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### !\ REMINDERS

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- Please conduct validation and verification of products in actual condition of mounting and operating environment before commercial shipment of the equipment.
- All electronic components listed in this catalogue are intended for use in general electronic equipment such as AV/OA equipment, home electrical appliances, office equipment, information-communication equipment, general medical equipment, industrial equipment, and automotive applications.
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ment, transportation equipment (automotive powertrain/train/ship control systems, etc.) and traffic signal system.

Please do not incorporate the components into any equipment requiring a high degree of safety and reliability, such as aerospace equipment, avionics, nuclear control equipment, submarine system, and military equipment.

For use in high safety and reliability-required devices/circuits of general electronic equipment, thorough safety evaluation prior to use is strongly recommended, and a protective circuit should be designed and installed as necessary.

- The contents of this catalog are applicable to the products which are purchased from our sales offices or distributors (so called "TAIYO YUDEN's official sales channel").

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# **MULTILAYER CERAMIC CAPACITORS**





### ■PART NUMBER

J M K	3 1	6 🛆	ВЈ	1 0 6	М	L	Н	Т	Δ
<u>(1)</u> <u>(2)</u> <u>(3)</u>	<b>(4</b> )	(5)	6	(7)	8	9	(10)	(11)	(12)

 $\Delta$ =Blank space

1)Rated v	olta	ge
-----------	------	----

Code	Rated voltage[VDC]
Α	4
J	6.3
L	10
E	16
Т	25
G	35
U	50
Н	100
Q	250
S	630

3End termination

Code	End termination				
K	Plated				
J	Soft Termination				
S	Cu Internal Electrodes				
R	High Reliability Application				
(4) Dimension (L×W)					

②Series name	
Code	Series name
М	Multilayer ceramic capacitor
V	Multilayer ceramic capacitor for high frequency
w	I W reverse type multilayer capacitor

4)Dilliension(E × W)						
Туре	Dimensions (L×W)[mm]	EIA (inch)				
063	0.6 × 0.3	0201				
105	1.0 × 0.5	0402				
103	0.52 × 1.0 💥	0204				
107	1.6 × 0.8	0603				
107	0.8 × 1.6 💥	0306				
212	2.0 × 1.25	0805				
	1.25 × 2.0 💥	0508				
316	3.2 × 1.6	1206				
325	3.2 × 2.5	1210				
432	4.5 × 3.2	1812				

Note: ※LW reverse type(□WK) only

Code	Туре	L[mm]	W[mm]	T[mm]
Δ	ALL	Standard	Standard	Standard
	063	0.6±0.05	0.3±0.05	0.3±0.05
	105	1.0±0.10	0.5±0.10	0.5±0.10
	107	1.6+0.15/-0.05	0.8+0.15/-0.05	0.8+0.15/-0.05
Α	212	2.0+0.15/-0.05	1.25+0.15/-0.05	0.85±0.10
		2.0 1 0.10, 0.00	1120 1 01107 0100	1.25+0.15/-0.05
	316	3.2±0.20	1.6±0.20	1.6±0.20
	325	$3.2 \pm 0.30$	2.5±0.30	2.5±0.30
	105	1.0+0.15/-0.05	0.5+0.15/-0.05	0.5+0.15/-0.05
	107	1.6+0.20/-0	0.8+0.20/-0	0.8+0.20/-0
В	010	001000/ 0	105 1000/ 0	0.85±0.10
	212	2.0+0.20/-0	1.25 + 0.20 / -0	1.25+0.20/-0
	316	3.2±0.30	1.6±0.30	1.6±0.30
	105	1.0+0.20/-0	0.5+0.20/-0	0.5+0.20/-0
С	107	1.6+0.25/-0	0.8+0.25/-0	0.8+0.25/-0
	212	2.0+0.25/-0	1.25+0.25/-0	1.25+0.25/-0
	212	2.0±0.15	1.25±0.15	0.85±0.15
K	316	22+020	16+020	1.15±0.20
ĸ	310	3.2±0.20	1.6±0.20	1.6±0.20
	325	3.2±0.50	2.5±0.30	2.5±0.30

Note: P.22 Standard external dimensions

Δ= Blank space

### **6**Temperature characteristics code

### ■ High dielectric type

Code	Code Applicable standard		Temperature range[°C]	Ref. Temp.[°C]	Capacitance change	Capacitance tolerance	Tolerance code
			-55~+ 85	0.5	±150/	±10%	K
BJ	EIA	X5R	-55 <b>~</b> + 85	25	25 ±15%	±20%	М
В7	EIA	X7R	-55 <b>~</b> +125	25	±15%	±10%	K
	LIA	X/IX	00 - 1 120	23	±1370	±20%	М
C6	EIA	EIA X6S -55~+105 25 ±22%	±10%	K			
00	LIA	703	33 - 1 103	23	±22 /0	±20%	М
C7	EIA	X7S	X7S -55~+125 25 ±22%	±10%	K		
	LIA	7/3	33.4 1 123	23	±20%	±20%	М
D7	EIA	X7T	-55 <b>~</b> +125	25	+22%/-33%	±10%	K
	LIA	^/1	33.3 T 123	20	1 22 70/ - 33 70	±20%	М

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■Temperature compensating type

Code		cable dard	Temperature range[°C]	Ref. Temp.[°C]	Capacitance change	Capacitance tolerance	Tolerance code																			
	JIS	CG	-55 <b>∼</b> +125	20	0±30ppm/°C	±0.1pF	В																			
CG						±0.25pF	С																			
						±0.5pF	D																			
	EIA CO	IA COG																				-55° + 125		о±зоррпі/ С	±1pF	F
					25		±2%	G																		
						±5%	J																			

7 Nominal capacitance

Code (example)	Nominal cpacitance
0R5	0.5pF
010	1pF
100	10pF
101	100pF
102	1,000pF
103	0.01 <i>μ</i> F
104	0.1 μ F
105	1.0 <i>μ</i> F
106	10 μ F
107	100 μ F

Note : R=Decimal point

8 Capacitance tolerance

Code	Capacitance tolerance
В	±0.1pF
С	±0.25pF
D	±0.5pF
G	±2%
J	±5%
K	±10%
М	±20%

Thickness

Code	Thickness[mm]
Р	0.3
Т	0.3
V	0.5
С	0.7(107type or more)
Α	0.8
D	0.85(212type or more)
F	1.15
G	1.25
Н	1.5
L	1.6
N	1.9
М	2.5

**®**Special code

Code	Special code
Н	MLCC for Industrial and Automotive

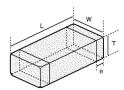
(1)Packaging

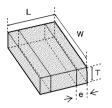
Or doridging	
Code	Packaging
F	φ178mm Taping (2mm pitch)
R	$\phi$ 178mm Embossed Taping (4mm pitch)
Т	$\phi$ 178mm Taping (4mm pitch)
P	$\phi$ 178mm Taping (4mm pitch, 1000 pcs/reel)
Р	325 type (Thickness code M)

12Internal code

Code	Internal code
Δ	Standard

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★ LW reverse type

Type( EIA )		Dime	nsion [mm] (inch)		
Type( EIA )	L	W	Т	*1	е
□MK063(0201)	0.6±0.03	0.3±0.03	0.3±0.03	Т	0.15±0.05
□WK003 (0201)	$(0.024 \pm 0.001)$	(0.012±0.001)	(0.012±0.001)	'	(0.006±0.002)
□MK105(0402)	1.0±0.05	0.5±0.05	0.5±0.05	٧	0.25±0.10
□MIK103(0402)	$(0.039 \pm 0.002)$	$(0.020\pm0.002)$	$(0.020\pm0.002)$	V	$(0.010\pm0.004)$
□WK105(0204)※	0.52±0.05	1.0±0.05	0.3±0.05	Р	0.18±0.08
□WK103(0204)%	$(0.020\pm0.002)$	$(0.039 \pm 0.002)$	$(0.012\pm0.002)$	F	$(0.007 \pm 0.003)$
□MK107(0603)	1.6±0.10	0.8±0.10	0.8±0.10	Α	0.35±0.25
□WIK107 (0003)	$(0.063 \pm 0.004)$	$(0.031 \pm 0.004)$	$(0.031 \pm 0.004)$	^	(0.014±0.010)
□MJ107 (0603)	1.6±0.10	0.8±0.10	0.8±0.10	Α	0.35±0.25
□W0107 (0000)	$(0.063 \pm 0.004)$	$(0.031 \pm 0.004)$	$(0.031 \pm 0.004)$	^	(0.014±0.010)
□VS107(0603)	1.6±0.10	0.8±0.10	0.7±0.10	С	0.35±0.25
	$(0.063 \pm 0.004)$	$(0.031 \pm 0.004)$	$(0.031 \pm 0.004)$		(0.014±0.010)
□MR107(0603)	1.6±0.10	0.8±0.10	0.8±0.10	Α	0.1~0.6
MIN(107 (0000)	$(0.063 \pm 0.004)$	$(0.031 \pm 0.004)$	$(0.031 \pm 0.004)$		(0.004~0.024)
□WK107(0306)※	0.8±0.10	1.6±0.10	$0.5 \pm 0.05$	V	0.25±0.15
	$(0.031 \pm 0.004)$	(0.063±0.004)	$(0.020\pm0.002)$	·	(0.010±0.006)
			0.85±0.10	D	
□MK212(0805)	2.0±0.10	1.25±0.10	$(0.033 \pm 0.004)$		0.5±0.25
	$(0.079 \pm 0.004)$	$(0.049\pm0.004)$	1.25±0.10	G	(0.020±0.010)
			$(0.049\pm0.004)$	ď	
			0.85±0.10	D	
□MJ212(0805)	2.0±0.10	1.25±0.10	$(0.033\pm0.004)$	D	0.5±0.25
□MO212(0003)	$(0.079 \pm 0.004)$	$(0.049\pm0.004)$	1.25±0.10	G	$(0.020\pm0.010)$
			$(0.049\pm0.004)$	G	
□VS212(0805)	2.0±0.10	1.25±0.10	0.85±0.10	D	0.5±0.25
□ V3212(0003)	$(0.079 \pm 0.004)$	$(0.049\pm0.004)$	$(0.033 \pm 0.004)$	D	(0.020±0.010)
□MR212(0805)	2.0±0.10	1.25±0.10	1.25±0.10	G	0.25~0.75
	$(0.079 \pm 0.004)$	$(0.049 \pm 0.004)$	$(0.049 \pm 0.004)$	٦	(0.010~0.029)
□WK212(0508)※	1.25±0.15	2.0±0.15	0.85±0.10	D	0.3±0.2
	$(0.049 \pm 0.006)$	$(0.079\pm0.006)$	$(0.033 \pm 0.004)$		(0.012±0.008)
			1.15±0.10	F	
□MK316 (1206)	3.2±0.15	1.6±0.15	$(0.045\pm0.004)$		0.5 + 0.35 / -0.25
□WIN310(1200)	$(0.126 \pm 0.006)$	$(0.063\pm0.006)$	1.6±0.20		(0.020 + 0.014 / -0.010)
			$(0.063 \pm 0.008)$	L	
			1.15±0.10		
	3.2±0.15	1.6±0.15	$(0.045\pm0.004)$	F	0.5+0.35/-0.25
□MJ316(1206)	(0.126±0.006)	(0.063±0.006)	1.6±0.20		(0.020+0.014/-0.010)
	(	(	$(0.063\pm0.008)$	L	(
	3.2±0.15	1.6±0.15	1.6±0.20		0.25~0.85
□MR316(1206)	(0.126±0.006)	(0.063±0.006)	$(0.063 \pm 0.008)$	L	(0.010~0.033)
	(0.120 = 0.000)	(0.000=0.000)	1.15±0.10		(5.5.15 5.555)
			$(0.045\pm0.004)$	F	
			1.5±0.10		1
	3.2±0.30	2.5±0.20	$(0.059 \pm 0.004)$	Н	0.6±0.3
☐MK325(1210)	(0.126±0.012)	(0.098±0.008)	1.9±0.20		$(0.024\pm0.012)$
	(0.120 = 0.012)	(0.000 = 0.000)	(0.075±0.008)	N	(5.52 1 = 5.5 12)
			2.5±0.20		1
			(0.098±0.008)	М	
			1.9±0.20		
	3.2±0.30	2.5±0.20	(0.075±0.008)	N	0.6±0.3
□MJ325(1210)	(0.126±0.012)	(0.098±0.008)	2.5±0.20		$(0.024\pm0.012)$
	(525 = 5.512)	(0.000_0,	(0.098±0.008)	М	(5.52.25.57)
			1.9±0.20		
_	3.2±0.30	2.5±0.20	$(0.075 \pm 0.008)$	N	0.3~0.9
□MR325(1210)	(0.126±0.012)	$(0.098 \pm 0.008)$	2.5±0.20		(0.012~0.035)
	(5.125 2 5.512)	(5.555 = 5.555)	(0.098±0.008)	М	(5.5.2 5.555)
	4.5±0.40	3.2±0.30	2.5±0.20		0.9±0.6
□MK432(1812)	(0.177±0.016)	(0.126±0.012)	$(0.098 \pm 0.008)$	М	$(0.035\pm0.024)$
	vpe. *1.Thickness co			·	

Note: ※. LW reverse type, \*1.Thickness code

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Tuna	EIA (inch)	Dime	ension	Standard qu	uantity[pcs]
Туре	EIA (Inch)	[mm]	Code	Paper tape	Embossed tape
063	0201	0.3	Т	15000	_
105	0402	0.5	V	10000	
105	0204 ※	0.30	Р	10000	_
		0.7	С	4000	
		0.8	A	4000	_
107	0603	0.8	A	_	4000
107		0.8	А	3000 (Soft Termination)	_
	0306 ※	0.50	V	_	4000
		0.85	D	4000	_
	0805	1.25	G	_	3000
212	0803	1.25	G	_	2000 (Soft Termination
	0508 ※	0.85	D	4000	_
316	1206	1.15	F	_	3000
310	1200	1.6	L	_	2000
		1.15	F		
325	1210	1.5	Н	_	2000
323	1210	1.9	N		
		2.5	М	_	500(T), 1000(P
432	1812	2.5	M	_	500

Note : ※.LW Reverse type(□WK)

STANDARD QUANTITY

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# Medium-High Voltage Multilayer Ceramic Capacitors

### ●107TYPE (Dimension:1.6 × 0.8mm JIS:1608 EIA:0603)

[Temperature Characteristic B7 : X7R] 0.8mm thickness(A)

Part number 1	Part number 2	Rated voltage [V]		Capacitance	$ an\delta$	HALT	Thickness*3 [mm]	Note	
	Part number 2		characteristics	[F]	tolerance [%]	[%]	Rated voltage x %	Thickness [mm]	Note
HMK107 B7102[AHT			X7R	1000 p	±10, ±20	3.5	200	0.8±0.10	*1 ,*2
HMK107 B7152∏AHT			X7R	1500 p	±10, ±20	3.5	200	0.8±0.10	*1 ,*2
HMK107 B7222 AHT			X7R	2200 p	±10, ±20	3.5	200	0.8±0.10	*1 ,*2
HMK107 B7332∏AHT			X7R	3300 p	±10, ±20	3.5	200	0.8±0.10	*1 ,*2
HMK107 B7472[AHT			X7R	4700 p	±10, ±20	3.5	200	0.8±0.10	*1 ,*2
HMK107 B7682∏AHT		100	X7R	6800 p	±10, ±20	3.5	200	0.8±0.10	*1 ,*2
HMK107 B7103[AHT			X7R	0.01 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	0.8±0.10	*1 ,*2
HMK107 B7153[AHT			X7R	0.015 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	0.8±0.10	*1 ,*2
HMK107 B7223∏AHT			X7R	0.022 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	0.8±0.10	*1 ,*2
HMK107 B7333∏AHT			X7R	0.033 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	0.8±0.10	*1 ,*2
HMK107 B7104[AHT			X7R	0.1 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	0.8±0.10	*1 ,*2

### **212TYPE** (Dimension:2.0 × 1.25mm JIS:2012 EIA:0805)

[Temperature Characteristic B7 : X7R] 1.25mm thickness(G)

Part number 1	Part number 2	Rated voltage [V]	Temperature	Capacitance	Capacitance	tan δ	HALT	Thickness*3 [mm]	Note
rart number i	Fart number 2	Nated Voltage [V]	characteristics	[F]	tolerance [%]	[%]	Rated voltage x %	Inickness [mm]	Note
HMK212 B7103[]GHT			X7R	0.01 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	1.25±0.10	*1 ,*2
HMK212 B7153[]GHT			X7R	0.015 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	1.25±0.10	*1 ,*2
HMK212 B7223 GHT			X7R	0.022 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	1.25±0.10	*1 ,*2
HMK212 B7333 GHT		100	X7R	0.033 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	1.25±0.10	*1 ,*2
HMK212 B7473 GHT		100	X7R	0.047 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	1.25±0.10	*1 ,*2
HMK212 B7683 GHT			X7R	0.068 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	1.25±0.10	*1 ,*2
HMK212 B7104 GHT			X7R	0.1 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	1.25±0.10	*1 ,*2
HMK212 B7224 GHT			X7R	0.22 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	1.25±0.10	*1 ,*2
QMK212 B7472 GHT			X7R	4700 p	±10, ±20	2.5	150	1.25±0.10	*1 ,*2
QMK212 B7682 GHT			X7R	6800 p	±10, ±20	2.5	150	1.25±0.10	*1 ,*2
QMK212 B7103 GHT		250	X7R	0.01 μ	±10, ±20	2.5	150	1.25±0.10	*1 ,*2
QMK212 B7153 GHT			X7R	0.015 μ	±10, ±20	2.5	150	1.25±0.10	*1 ,*2
QMK212 B7223[]GHT			X7R	0.022 μ	±10, ±20	2.5	150	1.25±0.10	*1 ,*2

[Temperature Characteristic B7 : X7R] 0.85mm thickness(D)

Part number 1	Part number 2	Rated voltage [V]	Temperature	Capacitance	Capacitance	$ an\delta$	HALT	Thickness*3 [mm]	Note
	r arc number 2		characteristics	[F]	tolerance [%]	[%]	Rated voltage x %	Triickness [illin]	14016
QMK212 B7102[]DHT			X7R	1000 p	±10, ±20	2.5	150	$0.85 \pm 0.10$	*1 ,*2
QMK212 B7152[]DHT		250	X7R	1500 p	±10, ±20	2.5	150	$0.85 \pm 0.10$	*1 ,*2
QMK212 B7222[]DHT		250	X7R	2200 p	±10, ±20	2.5	150	$0.85 \pm 0.10$	*1 ,*2
QMK212 B7332 DHT			X7R	3300 p	$\pm 10, \pm 20$	2.5	150	$0.85 \pm 0.10$	*1 .*2

### **316TYPE** (Dimension:3.2 × 1.6mm JIS:3216 EIA:1206)

[Temperature Characteristic B7 : X7R] 1.6mm thickness(L)

Part number 1	Part number 2	Rated voltage [V]	Temperature	Capacitance	Capacitance	tan δ	HALT	Thickness*3 [mm]	Note
Part number 1	Part number 2	Nated Voltage [V]	characteristics	[F]	tolerance [%]	[%]	Rated voltage x %	Inickness [mm]	Note
HMK316 B7473□LHT			X7R	0.047 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	1.6±0.20	*1 ,*2
HMK316 B7104□LHT			X7R	0.1 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	1.6±0.20	*1 ,*2
HMK316 B7154 LHT			X7R	0.15 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	1.6±0.20	*1 ,*2
HMK316 B7224□LHT		100	X7R	0.22 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	1.6±0.20	*1 ,*2
HMK316 B7334□LHT			X7R	0.33 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	1.6±0.20	*1 ,*2
HMK316 B7474□LHT			X7R	0.47 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	1.6±0.20	*1 ,*2
HMK316 B7105□LHT			X7R	1 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	1.6±0.20	*1 ,*2
QMK316 B7333 LHT			X7R	0.033 μ	±10, ±20	2.5	150	1.6±0.20	*1 ,*2
QMK316 B7473[]LHT		250	X7R	0.047 μ	±10, ±20	2.5	150	1.6±0.20	*1 ,*2
QMK316 B7683[]LHT		250	X7R	0.068 μ	±10, ±20	2.5	150	1.6±0.20	*1 ,*2
QMK316 B7104 LHT			X7R	0.1 μ	±10, ±20	2.5	150	1.6±0.20	*1 ,*2
SMK316 B7153 LHT		630	X7R	0.015 μ	±10, ±20	2.5	120	1.6±0.20	*1 ,*2
SMK316 B7223□LHT		030	X7R	0.022 μ	±10, ±20	2.5	120	1.6±0.20	*1 ,*2

Temperature Characteristic B7 : X7R 1.15mm thickness(F)

	Liemperature Onaracterist	IC D7 . X/K 1.13HIHI UII	ICKIIESS (F)							
Part number 1	Part number 2	Rated voltage [V]	Temperature	Capacitance	Capacitance	$ an\delta$	HALT	Thickness*3 [mm]	Note	
	Fart number 1	1 art number 2	Nated Voltage [V]	characteristics	[F]	tolerance [%]	[%]	Rated voltage x %	Thickness [mm]	11000
	SMK316 B7102[]FHT			X7R	1000 p	±10, ±20	2.5	120	1.15±0.10	*1 ,*2
	SMK316 B7152[]FHT			X7R	1500 p	±10, ±20	2.5	120	1.15±0.10	*1 ,*2
	SMK316 B7222 FHT			X7R	2200 p	±10, ±20	2.5	120	1.15±0.10	*1 ,*2
	SMK316 B7332∏FHT		630	X7R	3300 p	±10, ±20	2.5	120	1.15±0.10	*1 ,*2
	SMK316 B7472 FHT			X7R	4700 p	±10, ±20	2.5	120	1.15±0.10	*1 ,*2
	SMK316 B7682∏FHT			X7R	6800 p	±10, ±20	2.5	120	1.15±0.10	*1 ,*2
	SMK316 B7103∏FHT			X7R	0.01 μ	±10, ±20	2.5	120	1.15±0.10	*1 ,*2

### **325TYPE** (Dimension:3.2 × 2.5mm JIS:3225 EIA:1210)

[Temperature Characteristic B7 : X7R] 2.5mm thickness (M)

Part number 1	Part number 2	Rated voltage [V]	Tempe charact	erature eristics	Capacitance [F]	Capacitance tolerance [%]	tan δ [%]	HALT Rated voltage x %	Thickness*3 [mm]	Note
HMK325 B7225 MHP	HMK325 B7225∏MHT	100		X7R	2.2 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	$2.5 \pm 0.20$	*1 ,*2

[Temperature Characteristic B7 : X7R] 1.9mm thickness(N)

Part number 1	Part number 2	Rated voltage [V]	Temperature characteristics	Capacitance [F]	Capacitance tolerance [%]	tan δ [%]	HALT Rated voltage x %	Thickness*3 [mm]	Note
HMK325 B7224□NHT			X7R	0.22 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	1.9±0.20	*1 ,*2
HMK325 B7474□NHT		100	X7R	0.47 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	1.9±0.20	*1 ,*2
HMK325 B7684□NHT		100	X7R	0.68 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	1.9±0.20	*1 ,*2
HMK325 B7105□NHT		•	X7R	1 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	1.9±0.20	*1 ,*2

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Part number 1	Part number 2	Rated voltage [V]	Temperature characteristics	Capacitance [F]	Capacitance tolerance [%]	tan δ [%]	HALT Rated voltage x %	Thickness*3 [mm]	Note
QMK325 B7473[NHT			X7R	0.047 μ	±10, ±20	2.5	150	1.9±0.20	*1 ,*2
QMK325 B7104[]NHT		250	X7R	0.1 μ	±10, ±20	2.5	150	1.9±0.20	*1 ,*2
QMK325 B7154[]NHT		230	X7R	0.15 μ	±10, ±20	2.5	150	1.9±0.20	*1 ,*2
QMK325 B7224[]NHT			X7R	0.22 μ	±10, ±20	2.5	150	1.9±0.20	*1 ,*2
SMK325 B7223[NHT			X7R	0.022 μ	±10, ±20	2.5	120	1.9±0.20	*1 ,*2
SMK325 B7333∏NHT		630	X7R	0.033 μ	±10, ±20	2.5	120	1.9±0.20	*1 ,*2
SMK325 B7473∏NHT			Y7P	0.047 //	+10 +20	2.5	120	1 9 + 0 20	*1 *2

[Temperature Characteristic B7 : X7R] 1.15mm thickness(F)

Part number 1	Part number 2	Rated voltage [V]	erature eristics	Capacitance [F]	Capacitance tolerance [%]	tan δ [%]	HALT Rated voltage x %	Thickness*3 [mm]	Note	
HMK325 B7104∏FHT		100	X7R	0.1 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	1.15±0.10	*1 ,*2	

### **432TYPE** (Dimension:4.5 × 3.2mm JIS:4532 EIA:1812)

[Temperature Characteristic B7 : X7R] 2.5mm thickness(M)

Part number 1	Part number 2	Rated voltage [V]	Temperature	Capacitance	Capacitance	tan δ	HALT	Thickness*3 [mm]	Note
Part number 1	Part number 2	Rated Voltage [V]	characteristics	[F]	tolerance [%]	[%]	Rated voltage x %	) ITHICKIESS [ITHII]	14000
HMK432 B7474 MHT			X7R	0.47 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	2.5±0.20	*1 ,*2
HMK432 B7105 MHT		100	X7R	1 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	2.5±0.20	*1 ,*2
HMK432 B7155 MHT		100	X7R	1.5 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	2.5±0.20	*1 ,*2
HMK432 B7225 ☐ MHT			X7R	2.2 μ	±10, ±20	3.5	200	2.5±0.20	*1 ,*2
QMK432 B7104[MHT			X7R	0.1 μ	±10, ±20	2.5	150	2.5±0.20	*1 ,*2
QMK432 B7224[MHT		250	X7R	0.22 μ	±10, ±20	2.5	150	2.5±0.20	*1 ,*2
QMK432 B7334 MHT		230	X7R	0.33 μ	±10, ±20	2.5	150	2.5±0.20	*1 ,*2
QMK432 B7474[MHT			X7R	0.47 μ	±10, ±20	2.5	150	2.5±0.20	*1 ,*2
SMK432 B7473[MHT			X7R	0.047 μ	±10, ±20	2.5	120	2.5±0.20	*1 ,*2
SMK432 B7683[MHT		630	X7R	0.068 μ	±10, ±20	2.5	120	2.5±0.20	*1 ,*2
SMK432 B7104[]MHT			X7R	0.1 μ	±10, ±20	2.5	120	2.5±0.20	*1 ,*2

### Medium-High Voltage Multilayer Ceramic Capacitors for High Frequency Applications

### ●107TYPE (Dimension:1.6 × 0.8mm JIS:1608 EIA:0603)

[Temperature Characteristic CG: CG/C0G] 0.7mm thickness(C)

Part number 1	Part number 2	Rated voltage [V]	Tempe charact	erature eristics	Capacitance [F]	Capacitance tolerance [%]	Q [at 1MHz] (Min)	HALT Rated voltage x %	Thickness*3 [mm]	Note
QVS107 CG0R8□CHT			CG	C0G	0.8 p	± 0.1pF,± 0.25pF	816	200	0.7±0.10	*2
QVS107 CG010 CHT			CG	COG	1 p	$\pm 0.1 pF, \pm 0.25 pF$	820	200	0.7±0.10	*2
QVS107 CG1R2[]CHT			CG	COG	1.2 p	$\pm 0.1 pF, \pm 0.25 pF$	824	200	0.7±0.10	*2
QVS107 CG1R5[]CHT			CG	COG	1.5 p	$\pm 0.1 pF, \pm 0.25 pF$	830	200	0.7±0.10	*2
QVS107 CG1R8[]CHT			CG	C0G	1.8 p	± 0.1pF,± 0.25pF	836	200	0.7±0.10	*2
QVS107 CG020∏CHT			CG	COG	2 p	$\pm 0.1 pF, \pm 0.25 pF$	840	200	0.7±0.10	*2
QVS107 CG2R2[]CHT			CG	C0G	2.2 p	$\pm$ 0.1pF, $\pm$ 0.25pF	844	200	0.7±0.10	*2
QVS107 CG2R7[]CHT			CG	COG	2.7 p	$\pm 0.1 pF, \pm 0.25 pF$	854	200	0.7±0.10	*2
QVS107 CG030 CHT			CG	COG	3 p	$\pm 0.1 pF, \pm 0.25 pF$	860	200	0.7±0.10	*2
QVS107 CG3R3[]CHT			CG	COG	3.3 p	$\pm 0.1 pF, \pm 0.25 pF$	866	200	0.7±0.10	*2
QVS107 CG3R9[]CHT			CG	COG	3.9 p	$\pm 0.1 pF, \pm 0.25 pF$	878	200	0.7±0.10	*2
QVS107 CG4R7[]CHT			CG	COG	4.7 p	$\pm 0.1 pF, \pm 0.25 pF$	894	200	0.7±0.10	*2
QVS107 CG5R6[]CHT			CG	COG	5.6 p	$\pm 0.25 pF, \pm 0.5 pF$	912	200	0.7±0.10	*2
QVS107 CG6R8[]CHT		250	CG	COG	6.8 p	$\pm 0.25 pF, \pm 0.5 pF$	936	200	0.7±0.10	*2
QVS107 CG8R2[]CHT			CG	COG	8.2 p	$\pm 0.25 pF, \pm 0.5 pF$	964	200	0.7±0.10	*2
QVS107 CG100[CHT			CG	COG	10 p	± 2 %,± 5 %	1000	200	$0.7 \pm 0.10$	*2
QVS107 CG120JCHT			CG	COG	12 p	± 5 %	1040	200	$0.7 \pm 0.10$	*2
QVS107 CG150JCHT			CG	COG	15 p	± 5 %	1100	200	0.7±0.10	*2
QVS107 CG220JCHT			CG	COG	22 p	± 5 %	1240	200	0.7±0.10	*2
QVS107 CG390JCHT			CG	C0G	39 p	± 5 %	1400	200	0.7±0.10	*2
QVS107 CG470JCHT			CG	COG	47 p	± 5 %	1400	200	0.7±0.10	*2
QVS107 CG560JCHT			CG	COG	56 p	± 5 %	1400	200	0.7±0.10	*2
QVS107 CG680JCHT			CG	C0G	68 p	± 5 %	1400	200	0.7±0.10	*2
QVS107 CG750JCHT			CG	C0G	75 p	± 5 %	1400	200	0.7±0.10	*2
QVS107 CG820JCHT			CG	C0G	82 p	± 5 %	1400	200	0.7±0.10	*2
QVS107 CG910JCHT			CG	C0G	91 p	± 5 %	1400	200	0.7±0.10	*2
QVS107 CG101JCHT			CG	C0G	100 p	± 5 %	1400	200	0.7±0.10	*2

### **212TYPE** (Dimension:2.0 × 1.25mm JIS:2012 EIA:0805)

[Temperature Characteristic CG : CG/C0G] 0.85mm thickness(D)

Part number 1	Part number 2	Rated voltage [V]	Tempe	rature	Capacitance	Capacitance tolerance [%]	Q [at 1MHz]	HALT	Thickness*3 [mm]	Note
rart number i	Fart number 2		charact	eristics	[F]		(Min)	Rated voltage x %	Thickness [mm]	Note
QVS212 CG100JDHT			CG	COG	10 p	± 5 %	1000	200	$0.85 \pm 0.10$	*2
QVS212 CG150JDHT			CG	COG	15 p	± 5 %	1100	200	$0.85 \pm 0.10$	*2
QVS212 CG180JDHT			CG	COG	18 p	± 5 %	1160	200	$0.85 \pm 0.10$	*2
QVS212 CG220JDHT			CG	COG	22 p	± 5 %	1240	200	$0.85 \pm 0.10$	*2
QVS212 CG270JDHT			CG	COG	27 p	± 5 %	1340	200	$0.85 \pm 0.10$	*2
QVS212 CG300JDHT		250	CG	COG	30 p	± 5 %	1400	200	$0.85 \pm 0.10$	*2
QVS212 CG330JDHT		230	CG	COG	33 p	± 5 %	1400	200	$0.85 \pm 0.10$	*2
QVS212 CG390JDHT			CG	COG	39 p	± 5 %	1400	200	$0.85 \pm 0.10$	*2
QVS212 CG470JDHT			CG	COG	47 p	± 5 %	1400	200	$0.85 \pm 0.10$	*2
QVS212 CG560JDHT			CG	COG	56 p	± 5 %	1400	200	$0.85 \pm 0.10$	*2
QVS212 CG620JDHT			CG	COG	62 p	± 5 %	1400	200	$0.85 \pm 0.10$	*2
QVS212 CG101JDHT			CG	C0G	100 p	± 5 %	1400	200	0.85±0.10	*2

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# **Multilayer Ceramic Capacitors**

### ■PACKAGING

### 1)Minimum Quantity

Τ (ΓΙΔ)	Thick	ness	Standard q	uantity [pcs]
Type(EIA)	mm	code	Paper tape	Embossed tape
□MK021(008004)	0.125	К	_	50000
☐MK042(01005)	0.2	C, D		40000
□VS042(01005)	0.2	С	<b>–</b>	40000
□MK063(0201)	0.3	P, T	15000	
□WK105(0204) ※	0.3	Р	10000	] _
	0.13	Н	_	20000
	0.18	E	_	15000
☐MK105(0402)	0.2	С	20000	
	0.3	Р	15000	
	0.5	V	10000	_
□VK105(0402) ※	0.5	W	10000	
□MK107(0603)	0.45	K	4000	
□WK107(0306) ※	0.5	V	_	4000
☐MR107(0603)	0.8	Α		
□MK212(0805)	0.45	К	4000	_
□WK212(0508) ※	0.85	D		
□MR212(0805)	125	G	_	3000
	0.85	D	4000	_
□MK316(1206)	1.15	F		0000
□MR316(1206)	125	G	_	3000
	1.6	L	_	2000
	0.85	D		
	1.15	F		0000
□MK325(1210)	1.9	N	_	2000
□MR325(1210)	2 Omay	<b>Y</b>		

М

Note: \* LW Reverse type.

Chip

□MK432(1812)

2.0max. 2.5

# © Top tape Card board carrier tape Base tape Sprocket hole Chip cavity Chip filled Chip filled

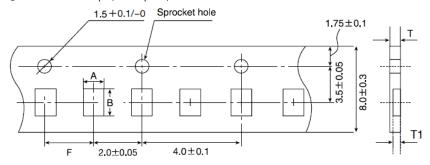
1000

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### 3 Representative taping dimensions

### Paper Tape (8mm wide)

### ● Pressed carrier tape (2mm pitch)

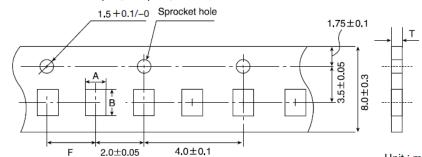


			Onit : mm			
Type(EIA)	Chip	Cavity	Insertion Pitch	Tape Thickness		
Type(EIA)	Α	В	F	Т	T1	
☐MK063(0201)	0.37	0.67		0.45max.	0.42max.	
□WK105(0204) ※			2.0±0.05	0.45max.	0.42max.	
☐MK105(0402) (*1 C)	0.65	1.15	2.0±0.03	0.4max.	0.3max.	
□MK105(0402) (*1 P)				0.45max.	0.42max.	

Note \*1 Thickness, C:0.2mm ,P:0.3mm. \* LW Reverse type.

Unit:mm

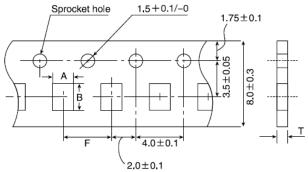
### ●Punched carrier tape (2mm pitch)



			Unit - mm		
Tuna(EIA)	Chip (	Cavity	Insertion Pitch	Tape Thickness	
Type(EIA)	Α	В	F	Т	
□MK105 (0402) □VK105 (0402)	0.65	1.15	2.0±0.05	0.8max.	

Unit:mm

# ●Punched carrier tape (4mm pitch)



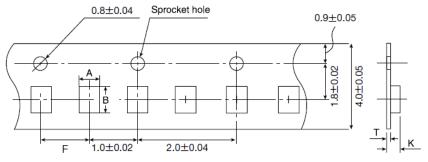
	2.0±0.1	Unit	: mm	
Type(EIA)	Chip (	Cavity	Insertion Pitch	Tape Thickness
Type(EIA)	Α	В	F	Т
☐MK107(0603)				
□WK107(0306) ※	1.0	1.8		1.1max.
□MR107(0603)			4.0±0.1	
☐MK212(0805)	1.65	2.4	4.0 ± 0.1	
□WK212(0508) ※	1.00	2.4		1.1max.
□MK316(1206)	2.0	3.6		

Note: Taping size might be different depending on the size of the product. 💥 LW Reverse type.

Unit:mm

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### Embossed tape (4mm wide)

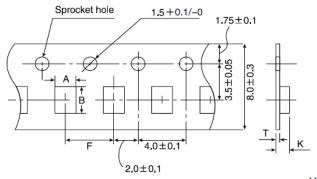


Unit: mm

Tura/EIA)	Chip (	Cavity	Insertion Pitch	Tape Thickness		
Type(EIA)	Α	В	F	K	Т	
☐MK021(008004)	0.135	0.27				
☐MK042(01005)	0.00	0.40	1.0±0.02	0.5max.	0.25max.	
□VS042(01005)	0.23	0.43				

Unit:mm

### Embossed tape (8mm wide)



Unit: mm

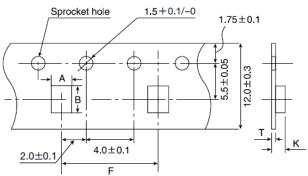
Type(EIA)	Chip (	Cavity	Insertion Pitch	Tape Thickness		
Type(EIA)	Α	В	F	K	Т	
☐MK105(0402)	0.6	1.1	2.0±0.1	0.6max	0.2±0.1	
□WK107(0306) ※	1.0	1.8		1.3max.	0.25±0.1	
□MK212(0805) □MR212(0805)	1.65	2.4	4.0±0.1	3.4max.		
□MK316(1206) □MR316(1206)	2.0	3.6			0.6max.	
□MK325(1210) □MR325(1210)	2.8	3.6				

Note: 

LW Reverse type.

Unit:mm

### Embossed tape (12mm wide)



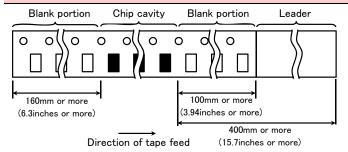
Unit: mm

Type(EIA)	Chip (	Cavity	Insertion Pitch	Tape Thickness		
	АВ		F	K	Т	
□MK432(1812)	3.7	4.9	8.0±0.1	4.0max.	0.6max.	

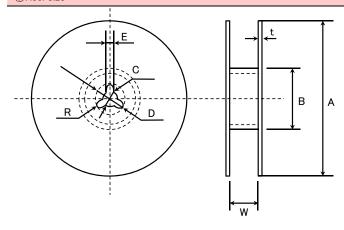
Unit:mm

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# 4 Trailer and Leader



### **5**Reel size



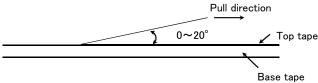
A	В	С	D	E	R
$\phi$ 178 ± 2.0	<i>ф</i> 50min.	$\phi$ 13.0 $\pm$ 0.2	$\phi$ 21.0 ± 0.8	2.0±0.5	1.0

	Т	W
4mm wide tape	1.5max.	5±1.0
8mm wide tape	2.5max.	10±1.5
12mm wide tape	2.5max.	14±1.5

Unit:mm

### 6 Top Tape Strength

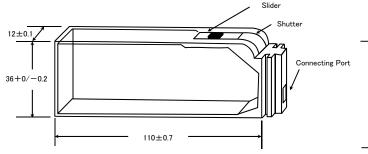
The top tape requires a peel-off force of 0.1 to 0.7N in the direction of the arrow as illustrated below.

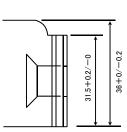


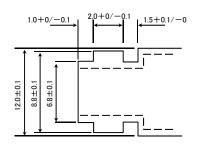
### **7**Bulk Cassette

The exchange of individual specification is necessary.

Please contact Taiyo Yuden sales channels.







Unit:mm

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# Medium-High Voltage Multilayer Ceramic Capacitor

# ■RELIABILITY DATA

	Temperature Compensating(High Frequency type)  CG(C0G) : -55 to +125°C				
	Ga(Gaa)33 to +123 C				
Specified Value	High permittivity				
	X7R, X7S : −55 to +125°C				
	X5 : −55 to +85°C				
	B : -25 to +85°C				
2. Storage Tempera	ature Range				
	Temperature Compensating(High Frequency type)				
	CG(C0G) : -55 to +125°C				
Specified Value	High permittivity				
	X7R, X7S : −55 to +125°C				
	X5R : −55 to +85°C				
B : -25 to +85°C					
3. Rated Voltage					
Specified Value	100VDC(HMK,HMJ), 250VDC(QMK,QMJ,QVS), 630VDC(SMK,SMJ)				
4. Withstanding Vol	tage (Between terminals)				
Specified Value	No breakdown or damage				
Test Methods and	Applied voltage : Rated voltage × 2.5 (HMK,HMJ), Rated voltage × 2 (QMK,QMJ,QVS), Rated voltage × 1.2 (SMK,SMJ)				
Remarks	Duration : 1 to 5sec.				
	Carge/discharge current : 50mA max.				

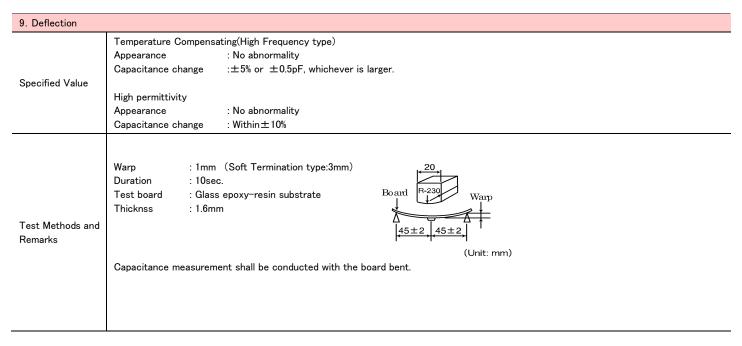
O. Insulation (CSISE	ance	
0 15 111	Temperature Compensating( 10000M Ω min	High Frequency type)
Specified Value	High permittivity 100M $\Omega$ $\mu$ F or 10G $\Omega$ , which	never is smaller.
Test Methods and Remarks	Applied voltage Duration Charge/discharge current	: Rated voltage(HMK,HMJ, QMK,QMJ,QVS), 500V(SMK,SMJ) : 60±5sec. : 50mA max.

6. Capacitance (To	olerance)		
Specified Value	Temperature Compensating(High Frequency type) $\pm 0.1 pF (C < 5pF) \pm 0.25pF (C < 10pF) \pm 0.5pF (5pF \leq C < 10pF) \pm 2\%(C = 10pF) \pm 5\%(C \geq 10pF)$		
	High permittivity		
	±10%, ±20%		
	Temperature Compensating(High Frequency type)		
	Measuring frequency	: 1MHz±10%	
	Measuring voltage	: 0.5 to 5Vrms	
Test Methods and	Bias application	: None	
Remarks	High permittivity		
	Measuring frequency	: 1kHz±10%	
	Measuring voltage	: $1\pm0.2$ Vrms	
	Bias application	: None	

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7. Q or Dissipation	Factor		
	Temperature Compensa	ting(High Frequency type)	
	C<30pF: Q≧800+20C		
	C≧30pF: Q≧1400	C:Normal Capacitance(/pF)	
Specified Value			
	High permittivity		
	3.5%max (HMK,HMJ)		
	2.5%max(QMK,QMJ, SM	K,SMJ)	
	Temperature Compensa	ting(High Frequency type)	
	Measuring frequency	: 1MHz±10%	
	Measuring voltage	: 0.5 to 5Vrms	
Test Methods and	Bas application	: None	
Remarks	High permittivity		
	Measuring frequency	: 1kHz±10%	
	Measuring voltage	: 1±0.2Vrms	
	Bas application	: None	

8. Temperature Cha	aracteristic of Capacitance
	Temperature Compensating(High Frequency type) COG :±30ppm(25 to +125°C)
Specified Value	High permittivity  B : ±10%(-25 to +85°C)  X5R : ±15%(-55 to +85°C)  X7R : ±15%(-55 to +125°C)  X7S : ±22%(-55 to +125°C)
Test Methods and Remarks	Temperature Compensating(High Frequency type) Capacitance at $25^{\circ}$ C and $85^{\circ}$ C shall be measured in thermal equilibrium, and the temperature characteristic shall be calculated from the following equation. $\frac{(C_{85}-C_{25})}{C_{25}\times\Delta T}\times 10^{6}\times [\text{ppm}/^{\circ}\text{C}]$ High permittivity Capacitance value at each step shall be measured in thermal equilibrium, and the temperature characteristic shall be calculated from the following equation. $\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
	C : Capacitance value in Step 1 or Step 3 C2 : Capacitance value in Step 2



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### 10. Adhesive Strength of Terminal Electrodes Specified Value No terminal separation or its indication. Temperature Compensating(High Frequency type) Applied force : 2N Hooked jig Duration : 10±5sec. Board Test Methods and Remarks High permittivity Applied force : 5N Hooked jig Duration : 30±5sec. Board

11. Solderability			
Specified Value	At least 95% of terminal elect	rode is covered by new solder	
		Eutectic solder	Lead-free solder
Test Methods and	Solder type	H60A or H63A	Sn-3.0Ag-0.5Cu
Remarks	Solder temperature	230±5°C	245±3°C
	Duration	4±1	sec.

12. Resistance to S	Soldering				
	Temperature Compensating(High Frequency type)				
	Appearance	: No abnormality			
	Capacitance change	: C※≦10pF :±0.25pF C※>10pF :±2.5% ※Normal capacitance			
	Insulation resistance	: Initial value			
	Withstanding voltage	(between terminals): No abnormality			
Specified Value	Specified Value High permittivity				
	Appearance	: No abnormality			
	Capacitance change	: Within±15%(HMK,HMJ), ±10%(QMK,QMJ, SMK,SMJ)			
	Dissipation factor	: Inital value			
	Insulation resistance	: Initial value			
	Withstanding voltage	(between terminals): No abnormality			
	Preconditioning	: Thermal treatment (at 150°C for 1hr) Note1 (Only High permittivity)			
Test Methods and	Solder temperature	: 270±5℃			
Remarks	Duration	: 3±0.5sec.			
riciliai no	Preheating conditions	: 80 to 100°C, 2 to 5 min. 150 to 200°C, 2 to 5min.			
	Recovery	: 24±2hrs under the stadard condition Note3			

13. Temperature C	ycle(Thermal Shock	)			
	Appearance	: No abnormality			
	Capacitance change	: C※≦10pF:±0.25% C※>10pF:±2	: C※≦10pF :±0.25% C※>10pF :±2.5%		
	Insulation resistance	e : Initial value	: Initial value		
	Withstanding voltag	e (between terminals) : No abnormality			
Specified Value	High permittivity				
	Appearance	: No abnormality			
	Capacitance change	: Within±15%(HMK,HMJ), ±7.5%(QMK,QMJ, SMK,SMJ)			
	Dissipation factor	: Initial value			
	Insulation resistance : Initial value				
	Withstanding voltage (between terminals): No abnormality				
	Preconditioning : Th	ermal treatment (at 150°C for 1hr) Note1			
	Conditions for 1 cy			<u></u>	
	Step	temperature (°C)	Time (min.)		
Test Methods and	1	Minimum operating temperature	30±3min.		
Remarks	2	Normal temperature	2 to 3min.		
Remarks	3	Maximum operating temperature	30±3min.		
	4	Normal temperature	2 to 3min.		
	Number of cycles:	5 times			
	Recovery : 24±2hr	s under the standard condition Note3			

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14. Humidity (Stea		
	Temperature Compensating	(High Frequency type)
	Appearance	: No abnormality
	Capacitance change	: C※≦10pF :±0.5pF C※>10pF :±5% ※Normal capacitance
	Insulation resistance	: $1000M\Omega$ min
Specified Value		
specified value	High permittivity	
	Appearance	: No abnormality
	Capacitance change	: Within±15%
	Dissipation factor	: 7%max(HMK,HMJ), 5%max(QMK,QMJ, SMK,SMJ).
	Insulation resistance	: 25M $\Omega$ $\mu$ F or 1000M $\Omega$ , whichever is smaller.
	Preconditioning	: Thermal treatment (at 150°C for 1hr) Note1 (Only High permittivity)
	Temperature	: 40±2°C
est Methods and	Humidity	: 90 to 95%RH
Remarks	Duration	: 500 +24/-0 hrs
	Recovery	: 24±2hrs under the standard condition Note3
	recovery	. 24 ± 21113 under the standard condition Notes
5. Humidity Loadin	ng .	
	Temperature Compensating	(High Frequency type)
	Appearance	: No abnormality
	Capacitance change	: $C$ $\frac{5}{2}$ 0.0pF : $\pm 0.4$ pF 2.0pF < $C$ $\frac{5}{2}$ 10pF : $\pm 0.75$ pF $C$ $\frac{5}{2}$ 10pF : $\pm 7.5$ %
		: ※Normal capacitance
	Insulation resistance	: $500M\Omega$ min
Specified Value		
	High permittivity	
	Appearance	: No abnormality
	Capacitance change	: Within±15%
	Dissipation factor	: 7%max(HMK,HMJ), 5%max(QMK,QMJ, SMK,SMJ).
	Insulation resistance	: $10 \mathrm{M}\Omega~\mu$ F or $500 \mathrm{M}\Omega$ , whichever is smaller.
	According to JIS 5102 claus	ne 9 9
	Preconditioning	: Voltage treatment Note2 (Only High permittivity)
	Temperature	: 40±2°C
Test Methods and	Humidity	: 90 to 95%RH
Remarks	Applied voltage	: Rated voltage
Ciliai KS	Charge/discharge current	: 50mA max.
	Duration	: 500 +24/-0 hrs
	Recovery	: 24±2hrs under the standard condition Note3
	recovery	. 24 = 2113 diladi die standard condition Notes
6 III-l- T	1	
6. High Temperatu		40=
	Temperature Compensating	
	Appearance	: No abnormality
	Capacitance change	: C※≦10pF:±0.3pF C※>10pF:±3%
	Insulation resistance	:1000M $\Omega$ min
Specified Value		
,	High permittivity	
	Appearance	: No abnormality
	Capacitance change	: Within ± 15%
	Dissipation factor	: 7%max(HMK,HMJ), 5%max(QMK,QMJ, SMK,SMJ).
	Insulation resistance	: $50M\Omega \mu F$ or $1000M\Omega$ , whichever is smaller.
	According to JIS 5102 claus	se 9.10.
	Preconditioning	: Voltage treatment Note2 (Only High permittivity)
	Temperature	: Maximum operating temperature
est Methods and	Applied voltage	: Rated voltage × 2 (HMK,HMJ,QVS) Rated voltage × 1.5 (QMK,QMJ) Rated voltage × 1.2 (SMK,SMJ)
Remarks	Charge/discharge current	: 50mA max.
	Duration	1000 + 24/-0  hrs
	Recovery	: 24±2hrs under the standard condition Note3
lote1 Thermal tracture	-	d after test sample is heat-treated at 150+0/-10°C for an hour and kept at room temperature
iote i i nermai treatm	ent : Initial value shall be measure for 24±2hours.	u alter test sample is neat-treated at 130 ±0/ = 10 € for an nour and kept at room temperature
lote2 Voltage treatme		ed after test sample is voltage-treated for an hour at both the temperature and voltage specified in
		I kept at room temperature for 24±2hours.
lote3 Standard condit	tion : Temperature: 5 to 35°C, Re	elative humidity: 45 to 85 % RH, Air pressure: 86 to 106kPa
	When there are questions of	oncerning measurement results, in order to provide correlation data, the test shall be conducted
	and the second s	

Temperature: 20±2°C, Relative humidity: 60 to 70 % RH, Air pressure: 86 to 106kPa Unless otherwise specified, all the tests are conducted under the "standard condition".

under the following condition.

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# Precautions on the use of Multilayer Ceramic Capacitors

### **■**PRECAUTIONS

### 1. Circuit Design

- ◆Verification of operating environment, electrical rating and performance
  - 1. A malfunction of equipment in fields such as medical, aerospace, nuclear control, etc. may cause serious harm to human life or have severe social ramifications.

Therefore, any capacitors to be used in such equipment may require higher safety and reliability, and shall be clearly differentiated from them used in general purpose applications.

### Precautions

- ◆Operating Voltage (Verification of Rated voltage)
  - 1. The operating voltage for capacitors must always be their rated voltage or less.
    - If an AC voltage is loaded on a DC voltage, the sum of the two peak voltages shall be the rated voltage or less.
    - For a circuit where an AC or a pulse voltage may be used, the sum of their peak voltages shall also be the rated voltage or less.
  - 2. Even if an applied voltage is the rated voltage or less reliability of capacitors may be deteriorated in case that either a high frequency AC voltage or a pulse voltage having rapid rise time is used in a circuit.

### 2. PCB Design

Precautions

- ◆Pattern configurations (Design of Land-patterns)
- 1. When capacitors are mounted on PCBs, the amount of solder used (size of fillet) can directly affect the capacitor performance. Therefore, the following items must be carefully considered in the design of land patterns:
  - (1) Excessive solder applied can cause mechanical stresses which lead to chip breaking or cracking. Therefore, please consider appropriate land-patterns for proper amount of solder.
  - (2) When more than one component are jointly soldered onto the same land, each component's soldering point shall be separated by solder-resist.
- ◆Pattern configurations (Capacitor layout on PCBs)

After capacitors are mounted on boards, they can be subjected to mechanical stresses in subsequent manufacturing processes (PCB cutting, board inspection, mounting of additional parts, assembly into the chassis, wave soldering of the boards, etc.). For this reason, land pattern configurations and positions of capacitors shall be carefully considered to minimize stresses.

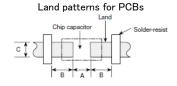
◆Pattern configurations (Design of Land-patterns)

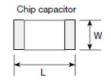
The following diagrams and tables show some examples of recommended land patterns to prevent excessive solder amounts.

- (1) Recommended land dimensions for typical chip capacitors
- Multilayer Ceramic Capacitors : Recommended land dimensions (unit: mm)

Wave-soldering

		U			
Ту	ре	107	212	316	325
Size	┙	1.6	2.0	3.2	3.2
Size	W	0.8	1.25	1.6	2.5
-	١	0.8 to 1.0	1.0 to 1.4	1.8 to 2.5	1.8 to 2.5
Е	3	0.5 to 0.8	0.8 to 1.5	0.8 to 1.7	0.8 to 1.7
(	)	0.6 to 0.8	0.9 to 1.2	1.2 to 1.6	1.8 to 2.5





### Reflow-soldering

Technical considerations

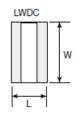
Ту	ре	042	063	105	107	212	316	325	432
Size	┙	0.4	0.6	1.0	1.6	2.0	3.2	3.2	4.5
Size	W	0.2	0.3	0.5	8.0	1.25	1.6	2.5	3.2
-	4	0.15 to 0.25	0.20 to 0.30	0.45 to 0.55	0.8 to 1.0	0.8 to 1.2	1.8 to 2.5	1.8 to 2.5	2.5 to 3.5
E	3	0.15 to 0.20	0.20 to 0.30	0.40 to 0.50	0.6 to 0.8	0.8 to 1.2	1.0 to 1.5	1.0 to 1.5	1.5 to 1.8
(	)	0.15 to 0.30	0.25 to 0.40	0.45 to 0.55	0.6 to 0.8	0.9 to 1.6	1.2 to 2.0	1.8 to 3.2	2.3 to 3.5

Note: Recommended land size might be different according to the allowance of the size of the product.

### ●LWDC: Recommended land dimensions for reflow-soldering

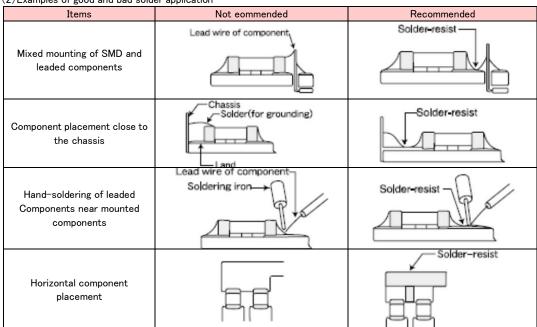
(unit: mm)

,,					
Туре		105 107		212	
Size	L	0.52	0.8	1.25	
	W	1.0	1.6	2.0	
Α		0.18 to 0.22	0.25 to 0.3	0.5 to 0.7	
В		0.2 to 0.25	0.3 to 0.4	0.4 to 0.5	
С		0.9 to 1.1	1.5 to 1.7	1.9 to 2.1	



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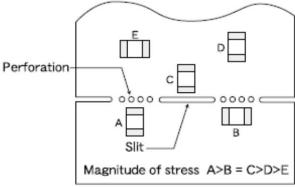
(2) Examples of good and bad solder application



- ◆Pattern configurations (Capacitor layout on PCBs)
  - 1-1. The following is examples of good and bad capacitor layouts; capacitors shall be located to minimize any possible mechanical stresses from board warp or deflection.

Items	Not recommended	Recommended			
Deflection of board			Place the product at a right angle to the direction of the anticipated mechanical stress.		

1-2. The amount of mechanical stresses given will vary depending on capacitor layout. Please refer to diagram below.



3. Mounting

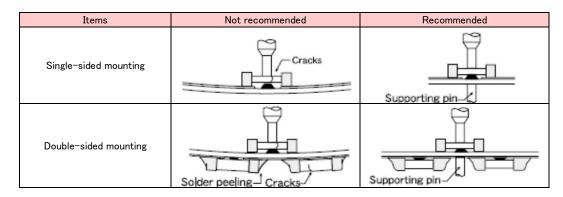
considerations

1-3. When PCB is split, the amount of mechanical stress on the capacitors can vary according to the method used. The following methods are listed in order from least stressful to most stressful: push-back, slit, V-grooving, and perforation. Thus, please consider the PCB, split methods as well as chip location.

### ◆Adjustment of mounting machine 1. When capacitors are mounted on PCB, excessive impact load shall not be imposed on them. 2. Maintenance and inspection of mounting machines shall be conducted periodically. Precautions ◆Selection of Adhesives 1. When chips are attached on PCBs with adhesives prior to soldering, it may cause capacitor characteristics degradation unless the following factors are appropriately checked: size of land patterns, type of adhesive, amount applied, hardening temperature and hardening period. Therefore, please contact us for further information. ◆Adjustment of mounting machine 1. When the bottom dead center of a pick-up nozzle is too low, excessive force is imposed on capacitors and causes damages. To avoid this, the following points shall be considerable. Technical

- - (1) The bottom dead center of the pick-up nozzle shall be adjusted to the surface level of PCB without the board deflection.
  - (2) The pressure of nozzle shall be adjusted between 1 and 3 N static loads.
  - (3) To reduce the amount of deflection of the board caused by impact of the pick-up nozzle, supporting pins or back-up pins shall be used on the other side of the PCB. The following diagrams show some typical examples of good and bad pick-up nozzle placement:

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2. As the alignment pin is worn out, adjustment of the nozzle height can cause chipping or cracking of capacitors because of mechanical impact on the capacitors.

To avoid this, the monitoring of the width between the alignment pins in the stopped position, maintenance, check and replacement of the pin shall be conducted periodically.

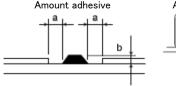
### Selection of Adhesives

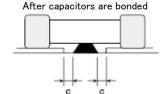
Some adhesives may cause IR deterioration. The different shrinkage percentage of between the adhesive and the capacitors may result in stresses on the capacitors and lead to cracking. Moreover, too little or too much adhesive applied to the board may adversely affect components. Therefore, the following precautions shall be noted in the application of adhesives.

- (1) Required adhesive characteristics
  - a. The adhesive shall be strong enough to hold parts on the board during the mounting & solder process.
  - b. The adhesive shall have sufficient strength at high temperatures.
  - c. The adhesive shall have good coating and thickness consistency.
  - d. The adhesive shall be used during its prescribed shelf life.
  - e. The adhesive shall harden rapidly.
  - f. The adhesive shall have corrosion resistance.
  - g. The adhesive shall have excellent insulation characteristics.
  - h. The adhesive shall have no emission of toxic gasses and no effect on the human body.
- (2) The recommended amount of adhesives is as follows;

### [Recommended condition]

Figure	212/316 case sizes as examples
а	0.3mm min
b	100 to 120 $\mu$ m
С	Adhesives shall not contact land





### 4. Soldering

Precautions

### ◆Selection of Flux

Since flux may have a significant effect on the performance of capacitors, it is necessary to verify the following conditions prior to use;

- (1) Flux used shall be less than or equal to 0.1 wt%( in Cl equivalent) of halogenated content. Flux having a strong acidity content shall not be applied.
- (2) When shall capacitors are soldered on boards, the amount of flux applied shall be controlled at the optimum level.
- (3) When water-soluble flux is used, special care shall be taken to properly clean the boards.

### ◆ Solderin

Temperature, time, amount of solder, etc. shall be set in accordance with their recommended conditions.

Sn-Zn solder paste can adversely affect MLCC reliability.

Please contact us prior to usage of Sn-Zn solder.

### ◆Selection of Flux

- 1-1. When too much halogenated substance (Chlorine, etc.) content is used to activate flux, or highly acidic flux is used, it may lead to corrosion of terminal electrodes or degradation of insulation resistance on the surfaces of the capacitors.
- 1-2. Flux is used to increase solderability in wave soldering. However if too much flux is applied, a large amount of flux gas may be emitted and may adversely affect the solderability. To minimize the amount of flux applied, it is recommended to use a flux-bubbling system.
- 1-3. Since the residue of water-soluble flux is easily dissolved in moisture in the air, the residues on the surfaces of capacitors in high humidity conditions may cause a degradation of insulation resistance and reliability of the capacitors. Therefore, the cleaning methods and the capability of the machines used shall also be considered carefully when water-soluble flux is used.

# Technical considerations

### ◆ Soldering

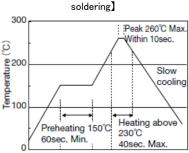
- · Ceramic chip capacitors are susceptible to thermal shock when exposed to rapid or concentrated heating or rapid cooling.
- · Therefore, the soldering must be conducted with great care so as to prevent malfunction of the components due to excessive thermal
- Preheating: Capacitors shall be preheated sufficiently, and the temperature difference between the capacitors and solder shall be within 100 to 130°C.
- Cooling: The temperature difference between the capacitors and cleaning process shall not be greater than 100°C.
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### [Reflow soldering]

### [Recommended conditions for eutectic

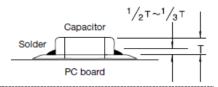
### soldering Preheating 230°C Within 10 sec. 60sed 60sec Femperature (°C) 200 Min. Min. Slow cooling 100

# Recommended condition for Pb-free



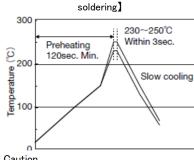
### Caution

- $\bigcirc$  The ideal condition is to have solder mass(fillet) controlled to 1/2 to 1/3 of the thickness of a capacitor.
- ②Because excessive dwell times can adversely affect solderability, soldering duration shall be kept as close to recommended times as possible.
- ③Allowable number of reflow soldering: 2 times max.

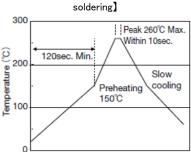


### [Wave soldering]

# [Recommended conditions for eutectic



# [Recommended condition for Pb-free

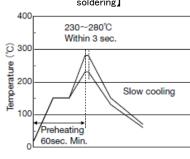


### Caution

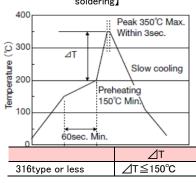
- ①Wave soldering must not be applied to capacitors designated as for reflow soldering only.
- 2 Allowable number of wave soldering: 1 times max.

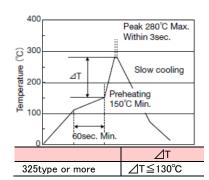
### [Hand soldering]

### [Recommended conditions for eutectic soldering]



### [Recommended condition for Pb-free soldering]





- ①Use a 50W soldering iron with a maximum tip diameter of 1.0 mm.
- 2The soldering iron shall not directly touch capacitors.
- 3 Allowable number of hand soldering: 1 times max.

### 5. Cleaning

Precautions

### ◆Cleaning conditions

- 1. When PCBs are cleaned after capacitors mounting, please select the appropriate cleaning solution in accordance with the intended use of the cleaning. (e.g. to remove soldering flux or other materials from the production process.)
- 2. Cleaning condition shall be determined after it is verified by using actual cleaning machine that the cleaning process does not affect capacitor's characteristics.

### Technical considerations

- 1. The use of inappropriate cleaning solutions can cause foreign substances such as flux residue to adhere to capacitors or deteriorate their outer coating, resulting in a degradation of the capacitor's electrical properties (especially insulation resistance).
- 2. Inappropriate cleaning conditions (insufficient or excessive cleaning) may adversely affect the performance of In the case of ultrasonic cleaning, too much power output can cause excessive vibration of PCBs which may lead cracking of capacitors or the soldered portion, or decrease the terminal electrodes' strength. Therefore, the following conditions shall be carefully checked;

Ultrasonic output: 20~W/l or less Ultrasonic frequency: 40 kHz or less

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	Ultrasonic washing period : 5 min. or less
6. Resin coating	and mold
Precautions	<ol> <li>With some type of resins, decomposition gas or chemical reaction vapor may remain inside the resin during the hardening period of while left under normal storage conditions resulting in the deterioration of the capacitor's performance.</li> <li>When a resin's hardening temperature is higher than capacitor's operating temperature, the stresses generated by the excessive hear</li> </ol>
	may lead to damage or destruction of capacitors.  The use of such resins, molding materials etc. is not recommended.

7. Handling	
	◆Splitting of PCB  1. When PCBs are split after components mounting, care shall be taken so as not to give any stresses of deflection or twisting to the board.  2. Board separation shall not be done manually, but by using the appropriate devices.
Precautions	<ul> <li>◆Mechanical considerations</li> <li>Be careful not to subject capacitors to excessive mechanical shocks.</li> <li>(1) If ceramic capacitors are dropped onto a floor or a hard surface, they shall not be used.</li> <li>(2) Please be careful that the mounted components do not come in contact with or bump against other boards or components.</li> </ul>

8. Storage condi	tions		
Precautions	<ul> <li>◆Storage</li> <li>1. To maintain the solderability of terminal electrodes and to keep packaging materials in good condition, care must be taken to control temperature and humidity in the storage area. Humidity should especially be kept as low as possible.</li> <li>•Recommended conditions         <ul> <li>Ambient temperature: Below 30°C</li> <li>Humidity: Below 70% RH</li> <li>The ambient temperature must be kept below 40°C. Even under ideal storage conditions, solderability of capacitor is deteriorated as time passes, so capacitors shall be used within 6 months from the time of delivery.</li> <li>•Ceramic chip capacitors shall be kept where no chlorine or sulfur exists in the air.</li> <li>The capacitance values of high dielectric constant capacitors will gradually decrease with the passage of time, so care shall be taken to design circuits. Even if capacitance value decreases as time passes, it will get back to the initial value by a heat treatment at 150°C for 1hour.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>		
Technical considerations	If capacitors are stored in a high temperature and humidity environment, it might rapidly cause poor solderability due to terminal oxidation and quality loss of taping/packaging materials. For this reason, capacitors shall be used within 6 months from the time of delivery. If exceeding the above period, please check solderability before using the capacitors.		

\*\*RCR-2335B (Safety Application Guide for fixed ceramic capacitors for use in electronic equipment) is published by JEITA. Please check the guide regarding precautions for deflection test, soldering by spot heat, and so on.

<sup>▶</sup> This catalog contains the typical specification only due to the limitation of space. When you consider the purchase of our products, please check our specification. For details of each product (characteristics graph, reliability information, precautions for use, and so on), see our Web site (http://www.ty-top.com/).