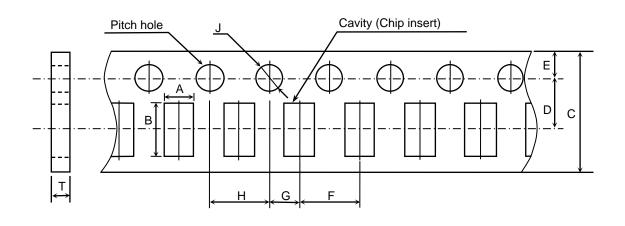
0.05N < Peeling strength < 0.7N



- 3-2. Carrier tape shall be flexible enough to be wound around a minimum radius of 30mm with components in tape.
- 3-3. The missing of components shall be less than 0.1%
- 3-4. Components shall not stick to fixing tape.
- 3-5. When removing the cover tape, there shall not be difficulties by unfitting clearance gap, burrs and crushes of cavities. Also the sprocket holes shall not be covered by absorbing dust into the suction nozzle.

Appendix 4

Paper Tape

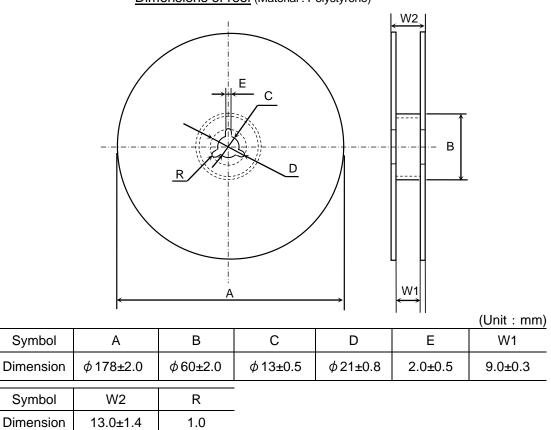


(Unit : mm)

| Symbol Case size | A | В | С | D | Е | F |
|---------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------------------------|-----------------|-------------|---------------|
| CGA3 (CC0603) | (1.10) | (1.90) | 8.00 ± 0.30 | 3.50 ± 0.05 | 1.75 ± 0.10 | 4.00 ± 0.10 |
| | | | | | | |
| Symbol Case size | G | Н | J | Т | | |
| CGA3 (CC0603) | 2.00 ± 0.05 | 4.00 ± 0.10 | ϕ 1.50 $\frac{+0.10}{0}$ | 1.20 max. | | |
| | | | | | ()Ref | erence value. |

Appendix 5

Dimensions of reel (Material : Polystyrene)



Appendix 6

Dimensions of reel (Material : Polystyrene)

