# **RLC 200 RLC Meter**

# digimess<sup>®</sup> expert

Order No.: H.UC 30-00



The RLC 200, an automatic RLC meter, is designed for the manual or fully automatic measurement of components.

Full remote control is possible via an RS-232 interface.

All the usual component parameters such as resistance, conductance, inductance, capacitance, Q factor and loss factor can be determined with a basic accuracy of 0.2%. Deviations from the reference components can be represented either absolutely or relatively.

The information is displayed on a large, backlit alphanumeric LCD. In addition to parameter measurements, DC voltages up to 400 V can be measured with a resolution of 100  $\mu$ V.

The package includes extensive accessories including an adapter for radial and axial components, an adapter for SMD components and a 4-line measuring cable with Kelvin clips (see overleaf).

As you can see, the RLC 200 offers an unbeatable price/ performance ratio.

## **Delivery package**

Meter complete with mains cable, replacement fuses and operating instructions, 4-line RLC adapter for radial and axial components, 4-line SMD adapter, 4-line measuring cable with Kelvin clips, 2 voltage measuring cables with integrated test probes,

1 cable for external polarization voltage and

1 measuring earth cable.



#### Basic accuracy A + additional error K where U<sub>meas</sub> = 50 mV

l	npedance  Z	Measuring frequency	
	ipeddice  2	100 Hz	1 kHz
$100m\Omega$	$\leq  Z  < 2\Omega$	not specified	$\pm$ 0.8% $\pm$ 3 dig
2Ω	$\leq  Z  < 20 \Omega$	$\pm$ 0.5% $\pm$ 3 dig	$\pm$ 0.5% $\pm$ 2 dig
20 Ω	$\leq  Z  < 200 \Omega$	± 0.3% ± 3 dig	$\pm$ 0.3% $\pm$ 2 dig
200 Ω	$\leq  Z  < 2k\Omega$	± 0.3% ± 3 dig	$\pm$ 0.3% $\pm$ 2 dig
2kΩ	$\leq  Z  < 20  k\Omega$	$\pm$ 0.3% $\pm$ 3 dig	$\pm$ 0.3% $\pm$ 2 dig
20 kΩ	$\leq  Z  < 500 \mathrm{k}\Omega$	± 0.3% ± 3 dig	$\pm$ 0.3% $\pm$ 2 dig
500 kΩ	$\leq  Z  < 5 M\Omega$	± 0.5% ± 5 dig	$\pm$ 0.5% $\pm$ 3 dig
5MΩ	$\leq  Z  < 20 M\Omega$	not specified	± 3.0% ± 3 dig

Where impedance  $|Z| \ge 20 \text{ M}\Omega \text{ (}0 < G \le 50 \text{ nS}\text{)}$ ,  $U_{\text{meas}} = 50 \text{ mV}$ . The measurement tolerance is specified using the conductance deviation  $G = \pm 3 \text{ nS}$  for the measuring frequency 1 kHz. Where impedance  $|Z| < 100 \text{ m}\Omega \ (0 < R < 100 \text{ m}\Omega)$ ,  $U_{meas} = 50 \text{ mV}$ . The measurement tolerance is specified using the resistance deviation R =  $\pm 3 \text{ m}\Omega$  for the measuring frequency 1 kHz.

All percentages refer to the displayed measured values.

#### Measurement tolerance of loss factor D

The measuring tolerance T<sub>meas</sub> of loss factor of capacitances D can be calculated using the equation:

$$T_{meas} = 0.1 D_m \pm D$$

D<sub>m</sub> = measured value D (display ed D-value) D = additional error

#### Additional error D where $f_{meas} = 1 \text{ kHz}$

Capacitance C	Measuring voltage	
Capacitance C	50 V	1 V
10 pF ≤C< 100 pF	not specified	± 0.005
$100  pF \leq C < 10  nF$	± 0.005	± 0.005
$10  nF \leq C < 100  \mu F$	± 0.004	± 0.003
$100\mu F \leq C < 1mF$	± 0.010	± 0.005

#### Additional error D where $f_{meas} = 100 \text{ Hz}$

Constituent C	Measuring voltage	
Capacitance C	50 V	1 V
10pF ≤C< 1nF	not specified	± 0.005
1 nF ≤C< 10 nF	± 0.005	± 0.005
$10  nF \leq C < 100  \mu F$	± 0.003	± 0.003
$100 \mu\text{F} \leq C < 1 \text{mF}$	± 0.005	± 0.003
1 mF ≤ C < 10 mF	not specified	± 0.010

#### Measurement tolerances

The following measurement tolerances apply for a reference temperature of + 23 °C  $\pm$  1 °C. In the case of defiations from

the reference temperature, the tolerance increases by 50% for every 10 °C.

Measurement tolerances for R and G (Q < 1, D > 1) and for L and C (Q > 1, D < 1)

The measurement tolerance T<sub>meas</sub> is calculated using the following equation:

$$T_{meas} = \left[\pm \left(A\sqrt{1+P_m^2}\right)\pm K\right]K$$

- A = basic accuracy in %
- P<sub>m</sub> = parameter Q (for R-G-measurement) or parameter D (for L-C-measurement)
- K = additional error in the last digit (dig)
- Kt = temperature coefficient error

The following equations can be used to calculate impedance Z from R, G, C and L:

$$|Z| = R = 1/G$$
  $|Z| = 2 \pi fL \text{ and } |Z| = \frac{1}{2 \pi fC}$ 

#### Basic accuracy A + additional error K where U<sub>meas</sub> = 1 V

Impedance  Z		Measuring frequency	
	ipeddice  2	100 Hz	1 kHz
100 mΩ	$\leq  Z  < 2\Omega$	± 0.5% ± 2 dig	$\pm$ 0.5% $\pm$ 2 dig
2Ω	$\leq  \mathbf{Z}  < 20 \Omega$	± 0.3% ± 2 dig	± 0.3% ± 1 dig
<b>20</b> Ω	$\leq  Z  < 200 \Omega$	± 0.2% ± 2 dig	± 0.2% ± 1 dig
200 Ω	$\leq  Z  < 2k\Omega$	$\pm$ 0.2% $\pm$ 2 dig	± 0.2% ± 1 dig
2kΩ	$\leq  Z  < 20  k\Omega$	$\pm$ 0.2% $\pm$ 2 dig	± 0.2% ± 1 dig
20 kΩ	$\leq  Z  < 500 \mathrm{k}\Omega$	$\pm$ 0.2% $\pm$ 2 dig	± 0.2% ± 1 dig
500 kΩ	$\leq  Z  < 5 M\Omega$	$\pm$ 0.3% $\pm$ 3 dig	± 0.3% ± 2 dig
5 MΩ	$\leq  Z  < 20 M\Omega$	$\pm 1\% \pm 5 dig$	± 1.0% ± 2 dig

Where impedance  $|Z| \ge 20 \text{ M}\Omega \text{ (}0 < G \le 50 \text{ nS}\text{)}$ ,  $U_{\text{meas}} = 1 \text{ V}$ . The measurement tolerance is specified using the conductance deviation  $G = \pm 2 \text{ nS}$  for both measuring frequencies. Where impedance |Z|<100 m $\Omega$  (0 < R < 100 m $\Omega$ ),  $U_{meas}=50$  mV. The measurement tolerance is specified using the resistance deviation R =  $\pm$  2 m $\Omega$  for both measuring frequencies.

All percentages refer to the displayed measured values.

# Technical data

## Measuring parameters and measurement ranges

Measuring parameter	Measurer	mentrange	Resolution/dig
, include in the particular	from	to	
R	1 mΩ	<ul> <li>– 100 MΩ</li> </ul>	1 mΩ
G	1 nS	- 10S	1 nS
С	0.1 pF	– 20 mF	0.1 pF
L	0.1 μH	– 20 kH	0.1 μH
D	0.001	- 2	0.001
Q	0.1	- 500	0.1
U=	0.1 mV	- 400 V	0.1 mV
Δ%	-999%	- +999%	0.1%

## Measurement specifications

Measuring parameters	R, G, C, L, D, Q, U=, Δ/Δ%
Type of connection	Series or parallel connection with 4-pin arrangement of measuring terminal
Measuring frequencies	100 Hz, 1 kHz
Measuring voltage	50 mV, 1 V
Polarization of test object	
Internal voltage source	+5V
External voltage source	$\leq$ +30 V
Selection of measurement range	Automatic or as fixed range
Input resistance of	
DC voltmeter	>9MΩ
Triggering	internal, manual, external via RS 232 C
Measuring time	200 ms
Display	3 1/2 - digit (measured value and unit)
Interface	RS 232 C
Remote control functions:	R, G, C, L, D, Q, U=,
	automatic measuring parameter selection,
	measurement types, measuring frequencies, measuring voltages,
	automatic measurement range selection or fixed range,
	absolute and percentage deviation ( $\Delta/\Delta\%$ ) with
	input of reference value,
	triggering and acoustic short-circuit indicator
Data output	Measuring parameter, measurement type, measured value

#### Measurement tolerance of Q factor

The tolerance is  $\pm$  0.2 in the impedance range 100 m $\Omega \leq |Z| <$  20 M $\Omega$  for R or G as test object.

The measurement tolerance of the Q factor of inductances is calculated using the following equation:  $T_{meas} = 0.1 Q_m \pm Q$  $Q_m = measured value Q \quad Q = additional error (display ed Q-value)$ 

#### Additional error Q where fmeas = 1 kHz

Inductance L	Measuring voltage
inducidnice L	50 mV 1 V
100µH ≤L< 1mH	± 0.5 ± 0.
1 mH ≤L< 100 H	± 0.3 ± 0.
100H ≤L< 1kH	± 1.5 ± 0.
1kH ≤L< 2kH	not specified ± 0.

#### Additional error Q where fmeas = 100 Hz

Inductance L	Measuring voltage	
induciance L	50 mV 1 V	
1 mH ≤L< 10 mH	not specified ± 0.3	
10 mH ≤L< 2 H	± 0.7 ± 0.3	

#### Measurement tolerance with DC voltage

In all measurement ranges, the measurement tolerance with DC voltage is:  $T_{meas} = 0.2\% \pm 1$  dig.

The percentages refer to the displayed value. With a short-circuited input, the display may fluctuate by a maximum of  $\pm$  0.2 mV.

The specified values apply for a reference temperature of 23 °C  $\pm$  1 °C. In the case of deviations from the reference temperature, the tolerance increases by 50% for every 10 °C.

Environmental conditions	
Nominal temperature	+23°C±1°C
Operating temperature	+0°C+50°C
Relative atmospheric humidity	4080%
Atmospheric pressure	86 106 kPa
Interference suppression	VfG 243/1991
Power supply	
Operating voltage	Sinusoidal AC voltage 110/220 V ( $\pm$ 10%) (internally switchable) 50 60 Hz ( $\pm$ 5%)
Power consumption	16 VA
Fuses	T 80 mA/250 V (220 V~), T 160 mA/250 V (110 V~)
Protection class	I, in accordance with IEC 348, corresponds DIN VDE 0411 Part 1 E8 1
Dimensions (W $\times$ H $\times$ D)	291 mm × 108 mm × 259 mm
Dimensions of packing	338 mm × 138 mm × 408 mm
Weight	approx. 2.8 kg
Weight incl. packing and accessories	4.5 kg