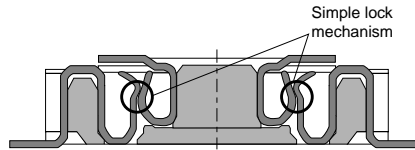


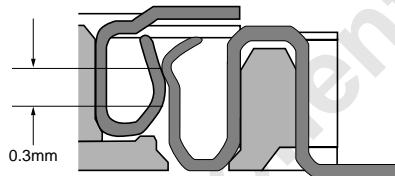
Compliance with RoHS Directive

FEATURES

1. Low profile mating height of 1.2 mm with 0.5 mm pitch, was obtained. It contributes to device compactness.
2. Strong resistance to adverse environments! Utilizes **TOUGH CONTACT** construction for high contact reliability. (See Page 6 for details of the structure)
3. Simple lock structure employed to further increase connection reliability



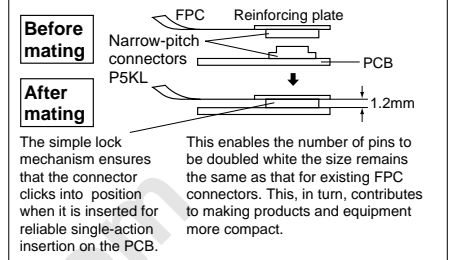
4. Effective mating length 0.3 mm



APPLICATIONS

Compact portable devices "Cellular phones, DVC, Digital cameras, etc"

Ideal for Board-to-FPC connections



ORDERING INFORMATION

AXK 3 7 G

5L: Narrow Pitch Connector P5KL (0.5 mm pitch) Socket

6L: Narrow Pitch Connector P5KL (0.5 mm pitch) Header

Number of contacts (2 digits)

Mated height

<Socket>

3: For mated height 1.2 mm

<Header>

3: For mated height 1.2 mm

Functions

3: With positioning bosses

4: Without positioning bosses

Surface treatment (Contact portion / Terminal portion)

7: Ni plating on base, Au plating on surface (for Ni barrier available)

Packing

G: 3,000 pieces embossed tape and plastic reel × 2 (for Ni barrier available)

PRODUCT TYPES

Mated height	No. of contacts	Part No.		Packing quantity	
		Socket	Header	Inner carton (1-reel)	Outer carton
		TOUGH CONTACT	TOUGH CONTACT		
1.2 mm	10	AXK5L10347G	AXK6L10347G	3,000 pieces	6,000 pieces (2-reel)
	12	AXK5L12347G	AXK6L12347G		
	20	AXK5L20347G	AXK6L20347G		
	24	AXK5L24347G	AXK6L24347G		
	30	AXK5L30347G	AXK6L30347G		
	34	AXK5L34347G	AXK6L34347G		
	40	AXK5L40347G	AXK6L40347G		
	46	AXK5L46347G	AXK6L46347G		
	50	AXK5L50347G	AXK6L50347G		
60	AXK5L60347G	AXK6L60347G			

Notes) 1. Regarding ordering units: During production, Please make orders in 1-reel units. Samples for mounting confirmation: Please consult us. Samples: Small lot orders are possible. Please consult us.

2. The standard type comes without positioning bosses. Connectors with positioning bosses are available for on-demand production.

For this type of connector, 9th digit of the part no. changes from 4 to 3. e.g. 10 contacts for sockets: AXK5L10337G

3. Previous non-**TOUGH CONTACT** types and current **TOUGH CONTACT** types are compatible for mating.

SPECIFICATIONS

1. Characteristics

	Item	Specifications	Conditions
Electrical characteristics	Rated current	0.5A/contact (Max. 10 A at total contacts)	
	Rated voltage	60V AC/DC	
	Breakdown voltage	150V AC for 1 minute	Detection current: 1mA
	Insulation resistance	Min. 1,000M Ω (initial)	Using 500V DC megger
	Contact resistance	Max. 90m Ω	Based on the contact resistance measurement method specified by JIS C 5402.
Mechanical characteristics	Composite insertion force	Max. 0.981N {100gf}/contacts \times contacts (initial)	
	Composite removal force	Min. 0.0588N {6gf}/contacts \times contacts	
	Holding force of terminal securing section	Min. 0.981N {100gf}/contact	Measuring the maximum force. As the contact is axially pull out.
Environmental characteristics	Ambient temperature	-55°C to +85°C	No freezing at low temperatures
	Soldering heat resistance	Max. peak temperature of 260°C (on the surface of the PC board around the connector terminals)	Infrared reflow soldering
		300°C within 5 seconds 350°C within 3 seconds	Soldering iron
	Storage temperature	-55°C to +85°C (product only) -40°C to +50°C (emboss packing)	No freezing at low temperatures. No dew condensation.
	Thermal shock resistance (header and socket mated)	5 cycles, insulation resistance min. 100M Ω , contact resistance max. 90m Ω	Sequence 1. -55.3°C, 30 minutes 2. ~, Max. 5 minutes 3. 85.3°C, 30 minutes 4. ~, Max. 5 minutes
	Humidity resistance (header and socket mated)	120 hours, insulation resistance min. 100M Ω , contact resistance max. 90m Ω	Bath temperature 40 \pm 2°C, humidity 90 to 95% R.H.
	Saltwater spray resistance (header and socket mated)	24 hours, insulation resistance min. 100M Ω , contact resistance max. 90m Ω	Bath temperature 35 \pm 2°C, saltwater concentration 5 \pm 1%
H ₂ S resistance (header and socket mated)	48 hours, contact resistance max. 90m Ω	Bath temperature 40 \pm 2°C, gas concentration 3 \pm 1 ppm, humidity 75 to 80% R.H.	
Lifetime characteristics	Insertion and removal life	50 times	Repeated insertion and removal speed of max. 200 times/hours
Unit weight		20 contacts; Socket: 0.05g; Header: 0.02g	

2. Material and surface treatment

Part name	Material	Surface treatment
Molded portion	Heat-resistant resin (UL94V-0)	—
Contact/Post	Copper alloy	Contact portion: Ni plating on base, Au plating on surface Terminal portion: Ni plating on base, Au plating on surface (Except for thick of terminal) The section close to the soldering portion has a nickel barrier. (The nickel base is exposed.)

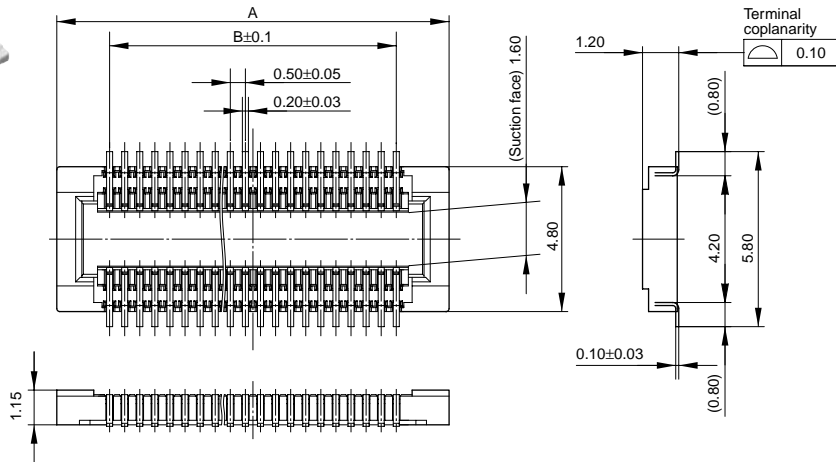
AXK(5/6)L

DIMENSIONS (Unit: mm)

The CAD data of the products with a **CAD Data** mark can be downloaded from: <http://panasonic-electric-works.net/ac>

- Socket (Mated height: 1.2mm)

CAD Data



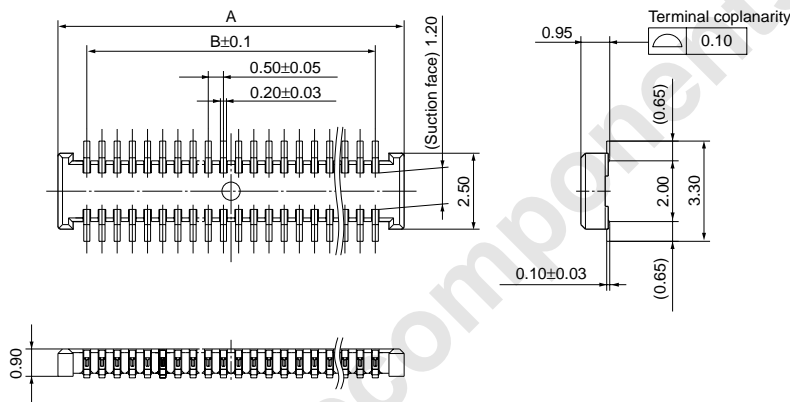
Dimension table (mm)

No. of contacts	A	B
10	5.50	2.00
12	6.00	2.50
20	8.00	4.50
24	9.00	5.50
30	10.50	7.00
34	11.50	8.00
40	13.00	9.50
46	14.50	11.00
50	15.50	12.00
60	18.00	14.50

General tolerance: ±0.2

- Header (Mated height: 1.2mm)

CAD Data

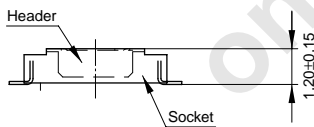


Dimension table (mm)

No. of contacts	A	B
10	3.90	2.00
12	4.40	2.50
20	6.40	4.50
24	7.40	5.50
30	8.90	7.00
34	9.90	8.00
40	11.40	9.50
46	12.90	11.00
50	13.90	12.00
60	16.40	14.50

General tolerance: ±0.2

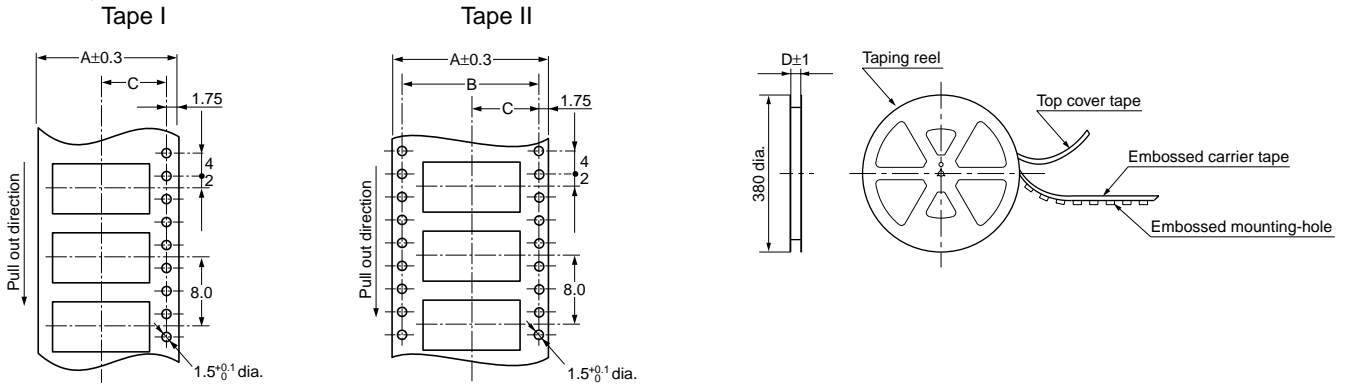
- Socket and header are mated



EMBOSSSED TAPE DIMENSIONS (unit: mm; Common for respective contact type, socket and header)

• Tape dimensions (Conforming to JIS C 0806-1990.
However, some tapes have mounting hole pitches that do not comply with the standard.)

• Plastic reel dimensions (Conforming to EIAJ ET-7200B)

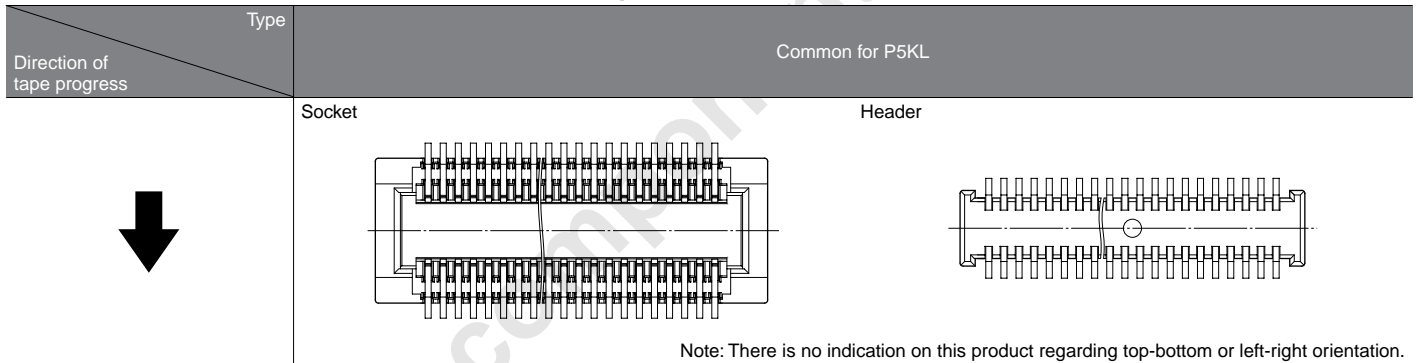


Dimension table (mm)

Suffix: G (1 reel, 3,000 pieces embossed tape: Plastic reel package)

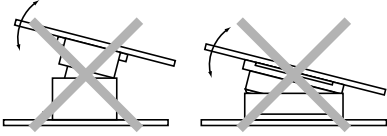
Mated height	No. of contacts	Type of taping	A	B	C	D	Quantity per reel
Socket and header are common: 1.2mm	10 to 18	Tape I	16.0	—	7.5	17.4	3,000 pcs.
	20 to 50	Tape I	24.0	—	11.5	25.4	3,000 pcs.
	60	Tape II	32.0	28.4	14.2	33.4	3,000 pcs.

Connector orientation with respect to direction of progress of embossed tape

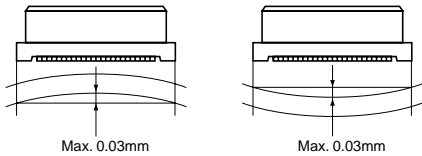


NOTES

1. As shown below, excess force during insertion may result in damage to the connector or removal of the solder. Please be careful. Also, to prevent connector damage please confirm the correct position before mating connectors.



2. Keep the PC board warp no more than 0.03 mm in relation to the overall length of the connector.

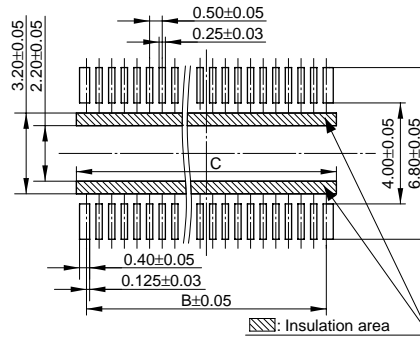


3. PC Boards and Recommended Metal Mask Patterns

Connectors are mounted with high density, with a pitch interval of 0.4 to 0.5 mm. It is therefore necessary to make sure that the right levels of solder are used, in order to reduce solder bridge and other issues. The figures to the right are recommended metal mask patterns. Please use them as a reference.

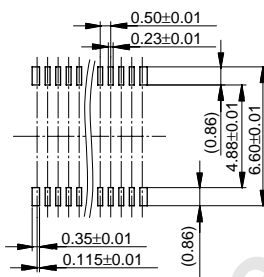
• Socket

Recommended PC board pattern (TOP VIEW)



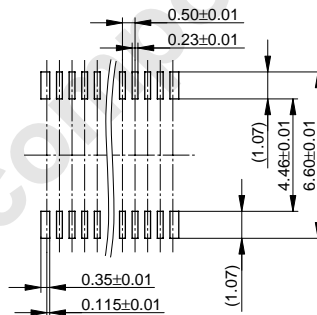
Recommended metal mask pattern

Metal mask thickness: 150 μm
(Terminal portion opening area ratio: 57%)



Recommended metal mask pattern

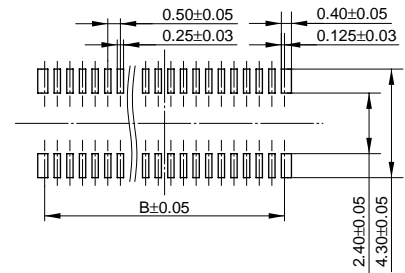
Metal mask thickness: 120 μm
(Terminal portion opening area ratio: 70%)



- Notes: 1. See the dimension table on page 90 for more information on the B dimension of the socket and header.
2. The socket C dimension is the B dimension in the dimensions table with 0.8 added.

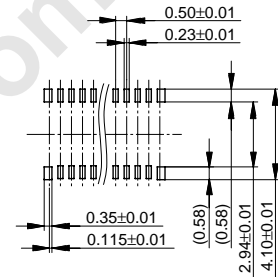
• Header

Recommended PC board pattern (TOP VIEW)



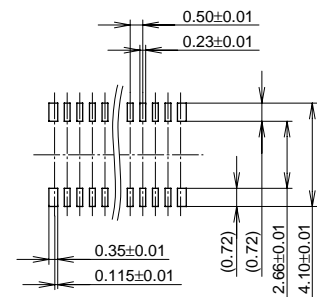
Recommended metal mask pattern

Metal mask thickness: 150 μm
(Terminal portion opening area ratio: 56%)



Recommended metal mask pattern

Metal mask thickness: 120 μm
(Terminal portion opening area ratio: 70%)



For other details, please verify with the product specification sheets.

NOTES FOR USING SMD TYPE CONNECTORS (Common)

Regarding the design of devices and PC board patterns

1) When connecting several connectors together by stacking, make sure to maintain proper accuracy in the design of structure and mounting equipment so that the connectors are not subjected to twisting and torsional forces.

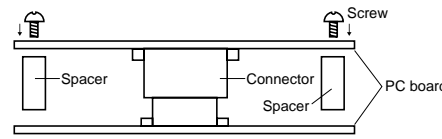
2) With mounting equipment, there may be up to a ± 0.2 to 0.3-mm error in positioning. Be sure to design PC boards and patterns while taking into consideration the performance and abilities of the required equipment.

3) Some connectors have tabs embossed on the body to aid in positioning. When using these connectors, make sure that the PC board is designed with positioning holes to match these tabs.

4) To ensure the required mechanical strength when soldering the connector terminals, make sure the PC board meets recommended PC board pattern design dimensions given.

5) For all connectors of the narrow-pitch series, to prevent the PC board from coming off during vibrations or impacts, and to prevent loads from falling directly on the soldered portions, be sure to design some means to fix the PC board in place.

Example) Secure in place with screws



When connecting PC boards, take appropriate measures to prevent the connector from coming off.

6) Notes when using a FPC.

(1) When the connector is soldered to an FPC board, during its insertion and removal procedures, forces may be applied to the terminals and cause the soldering to come off. It is recommended to use a reinforcement board on the backside of the FPC board to which the connector is being connected. Please make the reinforcement board dimensions bigger than the outer limits of the recommended PC board pattern (should be approximately 1 mm greater than the outer limit).

Material should be glass epoxy or polyimide, and the thickness should be between 0.2 and 0.3 mm.

(2) Collisions, impacts, or turning of FPC boards, may apply forces on the

connector and cause it to come loose.

Therefore, make to design retaining plates or screws that will fix the connector in place.

7) The narrow-pitch connector series is designed to be compact and thin.

Although ease of handling has been taken into account, take care when mating the connectors, as displacement or angled mating could damage or deform the connector.

Regarding the selection of the connector placement machine and the mounting procedures

1) Select the placement machine taking into consideration the connector height, required positioning accuracy, and packaging conditions.

2) Be aware that if the catching force of the placement machine is too great, it may deform the shape of the connector body or connector terminals.

3) Be aware that during mounting, external forces may be applied to the connector contact surfaces and terminals and cause deformations.

4) Depending on the size of the connector being used, self alignment may not be possible. In such cases, be sure to carefully position the terminal with the PC board pattern.

5) The positioning bosses give an approximate alignment for positioning on the PC board. For accurate positioning of the connector when mounting it to the PC board, we recommend using an automatic positioning machine.

NOTES FOR USING SMD TYPE CONNECTORS (Common)

Regarding soldering

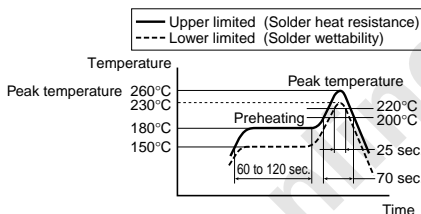
1. Reflow soldering

- 1) Measure the recommended profile temperature for reflow soldering by placing a sensor on the PC board near the connector surface or terminals. (The setting for the sensor will differ depending on the sensor used, so be sure to carefully read the instructions that comes with it.)
- 2) As for cream solder printing, screen printing is recommended.
- 3) See the specifications and drawings for the product in question for the metal mask pattern diagrams.
- 4) When mounting on both sides of the PC board and the connector is mounting on the underside, use adhesives or other means to ensure the connector is properly fixed to the PC board. (Double reflow soldering on the same side is possible.)
- 5) N₂ reflow, conducting reflow soldering in a nitrogen atmosphere, increases the solder flow too greatly, enabling wicking to occur. Make sure that the solder feed rate and temperature profile are appropriate.

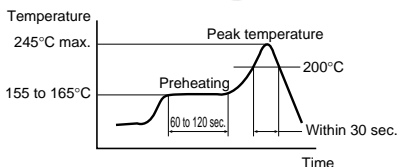
Soldering conditions

Please use the reflow temperature profile conditions recommended below for reflow soldering. Please contact us before using a temperature profile other than that described below (e.g. lead-free solder).

- Narrow-pitch connectors (except P5 floating and P8 type)



- Narrow-pitch connector (P5 floating, P8)



- For products other than the ones above, please refer to the latest product specifications.
- 6) The temperatures are measured at the surface of the PC board near the connector terminals. (The setting for the sensor will differ depending on the sensor used, so be sure to carefully read the instructions that comes with it.)
 - 7) The temperature profiles given in this catalog are values measured when using the connector on a resin-based PC board. When performed reflow soldering on a metal board (iron, aluminum, etc.) or a metal table to mount on a FPC, make sure there is no deformation or discoloration of the connector beforehand and then begin mounting.

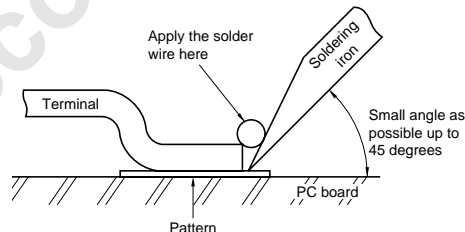
2. Hand soldering

- 1) Set the soldering iron so that the tip temperature is less than that given in the table below.

Table A

Product name	Soldering iron temperature
SMD type connectors	300°C within 5 sec. 350°C within 3 sec.

- 2) Do not allow flux to spread onto the connector leads or PC board. This may lead to flux rising up to the connector inside.
- 3) Touch the soldering iron to the foot pattern. After the foot pattern and connector terminal are heated, apply the solder wire so it melts at the end of the connector terminals.



- 4) Be aware that soldering while applying a load on the connector terminals may cause improper operation of the connector.
- 5) Thoroughly clean the soldering iron.
- 6) Flux from the solder wire may get on the contact surfaces during soldering operations. After soldering, carefully check the contact surfaces and clean off any solder before use.
- 7) For soldering of prototype devices during product development, you can perform soldering at the necessary locations by heating with a hot-air gun by applying cream solder to the foot pattern beforehand. However, at this time, make sure that the air pressure does not move connectors by carefully holding them down with tweezers or other similar tool. Also, be careful not to go too close to the connectors and melt any of the molded components.
- 8) When soldering the shell terminals of, for example, I/O connectors, avoid applying an excessive amount of solder, or it may flow into the shell.

Example:

- Infdige Industrial, Ltd.
- Super Air Heater
- Digital temperature controller
- Air heater with internal temperature sensor

3. Solder reworking

- 1) Finish reworking in one operation.
- 2) For reworking of the solder bridge, use a soldering iron with a flat tip. To prevent flux from climbing up to the contact surfaces, do not add more flux.
- 3) Keep the soldering iron tip temperature below the temperature given in Table A.
- 4) When soldering the shell terminals of, for example, I/O connectors, avoid applying an excessive amount of solder, or it may flow into the shell.

NOTES FOR USING SMD TYPE CONNECTORS (Common)

Handling Single Components

- 1) Make sure not to drop or allow parts to fall from work bench
- 2) Excessive force applied to the terminals could cause them to warp, come out, or weaken the adhesive strength of the solder. Handle with care.
- 3) Repeated bending of the terminals may break them.
- 4) Do not use alcohol for cleaning. Doing so may whiten the surface of molded parts.

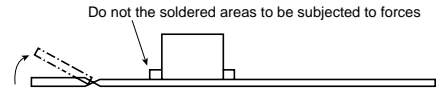
Cleaning flux from PC board

- 1) To increase the cleanliness of the cleaning fluid and cleaning operations, prepare equipment for a cleaning process that begins with boil cleaning, ultrasonic cleaning, and then to vapor cleaning.
- 2) Carefully oversee the cleanliness of the cleaning fluids to make sure that the contact surfaces do not become dirty from the cleaning fluid itself.
- 3) Since some powerful cleaning may dissolve molded components of the connector and wipe off printed letters, we recommend aqua pura electronic parts cleaners. Consult us if you wish other types of cleaning fluids.
- 4) Please note that the surfaces of molded parts may whiten when cleaned with alcohol.

Handling the PC board

• Handling the PC board after mounting the connector

When cutting or bending the PC board after mounting the connector, be careful that the soldered sections are subjected to excessive forces.



Storage of connectors

- 1) To prevent trouble from voids or air pockets by heat of reflow soldering, avoid storing the connectors in areas of high humidity. When storing the connectors for more than six months, be sure to store them in a storage area where the humidity is properly controlled.
- 2) Depending on the connector type, the color of the connector may vary from connector to connector if produced at

- different times, and some connectors more even change color slightly if subjected to ultraviolet rays during storage. This is normal and will not affect the operation of the connector.
- 3) When storing the connectors with the PC boards assembled and components already set, be careful not to stack them up so the connectors are subjected to excessive forces.

- 4) Avoid storing the connectors in locations with excessive dust. The dust may accumulate and cause improper connections at the contact surfaces.

Other Notes

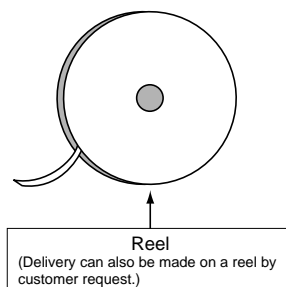
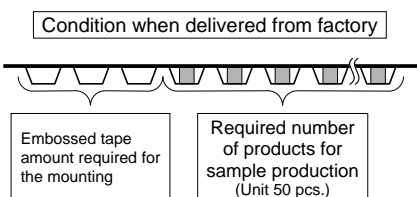
- 1) These products are made for the design of compact and lightweight devices and therefore the thickness of the molded components has been made very thin. Therefore, be careful during insertion and removal operations for excessive forces applied may damage the products.
- 2) Dropping of the products or rugged mishandling may bend or damage the terminals and even hinder proper reflow soldering.

- 3) Before soldering, try not to insert or remove the connector more than absolutely necessary.
- 4) When coating the PC board after soldering the connector to prevent the deterioration of insulation, perform the coating in such a way so that the coating does not get on the connector.
- 5) There may be variations in the colors of products from different production lots. This is normal.
- 6) The connectors are not meant to be

- used for switching.
- 7) Be sure not to allow external pressure to act on connectors when assembling PCBs or moving in block assemblies.

Regarding sample orders to confirm proper mounting

When ordering samples to confirm proper mounting with the placement machine, connectors are delivered in 50-piece units in the condition given right. Consult a sale representative for ordering sample units.



For other details, please verify with the product specification sheets.