# SANTA CRUZ BIOTECHNOLOGY, INC.

# ADX Reductase (E-2): sc-374436



## BACKGROUND

Adrenodoxin Reductase (ADX Reductase) is a mitochondrial flavoprotein that receives electrons from NADPH and thereby initiates the electron-transport chain serving mitochondrial cytochromes P450. ADX Reductase participates in cholesterol side chain cleavage in all steroidogenic tissues, steroid 11- $\beta$  hydroxylation in the adrenal cortex, 25-OH-vitamin D<sub>3</sub>-24 hydroxylation in the kidney and sterol C-27 hydroxylation in the liver. Alternate splicing of ADX Reductase produces two isoforms. Human ADX Reductase maps to human chromosome 17q25.1.

## REFERENCES

- 1. Solish, S., et al. 1988. Human adrenodoxin reductase: two mRNAs encoded by a single gene on chromosome 17q24-q25 are expressed in steroidogenic tissues. Proc. Nat. Acad. Sci. USA 85: 7104-7108.
- Sparkes, R., et al. 1991. Regional mapping of genes encoding human steroidogenic enzymes: P450scc to 15q23-q24; adrenodoxin to 11q22; adrenodoxin reductase to 17q24-q25; and P450c17 to 10q24-q25. DNA Cell Biol. 10: 359-365.

### CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: FDXR (human) mapping to 17q25.1; Fdxr (mouse) mapping to 11 E2.

## SOURCE

ADX Reductase (E-2) is a mouse monoclonal antibody raised against amino acids 192-491 mapping at the C-terminus of Adrenodoxin Reductase of human origin.

## PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200  $\mu g$  IgG\_1 kappa light chain in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

# APPLICATIONS

ADX Reductase (E-2) is recommended for detection of ADX Reductase of mouse, rat and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:100, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2 µg per 100-500 µg of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

Suitable for use as control antibody for ADX Reductase siRNA (h): sc-61906, ADX Reductase siRNA (m): sc-61907, ADX Reductase shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-61906-SH, ADX Reductase shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-61907-SH, ADX Reductase shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-61906-V and ADX Reductase shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-61907-V.

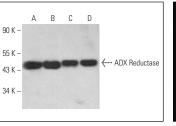
Molecular Weight of ADX Reductase: 51 kDa.

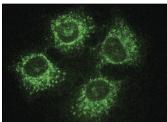
Positive Controls: K-562 whole cell lysate: sc-2203, 3T3-L1 cell lysate: sc-2243 or PC-12 cell lysate: sc-2250.

## **RECOMMENDED SUPPORT REAGENTS**

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-IgGκ BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-IgGκ BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, TBS Blotto A Blocking Reagent: sc-2333 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunoprecipitation: use Protein A/G PLUS-Agarose: sc-2003 (0.5 ml agarose/2.0 ml). 3) Immunofluorescence: use m-IgGκ BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-IgGκ BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz<sup>®</sup> Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz<sup>®</sup> Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850.

## DATA





ADX Reductase (E-2): sc-374436. Western blot analysis of ADX Reductase expression in K-562 (A), 3T3-L1 (B), PC-12 (C) and C6 (D) whole cell lysates.

ADX Reductase (E-2): sc-374436. Immunofluorescence staining of methanol-fixed HeLa cells showing cytoplasmic localization.

#### SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

- Linares, C.I., et al. 2015. Sensitivity to anti-Fas is independent of increased cathepsin D activity and adrenodoxin reductase expression occurring in NOS-3 overexpressing HepG2 cells. Biochim. Biophys. Acta 1853: 1182-1194.
- Poli, G., et al. 2015. 2D-DIGE proteomic analysis identifies new potential therapeutic targets for adrenocortical carcinoma. Oncotarget 6: 5695-5706.

## **STORAGE**

Store at 4° C, \*\*DO NOT FREEZE\*\*. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

## **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

#### PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.