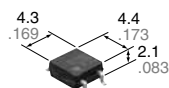


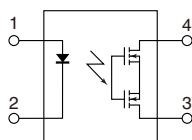


Small SOP4-pin type with short circuit protecting (Latch type)

PhotoMOS®
GU SOP 1 Form A
 Short Circuit Protection (AQY210KS)



mm inch



RoHS compliant

FEATURES

- 1. Short circuit protection (Latch type)**
 When the output current exceeds a fixed amount, it is cut and the off state is maintained. The device can be restored by turning off the input current and then turning it back on.
- 2. Miniature SOP4-pin package**
- 3. Controls low-level analog signals**
- 4. Low-level off state leakage current**

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

- Modem and telephone equipment
- Measuring and testing equipment
- Security equipment
- Industrial equipment

TYPES

* Indicate the peak AC and DC values.

Note: For space reasons, only "210K" is marked on the product. The three initial letters of the part number "AQY", the surface mount terminal shape indicator "S" and the packing style indicator "X" or "Z" are not marked on the device.

RATING

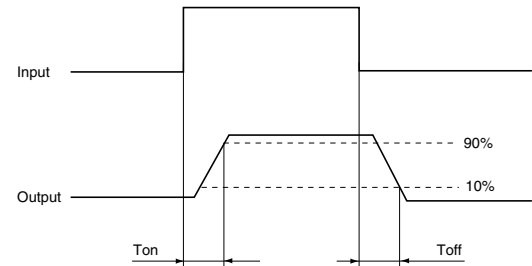
1. Absolute maximum ratings (Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F)

Item		Symbol	AQY210KS	Remarks
Input	LED forward current	I _F	50 mA	
	LED reverse voltage	V _R	5 V	
	Peak forward current	I _{FP}	1 A	f = 100 Hz, Duty factor = 0.1%
	Power dissipation	P _{in}	75 mW	
Output	Load voltage (peak AC)	V _L	350 V	
	Continuous load current	I _L	0.12 A	Peak AC, DC
	Power dissipation	P _{out}	400 mW	
Total power dissipation		P _T	450 mW	
I/O isolation voltage		V _{iso}	1,500 V AC	
Temperature limits	Operating	T _{opr}	−40°C to +85°C −40°F to +185°F	Non-condensing at low temperatures
	Storage	T _{stg}	−40°C to +100°C −40°F to +212°F	

GU SOP 1 Form A Short Circuit Protection (AQY210KS)

2. Electrical characteristics (Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F)

*Turn on/Turn off time



RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

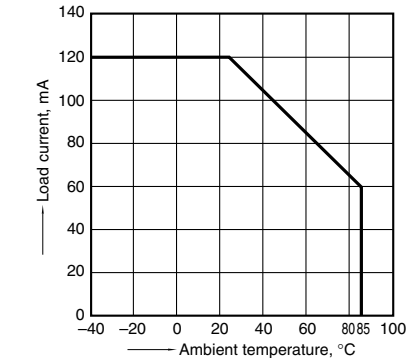
Please obey the following conditions to ensure proper device operation and resetting.

Item	Symbol	Recommended value	Unit
Input LED current	I _F	5 to 10	mA

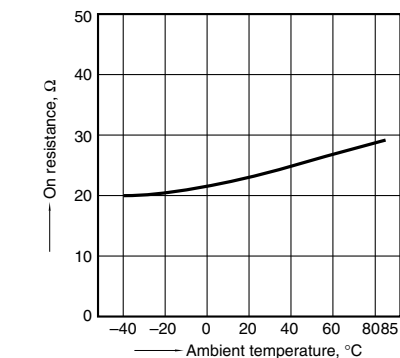
■ These products are not designed for automotive use.
If you are considering to use these products for automotive applications, please contact your local Panasonic Corporation technical representative.

REFERENCE DATA

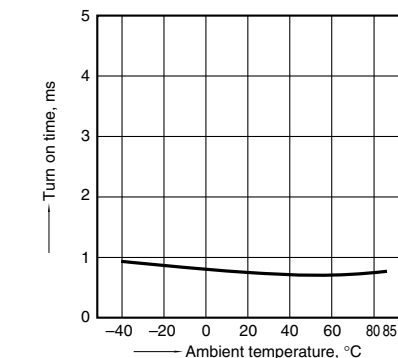
1. Load current vs. ambient temperature characteristics
Allowable ambient temperature: -40°C to +85°C
-40°F to +185°F



2. On resistance vs. ambient temperature characteristics
Measured portion: between terminals 3 and 4;
LED current: 5 mA; Load current: Max.(DC)

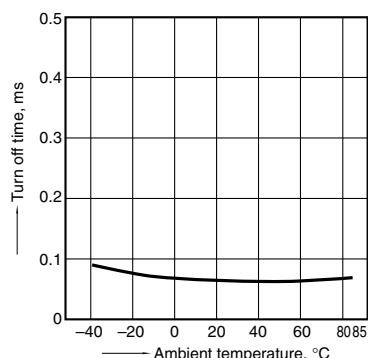


3. Turn on time vs. ambient temperature characteristics
LED current: 5 mA;
Continuous load current: Max.(DC)



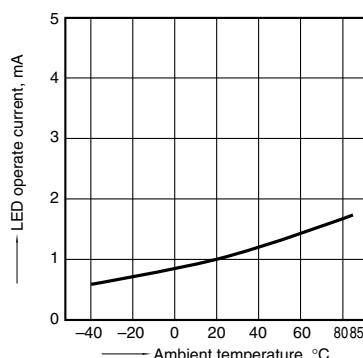
4. Turn off time vs. ambient temperature characteristics

LED current: 5 mA;
Continuous load current: Max.(DC)



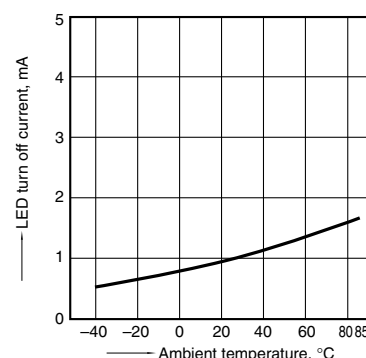
5. LED operate current vs. ambient temperature characteristics

Continuous load current: Max.(DC)



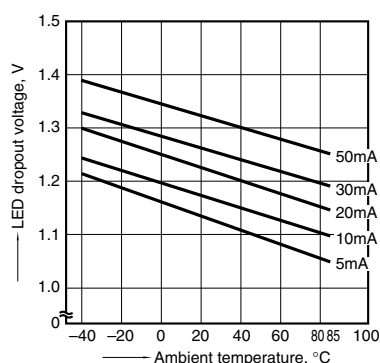
6. LED turn off current vs. ambient temperature characteristics

Continuous load current: Max.(DC)



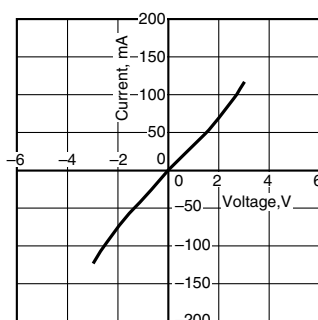
7. LED dropout voltage vs. ambient temperature characteristics

LED current: 5 to 50 mA



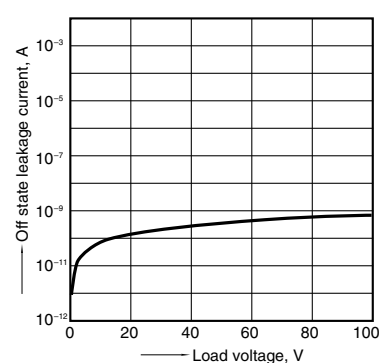
8. Current vs. voltage characteristics of output at MOS portion

Measured portion: between terminals 3 and 4;
Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F



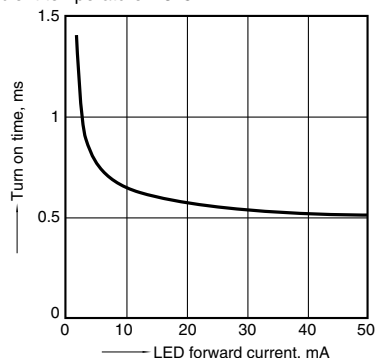
9. Off state leakage current vs. load voltage characteristics

Measured portion: between terminals 3 and 4;
Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F



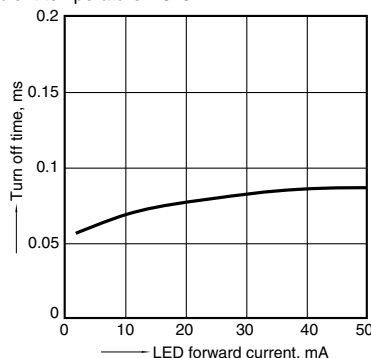
10. Turn on time vs. LED forward current characteristics

Measured portion: between terminals 3 and 4; Load voltage: Max.(DC); Continuous load current: Max.(DC);
Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F



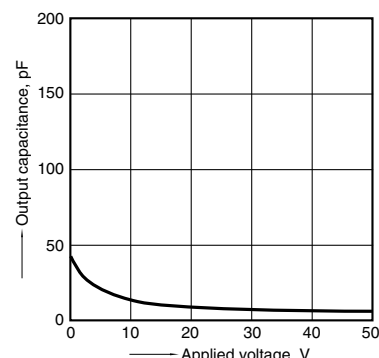
11. Turn off time vs. LED forward current characteristics

Measured portion: between terminals 3 and 4; Load voltage: Max.(DC); Continuous load current: Max.(DC);
Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F



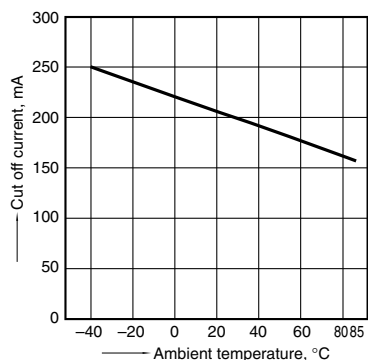
12. Output capacitance vs. applied voltage characteristics

Measured portion: between terminals 3 and 4;
Frequency: 1 MHz; Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F



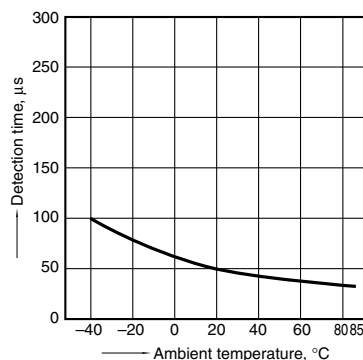
13. Cut off current vs. ambient temperature characteristics

Measured portion: between terminals 3 and 4;
LED current: 5 mA, within 20ms on time



14. Detection time vs. ambient temperature characteristics

Measured portion: between terminals 3 and 4;
LED current: 5 mA; Load voltage: Max.(DC);



What is short circuit protection latch type?

When the load current reaches a certain fixed value, the short circuit protection function activates to completely cut off the load current and keep the PhotoMOS turned off.

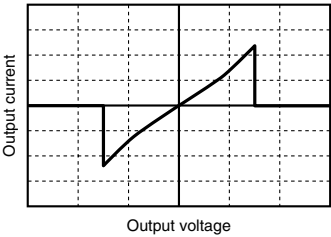
The short circuit protection inside the PhotoMOS instantaneously (typ. 50 μ s) and completely cuts of the load current.

This protects any circuits that follow the PhotoMOS from excess current.

There is almost no heating of the PhotoMOS, which prevents it from becoming damaged. To restore the function of the PhotoMOS turn off the input current and then turn it back on. In order to operate the short circuit protection function, ensure that the input current is at least $I_F = 5$ mA.

Output voltage and output current characteristics

V-I characteristics of PhotoMOS with short circuit protection circuit



Operation chart

