Panasonic

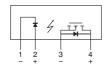
ideas for life

Height includes

CAD Data

standoff

mm inch



Max. high capacity 10A in a slim SIL package

 $PhotoMOS^{\circ}$ Power 1 Form A DC High Capacity (AQZ192)

FEATURES

1. High capacity type power PhotoMOS.

Can switch a wide range of currents and voltages. Can control various types of loads, from very small loads to a max. 10 A DC current for sequencers, motors, and lamps.

2. Low on-resistance and high sensitivity.

Low on-resistance of less than typ. 8 m Ω (AQZ192). High sensitivity LED operate current of typ. 0.7 mA.

3. 4-pin SIL type

(L) 24.5 mm \times (W) 4.5 mm \times (H) 20.5 mm (L) .965 inch × (W) .177 inch × (H) .807

4. Low-level off state leakage current of max. 10 μ A

5. Controls low-level analog signals

The triac, photocoupler, or SSR cannot be used to control signals of less than several hundred mV. The high capacity type power PhotoMOS feature extremely low closed-circuit offset voltage to enable control of low-level analog signals without distortion.

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

- Photovoltaic power generation system
- · Battery system
- Measuring instruments
- Power supply unit
- Industrial machines
- * For the latest information on compliance with international standards, please visit our website.

TYPES

	Output rating**		Dookogo	Part No.	Packing quantity	
	Load voltage	Load current	Package	Fait No.	Inner carton	Outer carton
DC only	60 V	10 A	SIL4-pin	AQZ192	20 pcs	500 pcs

Note: Please refer to the cautions for use regarding the recommended operation load voltage.

RATING

1. Absolute maximum ratings (Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F)

	Item	Symbol	AQZ192	Remarks
Input	LED forward current	lF	50 mA	
	LED reverse voltage	VR	5 V	
	Peak forward current	I FP	1 A	f = 100Hz, Duty factor = 0.1%
	Power dissipation	Pin	75 mA	
Output	Load voltage (DC)	VL	60 V	
	Continuous load current (DC)	l _L	10 A	
	Peak load current	Ipeak	30 A	100 ms (1shot), V _L = DC
	Power dissipation	Pout	2.0 W	
Total power dissipation		P⊤	2.0 W	
I/O isolation voltage		Viso	3,000 V AC	
Temperature limits	Operating	Topr	-40°C to +85°C -40°F to 185°F	Non-condensing at low temperatures
	Storage	Tstg	-40°C to +100°C -40°F to 212°F	

^{**}Load voltage and load current of DC type: DC

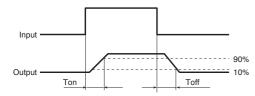
Power 1 Form A DC High Capacity (AQZ192)

2. Electrical characteristics (Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F)

Item			Symbol	AQZ192	Remarks
Input	LED approve autropt	Typical	IFon	0.7 mA	
	LED operate current	Maximum		3.0 mA	I∟ = 100 mA
	LED turn off current	Minimum	Foff	0.2 mA	V _L = 10 V
		Typical		0.5 mA	1
	LED dropout voltage	Typical	VF	1.35 V (1.17 V at I _F = 10 mA)	I _F = 50 mA
		Maximum		1.5 V	
Output	On resistance	Typical	Ron	8 mΩ	I _F = 10 mA, I _L = max. Within 1 s on time
		Maximum		15 mΩ	
	Off state leakage current	Maximum	Leak	10 μΑ	$I_F = 0 \text{ mA}, V_L = \text{max}.$
Transfer characteristics	Turn on time*	Typical	Ton	1.0 ms	IF = 10 mA, IL = 100 mA, VL = 10 V
		Maximum		3.0 ms	
	Turn off time*	Typical	Toff	0.11 ms	I _F = 10 mA I _L = 100 mA, V _L = 10 V
		Maximum		1.0 ms	
	I/O conscitones	Typical	Ciso	1.7 pF	f = 1 MHz V _B = 0 V
	I/O capacitance	Maximum		3.0 pF	
	Initial I/O isolation resistance	Minimum	Riso	1,000 ΜΩ	500 V DC
	Maximum operating frequency	Maximum	_	0.5 cps	$I_F = 10$ mA, Duty factor = 50% $V_L \times I_L = 600 \text{ V} \cdot \text{A}$

Note: Please refer to the "Schematic and Wiring Diagrams" for connection method.

*Turn on/off time



RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

Please obey the following conditions to ensure proper device operation and resetting.

Item	Symbol	Recommended value	Unit	
Input LED current	lF	10	mA	

- Dimensions
- Schematic and Wiring Diagrams
- Cautions for Use
- These products are not designed for automotive use.

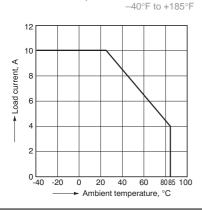
If you are considering to use these products for automotive applications, please contact your local Panasonic technical representative.

Please refer to our information on PhotoMOS Relays for Automotive Applications.

REFERENCE DATA

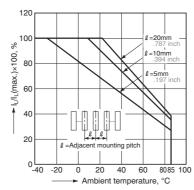
1. Load current vs. ambient temperature characteristics

Allowable ambient temperature: -40°C to +85°C



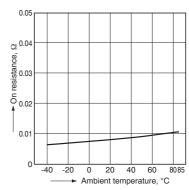
2. Load current vs. ambient temperature characteristics in adjacent mounting l.: Load current;

I∟ (max.): Maximum continuous load current



3. On resistance vs. ambient temperature characteristics

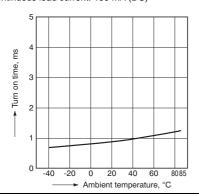
LED current: 10 mA; Load voltage: Max. (DC) Continuous load current: Max. (DC)



Power 1 Form A DC High Capacity (AQZ192)

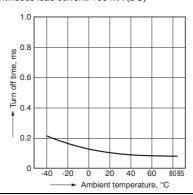
4. Turn on time vs. ambient temperature characteristics

LED current: 10 mA; Load voltage: 10 V (DC); Continuous load current: 100 mA (DC)

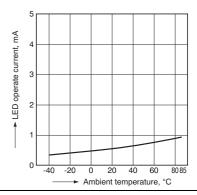


5. Turn off time vs. ambient temperature characteristics

LED current: 10 mA; Load voltage: 10 V (DC); Continuous load current: 100 mA (DC)

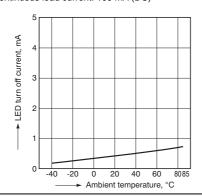


6. LED operate current vs. ambient temperature characteristics Load voltage: 10 V (DC); Continuous load current: 100 mA (DC)

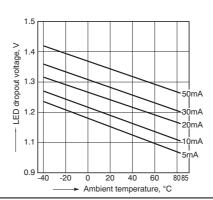


7. LED turn off current vs. ambient temperature characteristics

Load voltage: 10 V (DC); Continuous load current: 100 mA (DC)

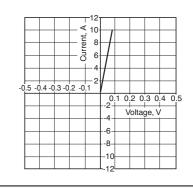


8. LED dropout voltage vs. ambient temperature characteristics LED current: 5 to 50 mA



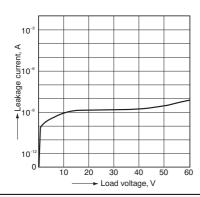
9. Current vs. voltage characteristics of output at MOS portion

Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F



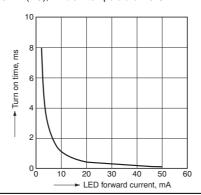
10. Off state leakage current vs. load voltage characteristics

Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F



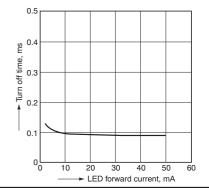
11. Turn on time vs. LED forward current characteristics

Load voltage: 10 V (DC); Continuous load current: 100 mA (DC); Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F



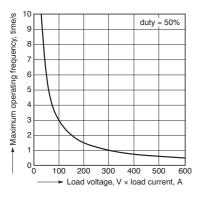
12. Turn off time vs. LED forward current characteristics

Load voltage: 10 V (DC); Continuous load current: 100 mA (DC); Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F



13. Maximum operating frequency vs. load voltage/current characteristics

LED current: 10 mA; Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F



14. Output capacitance vs. applied voltage characteristics

Frequency: 1 MHz; Ambient temperature: 25°C 77°F

