

Aluminum electrolytic capacitors

Capacitors with screw terminals

Series/Type: B43750, B43770
Date: November 2008

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Capacitors with screw terminals

B43750, B43770

Extremely high ripple current - 105 °C

Long-life grade capacitors

Applications

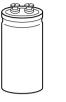
- Traction
- Hybrid electric vehicles (HEV)
- Power electronics
- Professional power supplies

Features

- Extremely high ripple current capability (up to 110 A)
- High reliability
- Long useful life
- Wide temperature range
- All-welded construction ensures reliable electrical contact
- No base insulation for max. cooling (insulated solution "heat sink mounting" upon request)
- Version with low-inductance design available for diameter ≥ 76.9 mm
- Self-extinguishing electrolyte
- RoHS-compatible

Construction

- Charge-discharge proof, polar
- Aluminum case, partially insulated
- Poles with screw terminal connections
- Mounting with ring clips, clamps or threaded stud





B43750

B43770





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Specifications and characteristics in brief

Rated voltage V _R	350 450 V DC	350 450 V DC				
Surge voltage V _S	1.1 · V _R	$1.1 \cdot V_{B}$				
Rated capacitance C _R	560 5300 μF					
Capacitance tolerance	±20% ≙ M					
Leakage current I _{leak} (20 °C, 5 min)	$I_{leak} \le 0.3 \ \mu A \cdot \left(\frac{C}{\mu}\right)$	R V _R) ^{0.7} + 4 µA			
Self-inductance ESL	d = 64.3 mm: appr	ox. 14	· nH			
	d ≥ 76.9 mm: appr	ox. 18	nH			
	Capacitors with lov	w-indu	ctance design	:		
	d ≥ 76.9 mm: appr	ox. 13	nH			
Useful life	350 450 V	Requ	uirements:			
105 °C; V _R ; I _{AC,R}	> 8000 h	ΔC/C	$\leq \pm 30\%$ c	of initial val	ue	
85 °C; V _R ; I _{AC,R}	> 40000 h	ESR	≤ 3 times	initial spec	cified limit	
40 °C; V _R ; 3 ⋅ I _{AC,R}	> 250000 h	I _{leak}	≤ initial s	pecified lim	nit	
Voltage endurance test		Post	test requireme	ents:		
105 °C, V _R ; I _{AC,R}	2000 h	ΔC/C	$\leq \pm 10\%$ c	of initial val	ue	
		ESR	≤ 1.3 time	es initial sp	ecified limit	
		I _{leak}	≤ initial s	pecified lim	nit	
Vibration resistance test	To IEC 60068-2-6,	test F	c:			
	Displacement amp	litude	0.75 mm, fred	quency rang	ge 10 55 Hz,	
	acceleration max.	10 <i>g</i> , (duration 3×2	h.		
	Capacitor mounted by its body which is rigidly clamped to the work surface.					
Characteristics at low temperature	Max. impedance ratio $Z_{.25^{\circ}\text{C}}/Z_{.20^{\circ}\text{C}}$ 4		_			
tomporataro	at 100 Hz		Z -40°C / Z 20°C	10	<u>-</u> -	
IEC climatic category	To IEC 60068-1: 40/105/56					
Detail specification	_					
Sectional specification	IEC 60384-4					



B43770



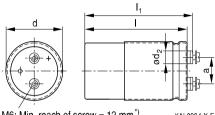
B43750, B43770

Extremely high ripple current - 105 °C

Dimensional drawings

B43750

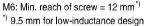
Ring clip/clamp mounting



M6: Min. reach of screw = 12 mm*)

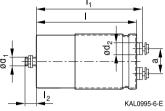
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Positive pole marking: +

Threaded stud mounting



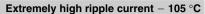
Dimensions and weights

Ter-	Dimensions (mm) with insulating sleeve						Approx.	
minal	d	l±1	I ₁ ±1	$I_2 + 0/-1$	d_1	d ₂ max.	a +0.2/-0.4	weight (g)
M6	64.3 +0/-0.8	80.3	86.0	17	M12	17.7	28.5	380
M6	64.3 +0/-0.8	105.3	111.0	17	M12	17.7	28.5	450
M6	76.9 +0/-0.7	105.3	111.0	17	M12	17.7	31.7	630
M6	76.9 +0/-0.7	142.8	148.5	17	M12	17.7	31.7	850
M6	91.0 +0/-2	67.1	72.4	17	M12	17.7	31.7	600
M6	91.0 +0/-2	96.6	101.9	17	M12	17.7	31.7	1000
M6	91.0 +0/-2	144.1	149.4	17	M12	17.7	31.7	1300









Packing

Capacitor diameter d (mm)	length I (mm)	Packing units (pcs.)
64.3	all	25
76.9	97.0 - 168.7	16
	191.0 - 220.7	12
91.0	all	9



For ecological reasons the packing is pure cardboard.





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Special design

■ Low-inductance design

Design	Identification in 3rd block of ordering code	Remark
Low inductance (13 nH)	M003	For capacitors with diameter d ≥ 76.9 mm

Accessories

The following items are included in the delivery package, but are not fastened to the capacitors:

Thread Toothed		Toothed	Screws/nuts	Maximum
		washers		torque
For terminals	M6	A 6.4 DIN 6797	Cylinder-head screw M6 × 12 DIN 84-4.8	2.5 Nm
For mounting	M12	J 12.5 DIN 6797	Hex nut BM 12 DIN 439	10 Nm

The following items must be ordered separately. For details, refer to chapter "Capacitors with screw terminals — Accessories".

Item	Туре
Ring clips	B44030
Clamps for capacitors with d ≥ 64.3 mm	B44030
Insulating parts	B44020





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Overview of available types

V _R (V DC)	350	400	450				
	Case dimensions d × I (mm)						
C _R (μF)							
560			64.3× 80.3				
680			91.0 × 67.1				
850		64.3 × 80.3	64.3 × 105.3				
1200	64.3× 80.3	91.0 × 67.1	76.9 × 105.3				
1300		64.3 × 105.3	91.0 × 96.6				
1500	91.0 × 67.1						
1800	64.3 × 105.3						
1900		76.9 × 105.3	76.9 × 142.8				
2400			91.0 × 144.1				
2700	76.9 × 105.3						
2900		76.9 × 142.8					
3900	76.9 × 142.8	91.0 × 144.1					
5300	91.0 × 144.1						

The capacitance and voltage ratings listed above are available in different cases upon request.

Other voltage and capacitance ratings are also available upon request.





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Technical data and ordering codes

C _R	Case	ESR _{max}	Z _{max}	I _{AC,max}	I _{AC,R}	I _{AC.R} (B)	I _{AC.R} (T+B)	Ordering code
100 Hz	dimensions	100 Hz	10 kHz	10 kHz	10 kHz	10 kHz	10 kHz	(composition see
20 °C	$d \times I$	20 °C	20 °C	40 °C	105 °C	105 °C	105 °C	below)
μF	mm	$m\Omega$	$m\Omega$	Α	Α	Α	Α	
$V_{R} = 35$	0 V DC							
1200	64.3× 80.3	67	32	45	9.5	21.8	25.6	B437*0A4128M000
1500	91.0 × 67.1	54	26	49	10	28.0	31.1	B437*0A4158M00#
1800	64.3×105.3	45	21	56	12	22.4	28.3	B437*0A4188M000
2700	76.9×105.3	30	13	75	16	33.0		B437*0A4278M00#
3900	76.9×142.8	21	9	80	20	33.8	45.7	B437*0A4398M00#
5300	91.0×144.1	16	8	80	26	46.5	59.4	B437*0A4538M00#
$V_{R} = 40$	V _R = 400 V DC							
850	64.3× 80.3	140	110	45	9.5	21.8	25.6	B437*0A9857M000
1200	91.0 × 67.1	94	80	49	10.4	28.0	31.1	B437*0A9128M00#
1300	64.3×105.3	87	74	56	12	22.4	28.3	B437*0A9138M000
1900	76.9×105.3	60	51	75	16	33.0	40.9	B437*0A9198M00#
2900	76.9×142.8	39	34	80	20	33.8	45.7	B437*0A9298M00#
3900	91.0×144.1	29	24	80	26	46.5	59.4	B437*0A9398M00#
$V_{R} = 45$	V _R = 450 V DC							
560	64.3 × 80.3	220	180	36	7.7	17.6	20.7	B437*0A5567M000
680	91.0 × 67.1	180	150	45	9.4	25.3	28.1	B437*0A5687M00#
850	64.3×105.3	150	120	44	9.1	17.4	21.9	B437*0A5857M000
1200	76.9×105.3	100	80	54	11.4	24.0	29.7	B437*0A5128M00#
1300	91.0 × 96.6	92	73	68	14.3	31.4	37.1	B437*0A5138M00#
1900	76.9×142.8	63	50	74	15.5	26.3	35.6	B437*0A5198M00#
2400	91.0×144.1	50	40	80	20.2	36.3	46.4	B437*0A5248M00#

Composition of ordering code

- * = Mounting style
 - 5 = for capacitors with ring clip/clamp mounting
 - 7 = for capacitors with threaded stud
- # = Design
 - 0 = for capacitors with standard inductance
 - 3 = for capacitors with low inductance (13 nH) only capacitors with diameter d ≥ 76.9 mm



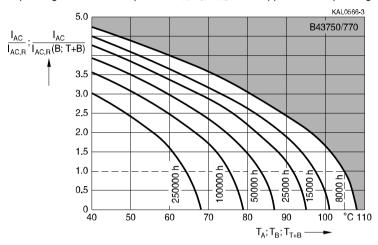




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Useful life

depending on ambient temperature T_A, T_B, T_{T+B} under ripple current operating conditions¹⁾



Depending on the application, interpret the graph as follows:

- Natural cooling
 Use rated current I_{AC,R} and ambient temperature T_A.
- Cooling of base
 Use rated current I_{AC,R} (B) and temperature of capacitor base T_B.
- Cooling of terminals and base
 Use rated current I_{AC,R} (T+B) and temperature of capacitors bas T_{T+B}.

 Ensure that the temperature of the cooled terminals is lower than that of the case base.

Due to the current load capability of the contact elements, the following current limits must not be exceeded, even if the frequency and the temperatur factors have been taken into account:

Capacitor diameter	Capacitor base cooling	Terminal and capacitor base cooling
64.3 mm	62 A	75 A
76.9 mm	80 A	100 A
91.0 mm	90 A	110 A

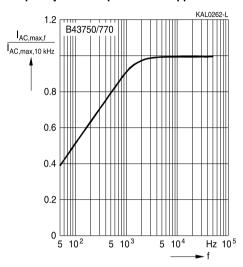
¹⁾ Refer to chapter "General technical information, 5.3 Calculation of useful life" on how to interpret the useful life graphs.





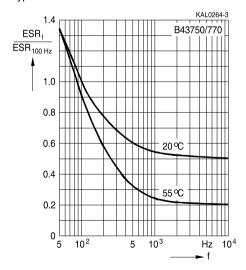
Extremely high ripple current - 105 °C

Frequency factor of permissible ripple current I_{AC} versus frequency f



Frequency characteristics of ESR

Typical behavior







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Cautions and warnings

Personal safety

The electrolytes used by EPCOS have not only been optimized with a view to the intended application, but also with regard to health and environmental compatibility. They do not contain any solvents that are detrimental to health, e.g. dimethyl formamide (DMF) or dimethyl acetamide (DMAC).

Furthermore, part of the high-voltage electrolytes used by EPCOS are self-extinguishing. They contain flame-retarding substances which will quickly extinguish any flame that may have been ignited.

As far as possible, EPCOS does not use any dangerous chemicals or compounds to produce operating electrolytes. However, in exceptional cases, such materials must be used in order to achieve specific physical and electrical properties because no safe substitute materials are currently known. However, the amount of dangerous materials used in our products has been limited to an absolute minimum. Nevertheless, the following rules should be observed when handling AI electrolytic capacitors:

- Any escaping electrolyte should not come into contact with eyes or skin.
- If electrolyte does come into contact with the skin, wash the affected parts immediately with running water. If the eyes are affected, rinse them for 10 minutes with plenty of water. If symptoms persist, seek medical treatment.
- Avoid breathing in electrolyte vapor or mists. Workplaces and other affected areas should be well ventilated. Clothing that has been contaminated by electrolyte must be changed and rinsed in water.





Extremely high ripple current - 105 °C

Product safety

The table below summarize the safety instructions that must be observed without fail. A detailed description can be found in the relevant sections of chapter "General technical information".

Topic	Safety information	Reference Chapter "General technical information"
Polarity	Make sure that polar capacitors are connected with the right polarity.	1 "Basic construction of aluminum electrolytic capacitors"
Reverse voltage	Voltages polarity classes should be prevented by connecting a diode.	3.1.6 "Reverse voltage"
Upper category temperature	Do not exceed the upper category temperatur.	7.2 "Maximum permissible operating temperature"
Maintenance	Make periodic inspections of the capacitors. Before the inspection, make sure that the power supply is turned off and carefully discharge the electricity of the capacitors. Do not apply any mechanical stress to the capacitor terminals.	10 "Maintenance"
Mounting position of screw terminal capacitors	Do not mount the capacitor with the terminals (safety vent) upside down.	11.1 "Mounting positions of capacitors with screw terminals"
Mounting of single-ended capacitors	The internal structure of single-ended capacitors might be damaged if excessive force is applied to the lead wires. Avoid any compressive, tensile or flexural stress. Do not move the capacitor after soldering to PC board. Do not pick up the PC board by the soldered capacitor. Do not insert the capacitor on the PC board with a hole space different to the lead space specified.	11.4 "Mounting considerations for single-ended capacitors"
Robustness of terminals	The following maximum tightening torques must not be exceeded when connecting screw terminals: M5: 2 Nm M6: 2.5 Nm	11.3 "Mounting torques"
Soldering	Do not exceed the specified time or temperature limits during soldering.	11.5 "Soldering"





Extremely high ripple current - 105 °C

Topic	Safety information	Reference Chapter "General technical information"
Soldering, cleaning agents	Do not allow halogenated hydrocarbons to come into contact with aluminum electrolytic capacitors.	11.6 "Cleaning agents"
Passive flammability	Avoid external energy, such as fire or electricity.	8.1 "Passive flammability"
Active flammability	Avoid overload of the capacitors.	8.2 "Active flammability"
		Reference Chapter "Capacitors with screw terminals"
Breakdown strength of insulating sleeves	Do not damage the insulating sleeve, especially when ring clips are used for mounting.	"Screw terminals - accessories"





Extremely high ripple current - 105 °C

Symbols and terms

Symbol	English	German
С	Capacitance	Kapazität
C_R	Rated capacitance	Nennkapazität
Cs	Series capacitance	Serienkapazität
$C_{S,T}$	Series capacitance at temperature T	Serienkapazität bei Temperatur T
C_f	Capacitance at frequency f	Kapazität bei Frequenz f
d	Case diameter, nominal dimension	Gehäusedurchmesser, Nennmaß
d_{max}	Maximum case diameter	Maximaler Gehäusedurchmesser
ESL	Self-inductance	Eigeninduktivität
ESR	Equivalent series resistance	Ersatzserienwiderstand
ESR _f	Equivalent series resistance at frequency f	Ersatzserienwiderstand bei Frequenz f
ESR _T	Equivalent series resistance at temperature T	Ersatzserienwiderstand bei Temperatur T
f	Frequency	Frequenz
I	Current	Strom
I _{AC}	Alternating current (ripple current)	Wechselstrom
$I_{AC,rms}$	Root-mean-square value of alternating current	Wechselstrom, Effektivwert
$I_{AC,f}$	Ripple current at frequency f	Wechselstrom bei Frequenz f
$I_{AC,max}$	Maximum permissible ripple current	Maximal zulässiger Wechselstrom
$I_{AC,R}$	Rated ripple current	Nennwechselstrom
I _{AC,R} (B)	Rated ripple current for base cooling	Nennwechselstromstrom für Bodenkühlung
l _{leak}	Leakage current	Ableitstrom
$I_{leak,op}$	Operating leakage current	Ableitstrom bei Betrieb
1	Case length, nominal dimension	Gehäuselänge, Nennmaß
I_{max}	Maximum case length (without	Maximale Gehäuselänge (ohne Anschlüsse
R	terminals and mounting stud) Resistance	und Gewindebolzen) Widerstand
R _{ins}	Insulation resistance	Isolationswiderstand
R _{symm}	Balancing resistance	Symmetrierwiderstand
T	Temperature	Temperatur
ΔΤ	Temperature difference	Temperaturdifferenz
T _A	Ambient temperature	Umgebungstemperatur
T _C	Case temperature	Gehäusetemperatur
T _B	Capacitor base temperature	Temperatur des Becherbodens
t	Time	Zeit
Δt	Period	Zeitraum
t _b	Service life (operating hours)	Brauchbarkeitsdauer (Betriebszeit)





Extremely high ripple current - 105 °C

Symbol	English	German
V	Voltage	Spannung
V_{F}	Forming voltage	Formierspannung
V_{op}	Operating voltage	Betriebsspannung
V_{R}	Rated voltage, DC voltage	Nennspannung, Gleichspannung
V_s	Surge voltage	Spitzenspannung
X_{C}	Capacitive reactance	Kapazitiver Blindwiderstand
X_L	Inductive reactance	Induktiver Blindwiderstand
Z	Impedance	Scheinwiderstand
Z_T	Impedance at temperature T	Scheinwiderstand bei Temperatur T
$tan \ \delta$	Dissipation factor	Verlustfaktor
λ	Failure rate	Ausfallrate
ϵ_{0}	Absolute permittivity	Elektrische Feldkonstante
ϵ_{r}	Relative permittivity	Dielektrizitätszahl
ω	Angular velocity; $2 \cdot \pi \cdot f$	Kreisfrequenz; $2 \cdot \pi \cdot f$

Notes

All dimensions are given in mm.



Important notes

The following applies to all products named in this publication:

- 1. Some parts of this publication contain statements about the suitability of our products for certain areas of application. These statements are based on our knowledge of typical requirements that are often placed on our products in the areas of application concerned. We nevertheless expressly point out that such statements cannot be regarded as binding statements about the suitability of our products for a particular customer application. As a rule, EPCOS is either unfamiliar with individual customer applications or less familiar with them than the customers themselves. For these reasons, it is always ultimately incumbent on the customer to check and decide whether an EPCOS product with the properties described in the product specification is suitable for use in a particular customer application.
- 2. We also point out that in individual cases, a malfunction of electronic components or failure before the end of their usual service life cannot be completely ruled out in the current state of the art, even if they are operated as specified. In customer applications requiring a very high level of operational safety and especially in customer applications in which the malfunction or failure of an electronic component could endanger human life or health (e.g. in accident prevention or lifesaving systems), it must therefore be ensured by means of suitable design of the customer application or other action taken by the customer (e.g. installation of protective circuitry or redundancy) that no injury or damage is sustained by third parties in the event of malfunction or failure of an electronic component.
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