



ALPHA & OMEGA
SEMICONDUCTOR

AO3400A

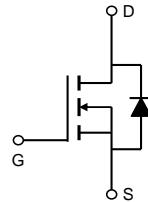
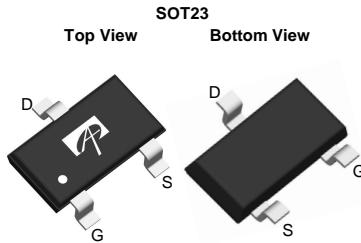
30V N-Channel MOSFET

General Description

The AO3400A combines advanced trench MOSFET technology with a low resistance package to provide extremely low $R_{DS(ON)}$. This device is suitable for use as a load switch or in PWM applications.

Product Summary

V_{DS}	30V
I_D (at $V_{GS}=10V$)	5.7A
$R_{DS(ON)}$ (at $V_{GS}=10V$)	< 26.5mΩ
$R_{DS(ON)}$ (at $V_{GS} = 4.5V$)	< 32mΩ
$R_{DS(ON)}$ (at $V_{GS} = 2.5V$)	< 48mΩ



Absolute Maximum Ratings $T_A=25^\circ C$ unless otherwise noted

Parameter	Symbol	Maximum	Units
Drain-Source Voltage	V_{DS}	30	V
Gate-Source Voltage	V_{GS}	± 12	V
Continuous Drain Current	$T_A=25^\circ C$	5.7	A
Current		4.7	
Pulsed Drain Current ^C	I_{DM}	30	
Power Dissipation ^B	$T_A=25^\circ C$	1.4	W
		0.9	
Junction and Storage Temperature Range	T_J, T_{STG}	-55 to 150	°C

Thermal Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Max	Units
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient ^A	$t \leq 10s$	70	90	°C/W
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient ^{A,D}		100	125	°C/W
Maximum Junction-to-Lead	$R_{\theta JL}$	63	80	°C/W

Electrical Characteristics ($T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
STATIC PARAMETERS						
BV_{DSS}	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$I_D=250\mu\text{A}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$	30			V
I_{DSS}	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	$V_{DS}=30\text{V}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$ $T_J=55^\circ\text{C}$		1	5	μA
I_{GSS}	Gate-Body leakage current	$V_{DS}=0\text{V}, V_{GS}=\pm 12\text{V}$		100		nA
$V_{\text{GS(th)}}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{DS}=V_{GS}, I_D=250\mu\text{A}$	0.65	1.05	1.45	V
$I_{\text{D(ON)}}$	On state drain current	$V_{GS}=4.5\text{V}, V_{DS}=5\text{V}$	30			A
$R_{\text{DS(ON)}}$	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}, I_D=5.7\text{A}$ $T_J=125^\circ\text{C}$		18	26.5	$\text{m}\Omega$
		$V_{GS}=4.5\text{V}, I_D=5\text{A}$		28	38	$\text{m}\Omega$
		$V_{GS}=2.5\text{V}, I_D=3\text{A}$		19	32	$\text{m}\Omega$
g_{FS}	Forward Transconductance	$V_{DS}=5\text{V}, I_D=5.7\text{A}$		24	48	$\text{m}\Omega$
V_{SD}	Diode Forward Voltage	$I_S=1\text{A}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$		0.7	1	V
I_S	Maximum Body-Diode Continuous Current				2	A
DYNAMIC PARAMETERS						
C_{iss}	Input Capacitance	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}, V_{DS}=15\text{V}, f=1\text{MHz}$	500	630	760	pF
C_{oss}	Output Capacitance		50	75	100	pF
C_{rss}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance		30	50	70	pF
R_g	Gate resistance	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}, V_{DS}=0\text{V}, f=1\text{MHz}$	1.5	3	4.5	Ω
SWITCHING PARAMETERS						
Q_g	Total Gate Charge	$V_{GS}=4.5\text{V}, V_{DS}=15\text{V}, I_D=5.7\text{A}$	4.8	6	7	nC
Q_{gs}	Gate Source Charge		1	1.3	1.6	nC
Q_{gd}	Gate Drain Charge		1	1.8	2.5	nC
$t_{\text{D(on)}}$	Turn-On DelayTime	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}, V_{DS}=15\text{V}, R_L=2.6\Omega, R_{\text{GEN}}=3\Omega$		3		ns
t_r	Turn-On Rise Time			2.5		ns
$t_{\text{D(off)}}$	Turn-Off DelayTime			25		ns
t_f	Turn-Off Fall Time			4		ns
t_{rr}	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	$I_F=5.7\text{A}, dI/dt=100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$	7	8.5	10	ns
Q_{rr}	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	$I_F=5.7\text{A}, dI/dt=100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$	2	2.6	3.1	nC

A. The value of R_{QJA} is measured with the device mounted on 1in² FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$. The value in any given application depends on the user's specific board design.

B. The power dissipation P_D is based on $T_{J(\text{MAX})}=150^\circ\text{C}$, using $\leq 10\text{s}$ junction-to-ambient thermal resistance.

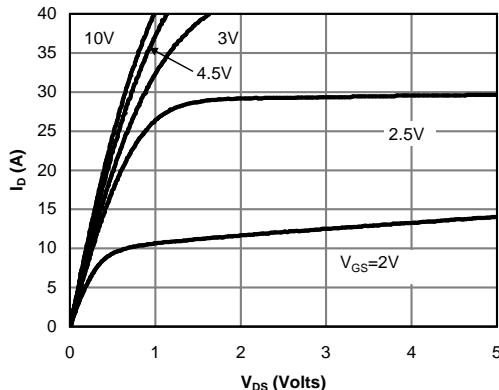
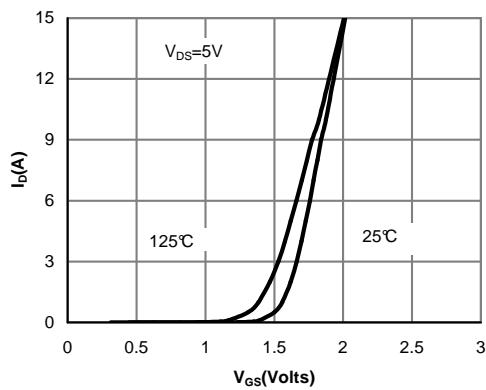
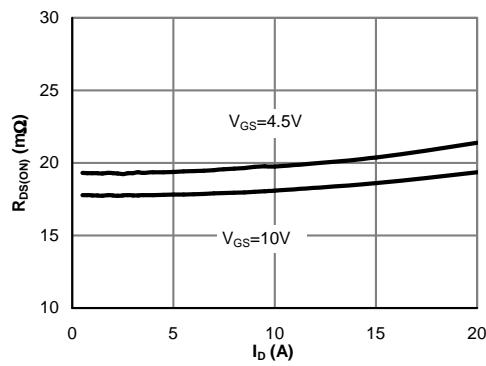
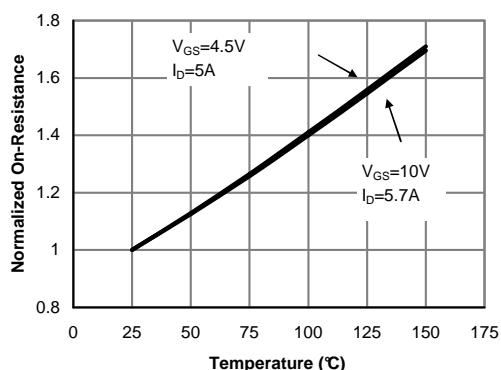
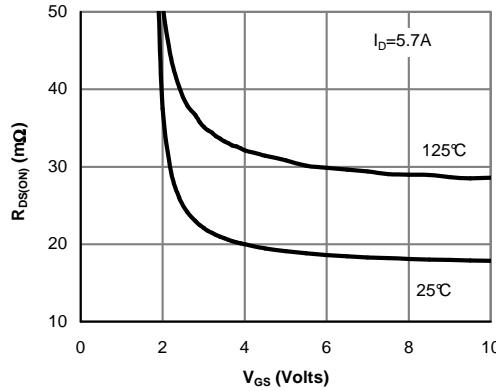
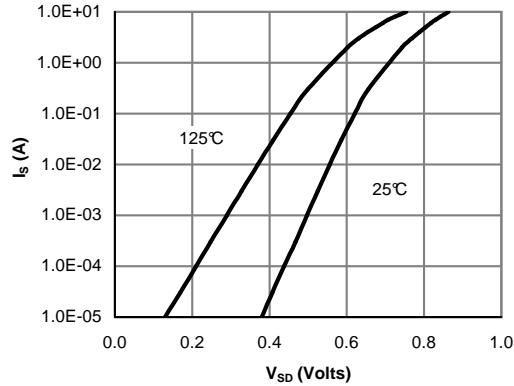
C. Repetitive rating, pulse width limited by junction temperature $T_{J(\text{MAX})}=150^\circ\text{C}$. Ratings are based on low frequency and duty cycles to keep initial $T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$.

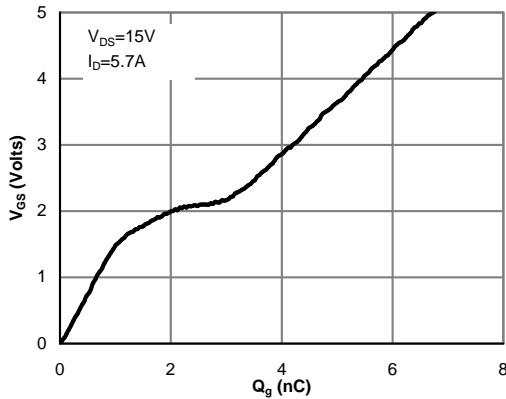
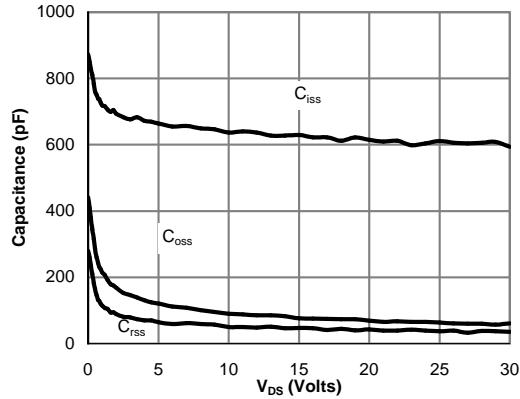
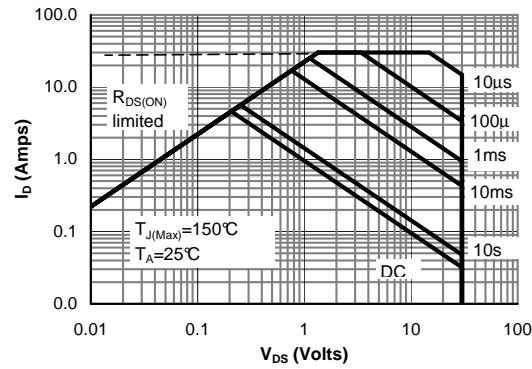
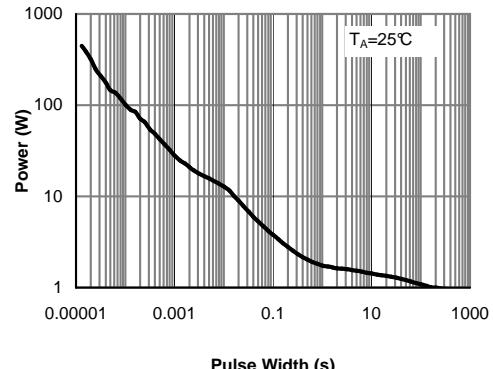
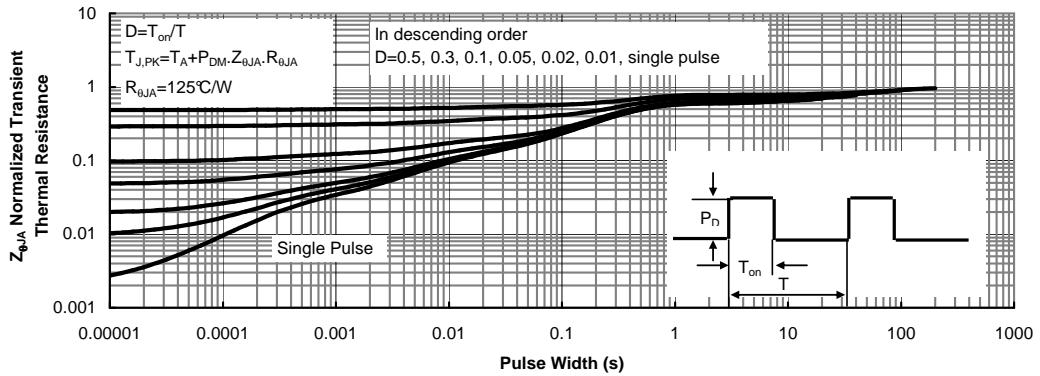
D. The R_{QJA} is the sum of the thermal impedance from junction to lead R_{QJL} and lead to ambient.

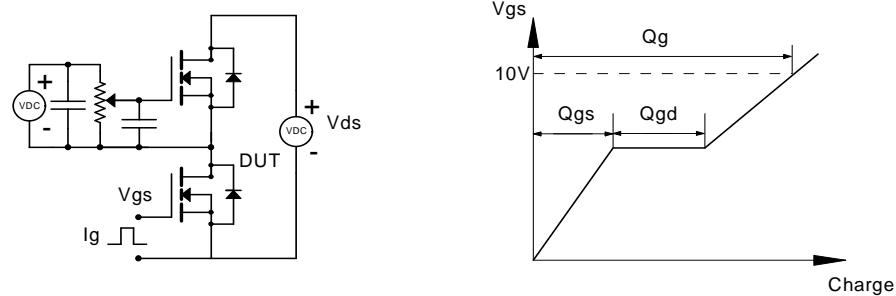
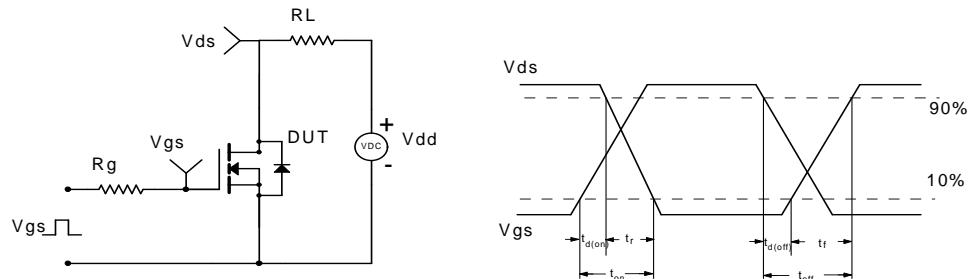
E. The static characteristics in Figures 1 to 6 are obtained using <300μs pulses, duty cycle 0.5% max.

F. These curves are based on the junction-to-ambient thermal impedance which is measured with the device mounted on 1in² FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, assuming a maximum junction temperature of $T_{J(\text{MAX})}=150^\circ\text{C}$. The SOA curve provides a single pulse rating.

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TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

Fig 1: On-Region Characteristics (Note E)

Figure 2: Transfer Characteristics (Note E)

Figure 3: On-Resistance vs. Drain Current and Gate Voltage (Note E)

Figure 4: On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature (Note E)

Figure 5: On-Resistance vs. Gate-Source Voltage (Note E)

Figure 6: Body-Diode Characteristics (Note E)

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

Figure 7: Gate-Charge Characteristics

Figure 8: Capacitance Characteristics

Figure 9: Maximum Forward Biased Safe Operating Area (Note F)

Figure 10: Single Pulse Power Rating Junction-to-Ambient (Note F)

Figure 11: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance (Note F)

Gate Charge Test Circuit & Waveform

Resistive Switching Test Circuit & Waveforms

Diode Recovery Test Circuit & Waveforms
